

## Propositions

Accompanying the thesis

### Genetic factors for breast cancer susceptibility and clinical outcome

1. In contrast to prostate cancer, mutations in *HOXB13* are not associated with familial breast cancer risk (this thesis).
2. *NBS1* rs2735383 is not associated with increased breast cancer risk (this thesis).
3. The 29.5 kb *APOBEC3B* deletion polymorphism is neither a prognostic nor a predictive biomarker for breast cancer (this thesis).
4. *GATA3* mRNA expression, but not *GATA3* mutation, is an independent predictor for first-line tamoxifen therapy (this thesis).
5. There are other mechanisms besides *GATA3* mutation to explain *GATA3* mRNA overexpression in breast cancer (this thesis).
6. Better-powered GWAS and genome-wide sequencing projects are likely to continue identifying new breast cancer causal variants (Fachal *et al*, Curr Opin Genet Dev, 2015).
7. *HOXB13* is preferentially recruited to the risk allele of a prostate cancer-associated SNP, enhancing the expression of *RFX6*, a driver of prostate cancer cell migration and predictor of disease progression (Mills *et al*, Nat Genet, 2014). Since the prostate cancer-associated SNP locates to a *FOXA1* and *AR* binding site, this suggests that *HOXB13* may also bind breast cancer-associated SNPs located to *FOXA1* and *ER* binding sites.
8. Prognostic and predictive factors constitute important tools for the individualization of breast cancer therapy to provide efficient treatment and to spare patients with excellent low-risk profiles from unwanted side effects of overtreatment (Weigel *et al*, Endocr Relat Cancer, 2010). So it is necessary to identify novel and specific prognostic and predictive factors for breast cancer therapy decision-making.
9. *APOBEC3B* and *APOBEC3H* haplotype I, together, explain the bulk of ‘*APOBEC* signature’ mutations in cancer (Starrett *et al*, Nat Commun, 2016).
10. *ZPO2* is a candidate gene that may play a potential role in mammary tumor induction via down-regulation of *GATA3* (Shahi *et al*, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2017).
11. 书山有路勤为径，学海无涯苦作舟。(韩愈, Tang Dynasty)  
There is no royal road to learning. Everybody has to lay the foundations of his success by study and hard work.