

## **PROPOSITIONS**

attached to the thesis

# The Effect of Integrated Safety Net Programs in Bangladesh and Uganda

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1. Tackling a multi-faceted issue such as poverty requires multi-pronged integrated interventions. *This thesis.*
2. It is easier to raise awareness as compared to changing behaviour through information dissemination. *This thesis.*
3. It is hard to transplant successful social protection programs without deep knowledge of the context. *This thesis.*
4. Long-term sustainable intervention effects remain elusive even if social protection programs have large short-term effects.. *This thesis.*
5. Long-term tracking and mapping of development interventions across countries and careful documentation of ongoing interventions, their successes, challenges and failures is needed to design sustainable anti-poverty interventions. *This thesis.*
6. Female microentrepreneurs show more resilience over time than men.
7. A blanket approach to poverty alleviation is likely to have limited effects as compared to those that are more customized.
8. Out of sight, out of mind – marginalized groups on the fringes of mainstream society (such as those living in less accessible locations) are often ignored in development efforts.
9. Women with access to resources are likely to allocate them more efficiently to improve family welfare outcomes than men in the same situation.
10. Mobile financial services may play a significant role in ensuring inclusion of those living in remote areas.
11. Male youth are generally ignored when it comes to interventions targeting Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights (SRHR).