World Database of Happiness



Correlational Findings on Happiness and FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young) Subject Code: F1

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Classification of Fin	dings	
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F1	FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)	1
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F1.1.1	Earlier family situation	10
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F1.2.1	Number of siblings	5
F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)	24
F1.2.3	Mixed kin sibblings	1
F1.2.4	Gender of sibblings	0
F1.3	Position in family	2
F1.3.1	Only child	3
F1.3.2	Birth order	3
F1.3.3	Non-biological child	4
F1.3.4	Twin or triplet child	5
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F1.4.1	Relations with siblings	4
F1.4.2	Relations with parents	7
F1.4.2.1	. closeness to parents	1
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F1.5.2.2	. punitive	3
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F1.6.1.2	. capacities of parents	1
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F1.6.2	Characteristics of siblings	3
F1.6.2.1	. attitudes of siblings	0
F1.6.2.2	. capacities of siblings	0
F1.6.2.3	. personality of siblings	0
F1.6.2.4	. happiness of siblings	2
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F1.8.2	Rural upbringing	6
F1.9	Hardship in family of origin	4
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Erasmus University Rotterdam, 2009, Netherlands

Correlational finding on Happiness and FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1

Study LEHMA 1988

Reported in: Lehman, A.F.

A Quality of Life Interview for the Chronically Mentally III.

Evaluation and Program Planning, 1988, Vol. 11, 51 -52. ISSN 0149 7189

Page in Report: 57

Population: Chronic mental patients, USA,1981

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 469

Correlate

Hanninge

Authors label: satifaction with family

Our classification: FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young), code F1

Measurement: satisfaction with family

question not reported

Observed Relation with Happiness

Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a	<u>r=+.37</u> <u>p<.0001</u>	Los Angeles: mentally ill residents of 30 large board-and-care homes
O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a	<u>r=+.46</u> p<.0001	Rochester: chronically mentally ill inpatients at the Rochester(N.Y.) Psychiatric Center
O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a	<u>r=+.46</u> <u>p<.0001</u>	Rochester:chronically mentaly ill residents of various supervised community residences

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1970

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; Kahn, R.L.; Mednick, M.; Davidson, T.N.

Youth in Transition. Vol.II: The Impact of Family Background on Intelligence in 10th-Grade Boy.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report: 211

Population: Public highschool boys followed 3 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-69

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% incomplete information in 1966

N: 1799

Correlate

Authors label: Positive evaluation of family relations (2)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: 21-item index containing closeness to father (4 items),

closeness to mother (3 items), amount of reasoning with son

(4 items), and parental punitiveness (10 items).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a $E^2=+.37$ Both variables assessed at T1, T2 and T3.

p<.001 Family relations T1 x happiness T1 r = +.38

Family relations T1 x happiness T2 r = +.32 Family relations T1 x happiness T3 r = +.23 Family relations T2 x happiness T1 r = +.30 Family relations T2 x happiness T2 r = +.41 Family relations T2 x happiness T3 r = +.30

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Parental punitiveness (2)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Index of 10 items at T1 in which the respondent rated his

parents on how often they did such things as 'take away your privileges', 'threaten to slap you', 'yell, shout or scream at you', 'disagree about punishing you', etc. Scale:

1.00 = never, 5.00 = always

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=-}$ T1 happiness: tau = -.27 (001)

p<.001 T2 happiness: tau = -.21 (001)

T3 happiness: tau = -.17 (001) T4 happiness: tau = -.16 (001) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Family's socioeconomic level (2)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Index consisting of six equally weighted components:

father's occupational status; father's educational level;
mother's educational level; number of rooms per person in

home; number of books in home; checklist of other

possesions in the home. Scale: 1.00 to 8.00. Assessed at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

> T2 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Parent's education (2)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many grades of school did

your father/mother complete?

1 = less that HS;

2 = some HS (9-11 years)

3 = some HS plus noncollege training;

4 = completed HS (12 years);

5 = completed HS plus noncollege

training;

6 = some college;

7 = completed college;

8 = post-graduate degree

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau=+ ns - Father's education T1 happiness: tau = +.05(ns) T2 happiness: tau = +.03(ns) T3 happiness: tau = +.01(ns) T4 happiness: tau = +.04(ns) - Mother's education T1 happiness tau = +.02(ns) tau = -.00T2 happiness: (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.02(ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Number of books in home (2)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many books are in your

home?

1 = none, or very few (0 - 10);

2 = a few (11 - 25);

3 = one bookcase full (26 - 100);
4 = two bookcases full (101 - 250);
5 = three or four bookcases full (251 -

500)

6 = a room full; a library (501 or more)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau= p<.nd T1 happiness tau = +.00(ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.02(ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study **BACHM 1978/2**

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Number of rooms per person in home (1)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Number of rooms in home divided by

number of people in home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau= ns T1 happiness tau = +.05 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)

T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study **BACHM 1978/2** Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Possessions in home (1)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: The number of items from a list of 19 which the respondent

indicates he has in his home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=+ ns}$ T1 happiness $\underline{tau=+.04}$ (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation (1)

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Occupation of father at T1 recoded to Duncan status score

(Duncan 1961)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a tau=-ns T1 happiness tau=-.00 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.04 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 118-120

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Family situation at age 1

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Family situation at age 1 as reported in medical file

a: lives with parentsb: lives with mother

c: lives with foster parents
d: lives with relatives

Measured Values: N: all:3836, a:3134, b:533, c:4, d:57,

Remarks: The answer-catagories in the book were transformed to only

family-situation- catagories(a,b,c,d)

For the other information from the book, see the finding

about Housing situation

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt= \pm a: Mt=7.76

b: Mt=7.61 c: Mt=7.50 d: Mt=7.50

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm a: Mt=7.44

b: Mt=7.24 c: Mt=7.50 d: Mt=7.24

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h $DMt=\pm$ a: Mt=7.06

b: Mt=6.83 c: Mt=6.25 d: Mt=6.80

Correlational finding on Happiness and Earlier family situation Subject code: F1.1.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 118

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Housing situation at age 1

Our classification: Earlier family situation, code F1.1.1

Measurement: Housing situation at age 1 as reported in medical file

A: own home, good B: own home, poor C: rented room

D: living in with family

Measured Values: N: A:2455, B:560, C:46, D:73

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt= \pm A: Mt=7.76

B: Mt=7.76 C: Mt=7.61 D: Mt=7.88

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a BMCT= ns

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm A: Mt=7.45

B: Mt=7.37 C: Mt=7.01 D: Mt=7.64

O-SLu/c/sg/v/5/e BMCT= ns

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- A: Mt=7.08

B: Mt=6.99 C: Mt=6.84 D: Mt=6.83

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h BMCT= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Recent change in family situation Subject code: F1.1.2

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 149

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: time since (step)family formation

Our classification: Recent change in family situation, code F1.1.2

Measurement: question not reported

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

<u>A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a</u> <u>Beta=-.14</u> Beta controlled for:

ns - stepfamily lifestyle (traditionalism)

- stepmother/stepfather family

- frequency of contact with nonresident parent

- social class of stepfamily

- age - sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Recent change in family situation Subject code: F1.1.2

Study VANSL 2004

Reported in: VanSluijs, J.

Effecten van Levenslooptransities op de Tevredenheid van Jong Volwassenen. (Effects of Lifecourse

Transition on Satisfaction of Adolescents).

Master thesis, University of Tilburg, 2004, Netherlands

Page in Report: 62

Population: Young adults, followed from age 18 to 30, The Netherlands, 1987-1999

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response: 36,6% (baseline)

N: 836

Correlate

Authors label: Years since left parental home

Our classification: Recent change in family situation, code F1.1.2

Measurement: Years since leaving parental home

Remarks: Family situation assessed at:

T1: 1987 when aged 18 to 26 T2: 1989 when aged 20 to 28 T3: 1991 when aged 22 to 30 T4: 1995 when aged 26 to 34 T5: 1999 when aged 30 to 34

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-Sum/cy/mq/v/7/a B=-.03 B controlled for personal characteristics:

p<.05 - age - age²

- gender - education

- cohort 1965 vs cohort 1961 - cohort 1969 vs cohort 1961

mental healthneuroticism

lifecourse transitions:

- no job

- left parental home

- living together/marriage first partner

- divorce from first partner

- living together/marriage second partner

 having first child and years since transition

- no job

- living together/marriage first partner

- divorce from first partner

- living together/marriage second partner

- having first child

O-Sum/cy/mq/v/7/a B=+.05 ns B additionally controlled for above years since

transition squared

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1970

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; Kahn, R.L.; Mednick, M.; Davidson, T.N.

Youth in Transition. Vol.II: The Impact of Family Background on Intelligence in 10th-Grade Boy.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report: 211

Population: Public highschool boys followed 3 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-69

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% incomplete information in 1966

N: 1799

Correlate

Authors label: Positive evaluation of family relations (1)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: 21-item index containing closeness to father (4 items),

closeness to mother (3 items), amount of reasoning with son

(4 items), and parental punitiveness (10 items).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $E^2=+.37$ Both variables assessed at T1, T2 and T3.

p<.001 Family relations T1 x happiness T1 r = +.38

Family relations T1 x happiness T2 r = +.32Family relations T1 x happiness T3 r = +.23Family relations T2 x happiness T1 r = +.30Family relations T2 x happiness T2 r = +.41Family relations T2 x happiness T3 r = +.30

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

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Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Parental punitiveness (1)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Index of 10 items at T1 in which the respondent rated his

parents on how often they did such things as 'take away your privileges', 'threaten to slap you', 'yell, shout or scream at you', 'disagree about punishing you', etc. Scale:

1.00 = never, 5.00 = always

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau=-.27 (001)

p < .001 T2 happiness: tau = -.21 (001)

T3 happiness: tau = -.17 (001) T4 happiness: tau = -.16 (001) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

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Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Family's socioeconomic level (1)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Index consisting of six equally weighted components:

father's occupational status; father's educational level; mother's educational level; number of rooms per person in

home; number of books in home; checklist of other

possesions in the home. Scale: 1.00 to 8.00. Assessed at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=+ ns}$ T1 happiness: tau = -.03 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

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Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Parent's education (1)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many grades of school did

your father/mother complete?

1 = less that HS;

2 = some HS (9-11 years)

3 = some HS plus noncollege training;

4 = completed HS (12 years);
5 = completed HS plus noncollege

training;
6 = some college;

7 = completed college; 8 = post-graduate degree

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau=+ ns - Father's education T1 happiness: tau = +.05(ns) T2 happiness: tau = +.03(ns) T3 happiness: tau = +.01(ns) T4 happiness: tau = +.04(ns) - Mother's education T1 happiness tau = +.02(ns) T2 happiness: tau = -.00(ns) T3 happiness: T4 happiness: tau = -.02(ns) tau = -.00 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Number of books in home (1)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many books are in your

home?

1 = none, or very few (0 - 10);

2 = a few (11 - 25);

3 = one bookcase full (26 - 100);
4 = two bookcases full (101 - 250);
5 = three or four bookcases full (251 -

500)

6 = a room full; a library (501 or more)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=ns}$ T1 happiness tau=+.00 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Number of rooms per person in home (2)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Number of rooms in home divided by

number of people in home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau = ns T1 happiness tau = +.05 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation

Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Possessions in home (2)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: The number of items from a list of 19 which the respondent

indicates he has in his home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau=+ns T1 happiness tau=+.04 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Later family situation Subject code: F1.1.4

Study BACHM 1978/2

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; O'Malley, P.M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthooud, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 2213

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation (2)

Our classification: Later family situation, code F1.1.4

Measurement: Occupation of father at T1 recoded to Duncan status score

(Duncan 1961)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=-ns}$ T1 happiness $\underline{tau}=-.00$ (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.04 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study FERRE 1976

Reported in: Ferree, M.M.

Working Class Jobs: Housework and Paid Work as sources of Satisfaction.

Social Problems, 1976, Vol 23, 431 - 441. ISSN 0272 4464

Page in Report: 434-435

Population: Working class mothers, USA, 1974

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response: 25%

N: 135

Correlate

Authors label: Employment

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: 0 Full-time housewives

1 Working mothers

Measured Values: Full-time housewive = 55 % (N= 75), Working mothers = 45 % (N = 60),

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{\text{O-SLL/c/sq/n/0/a}} \qquad \underline{\text{D\%=+}} \qquad \qquad \text{\% Happy:}$

Full-time housewives: 74 % Working mothers: 86 % Difference +12 %

In publication reported as % dissatisfied:

Housewives 26%, Employed women 14 %

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study FERRE 1984

Reported in: Ferree, M.M.

Class, Housework, and Happiness: Womens' Work and Life Satisfaction.

Sex Roles, 1984, Vol. 11, 1057 - 1074. ISSN 0360 0025 DOI:10.1007/BF00288134

Page in Report: 1065,1070

Population: White married women, USA, 1971-76

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 2541

Correlate

Authors label: Employment

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: 0 Housewives: women not in the labor force

1 Employed: women in the labor force

Measured Values: Employed women N = 234, Housewives = 362

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a DM= Women with husband in white collar job

- Employed M = 5,90
- Housewives M = 5,89
Difference +0,01

Women with husbands in blue collar job

Employed M = 5,69Housewives M = 5,76Difference -0,08 O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa DM= Women with husband in white collar job

- Employed M = 1,91
- Housewives M = 1,76
Difference +0,15

Women with husbands in blue collar job

Employed M = 1,64Housewives M = 1,54Difference +0,10

O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a B=-.27 ns

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa B=-.91 ns B's Controlled for:

- age

N of childrenSize of placeHaving a child < 6

Reversed coding in paper : 1 = completely satisfied, 7 = completely dissatisfied

1= very happy, 3 = not too happy

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study FERRE 1984

Reported in: Ferree, M.M.

Class, Housework, and Happiness: Womens' Work and Life Satisfaction.

Sex Roles, 1984, Vol. 11, 1057 - 1074. ISSN 0360 0025 DOI:10.1007/BF00288134

Page in Report: 1067

Population: White married women, USA, 1971-76

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 2541

Correlate

Authors label: Employment trend

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: 0 Housewives: Women not in the labor force

1 Employed: women in the labor force

Remarks: Assessed in 6 studies 1971-1976

Quality of American Life survey (QAL) NORC General Social Surveys (NORC)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%= % very happy in 6 studies:

Study N Employed Housewives Difference 1971 QAL 252 45,8 % 34,9 % +10,9 % 1972 NORC 205 32,1 % 34,2 % -2,1 % 1973 NORC 234 39,8 % 43 % -3,2 % 1974 NORC 224 50 % 45,4 % +4,6 % 1975 NORC 238 45,8 % 40 % +5,8 % 1976 NORC 243 47,6 % 34,8 % +12,8 %

Sum 1396

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa tau= Tau in 6 studies:

Study Tau

1971 QAL 252 -.11

1972 NORC 205 +.02

1973 NORC 234 +.03

1974 NORC 224 +.05

1975 NORC 238 -.02

1976 NORC 243 -.11

Sum 1396

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study JOL 1999B

Reported in: Jol, C.

Tevreden Moeders. (Satisfied Mothers).

Index nr. 2, March 1996, published by CBS, Voorburg, Netherlands

Page in Report: 2

Population: Mothers, The Netherlands 1997

Sample: Probability multistage stratified area sample

Non-Response:

N: 40000

Correlate

Authors label: Working mothers, full-time housewives

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: 0 working mothers (who work at least one hour a week)

1 fulltime housewives

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d	<u>DM=+</u>	Mothers with partner working non working 0-4 M=3,6 M=3,4 5-12 M=3,5 M=3,4 13-18 M=3,4 M=3,2 >=19 M=3,4 M=3,3
O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d	<u>DM=</u>	Single mothers working 0-4 M=3,9 5-12 M=3,8 M=3,5 13-18 M=3,7 M=3,4 >=19 M=3,8 M=3,5
O-HP/u/sq/v/5/a	<u>DM=-</u>	Mothers with partner working non working 0-4 M=4,4 M=4,3 5-12 M=4,3 M=4,2 13-18 M=4,2 M=4,0 >=19 M=4,1 M=4,0
O-HP/u/sq/v/5/a	<u>DM=</u>	Single mothers working non working 0-4 M=3,9 M=3,6 5-12 M=3,8 M=3,5 13-18 M=3,7 M=3,4 >=19 M=3,8 M=3,5 Unaffected by age and education

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 6, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Work status of the mother

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: The mother

a: does not work

b: works part-time or part-year
c: works full-time, full year

Remarks: See also jones2002C-1.jpg: Chart 1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

a: does not work
b: works part-time or part year 28%
c: works full-time, full year 27%

Set Image size:



O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=-.05 p<.061 Children with religious affiliation only:

(girls

N=1192, boys N=1178))

girls, mother paid work

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=-.03 p<.346 boys, mother paid work

B controlled for:

- child's age

- religion

- worship frequency, child

- public school attendee or not

- family composition

- education of the mother

- smoking and drinking by the mother

- household income

- region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study MILLE 1991

Reported in: Miller, M.L.; Moen, P.; Dempster-McClain, D.

Motherhood, Multiple Roles and Maternal Well-Being: Women of the 1950s.

Gender and Society, 1991, Vol. 5, 565 - 582. ISSN 0891 2432

Page in Report: 574

Population: White married mothers with children under age 13, USA 1956

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 356

Correlate

Authors label: Employment

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: Single question: do you now work for pay?

0: no

1: yes: full or part-time

Measured Values: 0 = 82%, 1 = 18%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{M-CO}/*/mq/v/3/a$ Betas controled for:

ns - age

- education

husband's occupation (professional or not)life-cycle stage (child under age 6 or not)

- number of children

- number of non-work roles

M-CO/*/mq/v/3/a Beta= ns Unaffected by interactions between:

- other roles and employment

other roles and husband's occupationemployment and husband's occupation

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 148

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's employment during pregnancy (1)

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: Mother's employment during pregnancy as reported in medical

file

1: not employed during pregnancy

2: employed:

2a: in first trimester
2b: in second trimester
2c: in 7 th month
2d: in 8 th month
2e: in 9 th month

2f: in last week

Measured Values: N: all:4323, 1:35%, 2:6%, 3:15%, 4:10%, 5:15%, 6:10%, 7:10%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	DMt=0	1: Mt=7.73 2: Mt=7.73 2a: Mt=7.58 2b: Mt=7.68 2c: Mt=7.86 2d: Mt=7.79 2e: Mt=7.73 2f: Mt=7.70 All: Mt=7.73
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	DMt=0	1: Mt=7.40 2: Mt=7,40 2a: Mt=7.28 2b: Mt=7.40 2c: Mt=7.59 2d: Mt=7.44 2e: Mt=7.35 2f: Mt=7.40 All: Mt=7.40
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=-</u>	1: Mt=7.03 2: Mt=7.01 2a: Mt=7.01 2b: Mt=6.94 2c: Mt=7.19 2d: Mt=7.06 2e: Mt=7.06 2f: Mt=6.93 All: Mt=7.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet , Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 150,152

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's employment during the first year of life (2)

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: Mother's employment during the first year of life as

reported in medical file

1: no work

2: parttime work

3. full day employment in months

3a: 1-2 3b: 4-6 3c: 7-9 3d: 10-12

Measured Values: N1: 2297, 2: 218, 3a:736, 3b:175, 3c:58, 3d:98

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.73 2: Mt=7.61 3: Mt=7.77 3a: Mt=7.76 3b: Mt=7.74 3c: Mt=7.85 3d: Mt=7.80
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.39 2: Mt=7.16 3: Mt=7.43 3a: Mt=7.40 3b: Mt=7.58 3c: Mt=7.38 3d: Mt=7.40
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.04 2: Mt=6.98 3: Mt=7.02 3a: Mt=6.99 3b: Mt=7.06 3c: Mt=7.11 3d: Mt=7.09

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 150

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's full-day employment during the first year of life

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: Mother's full-day employment during first year of life as

reported in medical file

a: more than 4 months in the first half yearb: more than 4 months in the second half year

Measured Values: N: a:76, b:299

Remarks: Children of full time working mothers only

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sg/v/5/a DMt=- a: Mt=7.73

b: Mt=7.61

 $A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a \qquad rs=-.01$

p<.887

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=+ a: Mt=7.28

b: Mt = 7.40

 $O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e \qquad rs=+.01$

p<.815

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- a: Mt=7.24

b: Mt = 6.94

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h

rs=-.06 p<.255

Correlational finding on Happiness and Working mother Subject code: F1.10

Study WONG 1985

Reported in: Wong, N.W.

Effects of Individual Sources of Support on Well-Being in Employed Parents.

PhD Dissertation, University of Michigan, 1985, USA

Page in Report: 51

Population: Working parents with children <16, USA, 1984

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 59-79%

N: 651

Correlate

Authors label: Working Parents

Our classification: Working mother, code F1.10

Measurement: a) Married Fathers

b) Married Mothersc) Single Mothers

Measured Values: Married Fathers N=208. Married Mothers N=287, Single Mothers N = 149

Remarks: Single Fathers N =7 were excluded from the analysis

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa DM= Married Fathers M = 2,0

Married Mothers M = 1.8Single Mothers M = 1.7

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa BMCT= a>b>c

O-SLW/u/sq/v/4/i DM= Married Fathers M = 3,6

Married Mothers M = 3,3Single Mothers M = 3,1 O-SLW/u/sq/v/4/i

BMCT= a>b>c

Correlational finding on Happiness and Attitudes to family of origin Subject code: F1.11

Study HEADE 1993

Reported in: Headey, B.; Kelley, J.; Wearing, A..

Dimensions of Mental Health: Life Satisfaction, Positive Affect, Anxiety and Depression.

Social Indicators Research, 1993, Vol. 29, 63 - 82. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF01136197 Page in Report: 76

Population: 18-65 aged, Victoria, Australia, followed every 2 years from 1981 to 1987

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 419

Correlate

Authors label: Family satisfaction

Our classification: Attitudes to family of origin, code F1.11

Measurement: Selfreport on two questions rated on 7-step Delighted

terrible scale

Questions not reported

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-Sum/*/mq/*/0/a r=+.52

p<.05

Correlational finding on Happiness and Attitudes to family of origin Subject code: F1.11

Study HOLLO 1999

Reported in: Holloway, F.; Carson, J.

Subjective Quality of Life, Psychopathlogy, Satisfaction with Care and Insight: an Exploratory Study.

International Journal of Social Psychiatry, 1999, Vol. 45, 259 - 267. ISSN 0020 7640

Page in Report: 262

Population: Mental patients, followed 3 years, UK 1990-1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 0

N: 70

Correlate

Authors label: Family

Our classification: Attitudes to family of origin, code F1.11

Measurement: Selfreport on the follwing questions:

How satisfied are you with: -your family in general?

-the amount of contact you have with your relatives?

-your marriage? (if applicable)

Remarks: Satisfaction Subscale of Lancashire Quality of Life Profile

(LQOLP) [Oliver 1991].

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a $\underline{r}=+.45$

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a rpc=+.44 rpc controled for depression as measured with Beck

p<.001</pre>
Depression Inventory(BDI)

Correlational finding on Happiness and Attitudes to family of origin Subject code: F1.11

Study MAN 1991

Reported in: Man, P.

The Influence of Peers and Parents on Youth Life Satisfaction in Hong Kong.

Social Indicators Research, 1991, Vol. 24, 347 - 365. ISSN p 0303 8300: ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF00383734

Page in Report: 360

Population: 13-16 aged students, Hong Kong, 1983-1984.

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response:

N: 1906

Correlate

Authors label: parent orientation

Our classification: Attitudes to family of origin, code F1.11

Measurement: Parent orientation index as to the degree to which the

adolescent feels attached to his parents, consisting of 5

questions.

Measured Values: Range 3-19. Trichotomized into Low (3-9), Medium (10-13) and High (14-19).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

p<.01

O-SLW/?/sq/n/7/a DM=+ Grade 1 Grade 4

Low M= 3.54 3.33 Medium M= 4.06 3.99 High M= 4.29 4.21 All M= 4.00 3.76

Differences are significant(.01) for both the younger(Grade 1) and older (Grade 4) students.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Attitudes to family of origin Subject code: F1.11

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 328

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: satisfaction with parents (1)

Our classification: Attitudes to family of origin, code F1.11

Measurement: Single question:

"How satisfied are you at present with your parents?"

1: very dissatisfied
2: dissatisfied
3: neither/nor
4: satisfied
5: very satisfied

Measured Values: N: all:1424, 1:34, 2:54, 3:189, 4:583, 5:564

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=+.19</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=7.14 2: Mt=7.08 3: Mt=7.19 4: Mt=7.59 5: Mt=8.26 All Mt=7.78
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=+.19</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=6.55 2: Mt=7.04 3: Mt=6.85 4: Mt=7.30 5: Mt=7.91 All Mt=7.45
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=+.19</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=6.61 2: Mt=6.44 3: Mt=6.40 4: Mt=6.68 5: Mt=7.45 All Mt=6.95

Correlational finding on Happiness and Attitudes to family of origin Subject code: F1.11

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Liskvalitet hos 4500 31-33-arige. (The Quality of Life of 4500 31-33-Years-Olds).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068 http://

www.livskvalitet.org/t2/index.asp

Page in Report: 346

Population: 31-33 aged, Denmark 1993, born in University Hospital in Copenhagen

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Correlate

Authors label: satisfaction with parents

Our classification: Attitudes to family of origin, code F1.11

Measurement: Single question:

"How satisfied are you at present with your parents?"

1: very dissatisfied
2: dissatisfied
3: neither/nor
4: satisfied
5: very satisfied

Measured Values: N;4591; %: 1:4,8; 2:7,2; 3:15,7; 4:38,4; 5:34,1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
<u>r=+.20</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=6.84 2: Mt=7.09 3: Mt=7.30 4: Mt=7.70 5: Mt=8.26
<u>r=+.22</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=6.29 2: Mt=6.69 3: Mt=7.03 4: Mt=7.35 5: Mt=8.00
<u>r=+.21</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=6.13 2: Mt=6.39 3: Mt=6.60 4: Mt=6.94 5: Mt=7.58
	$\frac{r=+.20}{p<.00}$ $\frac{r=+.22}{p<.00}$

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1.2

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 149

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: either stepmother or stepfather

Our classification: Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.2

Measurement: Lives in family with

1: stepfather
2: stepmother

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a Beta=+.08 Beta controlled for:

ns - stepfamily lifestyle (traditionalism)

- time since (step)family formation

- frequency of contact with nonresident parent

- social class of stepfamily

- age - sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1.2

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 332

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: halfbrothers and -sisters (1)

Our classification: Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.2

Measurement: having half brothers and sisters

1: only full brothers and sisters

2: both full and half brothers and sisters

3: only half brothers and sisters

Measured Values: N: 1:1171, 2:105, 3:82

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks	
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		1: Mt=7.81 2: Mt=7.74 3: Mt=7.75	
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		1: Mt=7.51 2: Mt=7.21 3: Mt=7.23	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		1: Mt=7.00 2: Mt=6.66 3: Mt=6.74	

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1.2

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Liskvalitet hos 4500 31-33-arige. (The Quality of Life of 4500 31-33-Years-Olds).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068 http://

www.livskvalitet.org/t2/index.asp

Page in Report: 344

Population: 31-33 aged, Denmark 1993, born in University Hospital in Copenhagen

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Correlate

Authors label: type of parents(biological, adoptive)

Our classification: Family composition (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.2

Measurement: Self report on questions about parents:

a: biological mother and fatherb: biological mother and stepfatherc: biological father and stepmother

d: adoptive parents

Measured Values: N All:3731; %: a:70,2; b:21,4; c:3,0; d:5,5

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		a: Mt=7.80 b: Mt=7.78 c: Mt=7.19 d: Mt=7.70
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		a: Mt=7.50 b: Mt=7.38 c: Mt=7.14 d: Mt=7.29
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		a: Mt=7.09 b: Mt=7.01 c: Mt=6.89 d: Mt=6.98

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of siblings Subject code: F1.2.1

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Number of siblings (1)

Our classification: Number of siblings, code F1.2.1

Measurement: Sum of number of brothers and number of sisters at T1

Actual number coded (7 = 7 or more)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a tau = +.00 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.03 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.03 (ns) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of siblings Subject code: F1.2.1

Study BLAND 1990

Reported in: Blandford, A.A.; Chappell, N.L.

Subjective Well-being among Native and Non-Native Elderly Persons: Do Differences Exist? Canadian Journal on Aging, 1990, Vol. 9, 386 - 399 ISSN p 0714 9808; ISSN e:1710 1107

Page in Report: 395

Population: 50+aged, Winnipeg, Canada, 1985

Sample:

Non-Response: 15% Natives

N: 390

Correlate

Authors label: Number of siblings (1)

Our classification: Number of siblings, code F1.2.1

Measurement: Number of siblings

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/t

B=-.15 ns

- b controlled by :
- 1. Male Sex
- 2. Married
- 3. Widowed
- 4. Age
- 5. Monthly income
- 6. Perceived health
- 7. Days in bed
- 8. Family size
- 9. Functional ability
- 10.Satisfaction with family

relationships

- 11. Social contacts
- 12. Number of children
- 13. Number of caregivers
- 14.Interaction of ethnicity with ability & marital status & days ill

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of siblings Subject code: F1.2.1

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/354

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Authors label: Numbers of children in the family (1)

Our classification: Number of siblings, code F1.2.1

Measurement:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b G=-.04 Lower class : G=-.27

Middle class and upper class : G = +.01

A-AOL/q/sq/v/5/a G=-.01 Lower classs : G = -.11

Middle and upper class : G = .00

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b V=.06 p<.

02

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a V = .02 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of siblings Subject code: F1.2.1

Study GLENN 1984

Reported in: Glenn, N.D.; Hoppe, S.

Only Children as Adults, Psychological Well-Being.

Journal of Family Issues, 1984, Vol. 5, 363 - 382. ISSN 0192 513X

Page in Report: 372-375

Population: 18+ aged whites, USA, 1973-78

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 10

Correlate

Authors label: Number of siblings (1)

Our classification: Number of siblings, code F1.2.1

Measurement: 0, 1 or 2, 3_

0 No siblings
1 1 or 2 siblings

0 No siblings

1 3 or more siblings

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	<u>D%= -</u>	% very happy:	males	females
		0 siblings 1 or 2 siblings 3 or _ siblings	39% 35% 33%	37% 41% 37%
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	<u>B= -</u>	Males:07 (01) B controled for pre-ad		
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	<u>B= 0</u>	Males:06 (05) B moreover controled f family income		, ,
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	<u>B= -</u>	Males:11 (01) B controled for pre-ad		•
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	<u>B= -</u>	Males:07 (05) B moreover controled f family income		` ,

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of siblings Subject code: F1.2.1

Study VEENH 1989C

Reported in: Veenhoven, R.

The Well-Being of Only Children.

Adolescence, 1989, Vol. 24, 155 - 166. ISSN 0001 8449

Page in Report: 161

Population: Secondary school pupils, The Netherlands, 1986

Sample: Probability simple random sample

Non-Response:

N: 2511

Correlate

Authors label: only children

Our classification: Number of siblings, code F1.2.1

Measurement: 0 with siblings

1 without siblings

Measured Values: N = 0: 2231, 1: 280,

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

<u>C-BW/c/sq/l/11/a</u> <u>DM=+</u> with siblings: M = 7.3

without siblings: M = 7.5Difference +0.2

<u>C-BW/c/sq/l/11/a</u> F=2.96

p<.05

<u>A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a</u> DM=+ with siblings: M = 1.6

without siblings: M = 1.7Difference +0.1

A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a F=.80

p<.10

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Lived with both parents (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Based on questions at T1 whether respondent's natural

parents are alive, whether he lives with his own mother and father, and wether his parents are divorced of separated. 0

= broken home, 1 = home intact

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau = ns T1 happiness: tau = +.03 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.03 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study BERKM 1971

Reported in: Berkman, P.L.

Life Stress and Psychological Well-Being: A Replication of Langner's Analysis in the Midtown Manhatten

Study.

Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, Vol. 12, 35 - 45 ISSN:0022 1465

Page in Report: 42

Population: Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 6928

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home in childhood. (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Single direct question: Did you live with your real

father/mother during the first 15 years of your life?

0: yes 1: no

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a DMr=- The average ridits (AR) were calculated with

 $\underline{\text{p<}.05}$ the distribution of the total sample as reference

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/350

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Authors label: Disruption of family relationships (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 2-item index of closed questions on parents living together

/ divorced / separated / separated by death, and ever had

stepparents, foster parents or guardians.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b G=-.21 After control for social class: G = -.21

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a G=-.05

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b V=.07 p<.

01

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a V= .04 p<.

<u>01</u>

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study CBS 1984

Reported in: Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek

De Leefsituatie van de Nederlandse Jeugd van 13-24 jaar in 1979. Deel 4. (Life Situation of the Dutch

Youth of 13-24 in 1979, Vol. 4: An Analysis of Youth in One-Parent Families.) S.D.U./C.B.S. Publications, 1984, The Hague, Netherlands http://statline.cbs.nl

Page in Report: 42

Population: Adolescents, The Netherlands, 1979

Sample:

Non-Response: 35%, of which: refusals 62%, no contact 27%, unable 8%

N: 3113

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 0 Two parent family

1 One parent family

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d G=-.03 -two parents : 88% happy or very happy

-one parent;

parents divorced: 76% happy or very happy parent died : 82% happy or very happy

O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d Beta=.09 ß controlled for age, education of head of house-

hold, daytime school and head of household em-

ployed.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study CBS 1984

Reported in: Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek

De Leefsituatie van de Nederlandse Jeugd van 13-24 jaar in 1979. Deel 4. (Life Situation of the Dutch

Youth of 13-24 in 1979, Vol. 4: An Analysis of Youth in One-Parent Families.) S.D.U./C.B.S. Publications, 1984, The Hague, Netherlands http://statline.cbs.nl

Page in Report: 43

Population: Adolescents, The Netherlands, 1979

Sample:

Non-Response: 35%, of which: refusals 62%, no contact 27%, unable 8%

N: 3113

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home (2)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 0 Two-parent family

1 One parent family

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/u/sq/v/4/a G=+.32 -two parents : 84% happy or very happy

p<.01 -one parent:

parents divorced: 72% happy or very happy
parent died : 73% happy or very happy

O-HP/u/sq/v/4/a Beta=+.08 & controlled for age, education of head of house-

p<.05 hold, day time education and head of household

employed.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study GLENN 1985

Reported in: Glenn, N.D.; Kramer, K.B.

The Psychological Well-Being of Children of Divorce.

Journal of Marriage and Family, 1985, Vol. 11, 905 -912. ISSN 0022 2445

Page in Report: 908

Population: 18+ aged whites, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973-82

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 9704

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home background (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Parents died:

0 intact

1 one parent had died

Parents divorced:

0 intact
1 divorced

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa

B=- ns Parent died:

- Females B=-.03 ns - Males B=-.04 ns

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa

B=- p<.s Parents divorced:

- Females B= -.12 (001) β = -.19 - Males B= -.14 (03) β = -.22

Causel paths: children of divorce slightly less successfull in school and more likely to be

unmarried , in particular females

% of the difference in happiness explained:

Males: 0.5% by education, 3% by marital status,

6% by age

Females: 7% by education, 18% by marital status,

14% by age

B's and ß's controlled for age, father's occupational prestige, father's years of school completed, mother's years of school completed, size of community lived in at age 16, number of siblings, religion in which raised and whether or not the mother worked outside the home before the person was age 6.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study GUIDU 1985

Reported in: Guidubaldi, J.; Perry, J.D.

Divorce and Mental Health Sequelae for Children: A Two Year Follow-Up of a Nation Wide Sample. Journal of the American Academy of Child Psychiatry, 1985, Vol. 24, 531 - 537. ISSN 0002 7138

Page in Report: 533

Population: School children, first to fitfth grade, USA, 1984

Sample:

Non-Response: 84%

N: 110

Correlate

Authors label: Divorce (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 0 Parents together

SNR=-

1 Parents divorced

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-CP/g/rdt/?/0/a

When controlled for Socioeconomic status:

females (ns) males - (s)

When controlled for IQ: females (ns) males - (s)

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study GURIN 1960

Reported in: Gurin, G.; Veroff, J.; Feld, S.

Americans View their Mental Health. A Nationwide Interview Survey.

Basic Books, 1960, New York, USA (Reprint in 1980, Arno Press, New York, USA)Basic Books, 1960,

New York, USA (Reprint in 1980, Arno Press, New York, USA). ISBN 0405119186

Page in Report: 246

Population: 21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA,1957

Sample:

Non-Response: 13%; 5% not at home, 8% refusals

N: 2460

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home back- ground (2)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: S lived with both of his real parents until he was 16 years

of age vs separa- ted from at least one of his parents

through divorce.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa

G=-.30 p<. G' based on proportion 'not too happy' answers.

01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study GURIN 1960

Reported in: Gurin, G.; Veroff, J.; Feld, S.

Americans View their Mental Health. A Nationwide Interview Survey.

Basic Books, 1960, New York, USA (Reprint in 1980, Arno Press, New York, USA)Basic Books, 1960,

New York, USA (Reprint in 1980, Arno Press, New York, USA). ISBN 0405119186

Page in Report: 246

Population: 21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA,1957

Sample:

Non-Response: 13%; 5% not at home, 8% refusals

N: 2460

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home back- ground (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: S lived with both of his real parents until he was 16 years

of age vs separa- tion through the death of one or both

parents.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa G=-.11 ns G' based on proportion 'not too happy' answers.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Parents are living together. (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Direct closed question: divorced / separated / living

together.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r} = + p < .s$

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 6, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Family composition

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Composition of family

a: step family

b: two-parent family
c: lone-parent family

Remarks: See also jones2002C-2.jpg: Chart 2.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>D%=</u>	<pre>% very happy a: step family 23% b: two-parent family 30% c: lone-parent family 27%</pre>
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	B=+.00 p<.939	girls from lone-parent family
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=+.16</u> <u>p<.001</u>	boys from lone parent family
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=09</u> <u>p<.113</u>	girls, stepchild
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=08</u> <u>p<.146</u>	boys, stepchild
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=+.11</u> <u>p<.142</u>	Children with religious affiliation only: (girls N= 1192, boys N=1178) girls, lone parent
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	$\frac{B=+.23}{p<.001}$	boys, lone parent
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=+.04</u> p<.547	girls, step child
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=01</u> <u>p<.869</u>	boys, stepchild B controlled for: - child's age - religion - worship frequency, child - public school attendee or not - education of the mother - working mother or not - smoking and drinking by the mother - household income - region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study KALMU 1992

Reported in: Kalmuss, D.; Namerow, P.B.; Bauer, U.

Short-Term Consequences of Parenting Versus Adoption among Young Unmarried Woman.

Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1992, Vol. 54, 80 - 90. ISSN 0022 2445

Page in Report: 83+88

Population: Unmarried teenage mothers, USA, 1989-1990

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: >10%

N: 527

Correlate

Authors label: lived with both parents at age 14 (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: lived with both parents at age 14

0: no 1: yes

Measured Values: 40% lived with both parents at least till age 14

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SL?/?/sq/v/4/a B=+.05 ns B controlled for:

- pregnancy resolution (parented/placed)

- age in years
- race (black/white)

- received punblic assistance

- high school graduated

- lived in maternity residence while pregnant

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study KIECO 1990

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 179

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: Family composition before age 16 (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Family situation before age 16

1 lived with both parents
2 lived with mother only

Measured Values: 1= 50,6%; 2= 12,5%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b B=-.02 ns Beta controlled for:

- mothers education

- current own education, income

- age, sex

- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study KIECO 1990

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 174-179

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: Family composition before age (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Family situation before age 16

1 nucleair family

2 lived with mother and other adult(s)

Measured Values: 1= 50,6%; 2= 19,6%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

B=-.01 ns

O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b

beta controlled for:

- mothers education

- current own education, income

- age,sex

- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

KIECO 1990 Study

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 174-197

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Probability sample (unspecified) Sample:

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: family composition before age 16 (2)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Family situation before age 16

1 lived with both parents 2 mother and stepfather

Measured Values: 1= 50,6%; 2= 4,6%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b

B=-.03 ns beta controlled for:

- mothers education

- current own education, income
- age, sex
- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study KIECO 1990

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 174-197

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: family composition (2)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Family situation before age 16

1 lived with both parents

2 mother, father and other adults

Measured Values: 1= 50,6%; 2= 19,6%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLu/c/sg/v/4/b B=-.01 ns beta controlled for:

- mothers education

- current own education, income

- age, sex

- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study KIECO 1990

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 174-197

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: family composition (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Family situation before age 16

1 lived with both parents
2 lived with grandparents

Measured Values: 1= 50,6%; 2= 4,8%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b B=-.04 ns beta controlled for:

- mothers education

- current own education, income

- age, sex

- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study NELSO 1982/2

Reported in: Nelson, G.

Coping with the Loss of the Father.

Journal of Family Issues, 1982, Vol. 3, 41 - 60. ISSN 0192 513X

Page in Report: 53

Population: Children, Winnipeg, Manitoba, U.S.A., 1978

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 96

Correlate

Authors label: Family status (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: mothers marital status

widoweddivorcedmarried

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa AoV= Boys Girls

The pattern of difference is similar for boys and

girls.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study NOCK 1982

Reported in: Nock, S.L.

Enduring Effects of Marital Disruption and Subsequent Living Arrangements

Journal of Family Issues, 1982, Vol. 3, 25 - 40. ISSN 0192 513X

Page in Report: 37

Population: 18+ aged, general public, English speaking, raised in family, USA, 1972-77

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 8224

Correlate

Authors label: Family disruption in youth (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Single closed question about family situation around the time the respondent was 16: "Were you with your own mother and father around the time you were 16?" If not, the reason for this was asked and with whom the respondent was living around that time.

- 0: lived with both natural parents
- 1: family disruption
- divorce of parents
 - lived with father and stepmother
 - lived with mother and stepfather
 - lived with mother only
 - lived with father only
- death of parents
 - lived with father and stepmother
 - lived with mother and stepfather
 - lived with mother only
 - lived with father only

Remarks:

b controlled for race, sex, number of siblings, religous denomination, age, education and occupational prestige.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	B=+ ns	
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	B=+ ns	
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	B=+p<.s	
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	B=+ ns	
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	B=+ ns	

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Parents marital status (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 1 Married

0 Unmarried

a. in 1922b. in 1928c. in 1936d. in 1940

Remarks: Earlier status of parents (1922-1940) by present happiness

of subject (1972).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks	
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	a.	

 $\underline{M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b}$ $\underline{Chi^2=ns}$ a.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> b.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b $Chi^2=ns$ b.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> c.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns c.

C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a AoV= ns d.

M-PL/h/sg/v/5/b Chi²= ns d.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 130

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Recent change in mother's marital status after birth

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Recent change in mother's marital status after birth as

reported in medical file

a: mother married to child's father after birth
b: mother married to other after child's birth

c: mother separated/divorced after birth

Measured Values: N: a:346; b:32; c:49

Remarks: only Ss who are mothers with changed marital status

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

<u>A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a</u> <u>DMt=±</u> a: Mt=7.91

b: Mt=7.35 c: Mt=7.91

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e $DMt=\pm$ a: Mt = 7.55

> b: Mt = 6.95c: Mt=7.65

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=a: Mt = 7.20

b: Mt=6.88

c: Mt=6.64

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

VEROF 1981 Study

Reported in: Veroff, J.; Douvan, E.; Kulka, R.A.

The Inner American: A Self-Portrait from 1957 to 1976. Basic Books, 1981, New York, USA. ISBN 0 465 03493 1

Page in Report: 454

Population: 21 aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1976

Sample:

Non-Response: 29%

N: 2264

Correlate

Authors label: Broken home background (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: Death of one or both parents before age 17.

0 No 1 Yes

Divorce of both parents before age 17.

0 No 1 Yes

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%= ns 1957 O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%= ns 1976

Controlled for sex, age and education.

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%= ns 1957

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%= ns 1976

Controlled for sex, age and education.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study WASHB 1941

Reported in: Washburne, J.N.

Factors Related to Social Adjustment of College Girls.

Journal of Social Psychology. 1941, Vol. 13, 281 - 289. ISSN 0022 4545

Page in Report: 283

Population: Female college students, New York, USA, 194?

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 238

Correlate

Authors label: Parents are living together (1)

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 0 Broken

1 Unbroken homes

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a SNR= + L-shaped curve: significant for the 'unhappy' only

p<. s

 $\underline{M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a}$ $\underline{D\%=+p<.s}$ L-shaped curve: significant for the 'unhappy' only

Correlational finding on Happiness and Number of parents (broken home) Subject code: F1.2.2

Study WEICK 1997A

Reported in: Weick, S.

Lebensbedingungen und Bewertungen. (Living Conditions and Evaluations).

Statistisches Bundesamt; Ed.: "Datenreport 1997", Verlag Bonn Aktuell, 1997, Germany, 468 - 480. ISBN

3893312714 Page in Report: 477

Population: 18+ aged, general public, Germany, 1995

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response:

N: 2000

Correlate

Authors label: Household composition

Our classification: Number of parents (broken home), code F1.2.2

Measurement: 1. Living alone

a single
b divorced
c widowed

2. Living together

a children but no partner
b with partner, no children
c married, no children

d married with young children (<6)
e married with older children (6-16)</pre>

Remarks: East-Germany is the former communist German Democratic

Republic (DDR), which was reunited with West-Germany in

1990

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

http://worlddatabaseofhappiness.eur.nl/hap_cor/top_sub.php?code=F1 (67 of 287)9-9-2009 13:19:33

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>DM=</u>		West	East
·		Living alone		
		a single	6,7	6,0
		b divorced	6,2	5,6
		c widowed	6,4	6,6
		Living together		
		a children, no partner	6,6	6,4
		b partner, no children	7,3	6,5
		c married, no children	7,2	6,4
		d married, young children	7,1	6,7
		e married, older children	6,9	6,3

Correlational finding on Happiness and Mixed kin sibblings Subject code: F1.2.3

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 6, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Family composition

Our classification: Mixed kin sibblings, code F1.2.3

Measurement: Composition of family

a: step family

b: two-parent family
c: lone-parent family

Remarks: See also jones2002C-2.jpg: Chart 2.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>D%=</u>	<pre>% very happy a: step family 23% b: two-parent family 30% c: lone-parent family 27%</pre>
-	B=+.00 p<.939	girls from lone-parent family
-	$\frac{B=+.16}{p<.001}$	boys from lone parent family
·	B=09 p<.113	girls, stepchild
	B=08 p<.146	boys, stepchild
-	B=+.11 p<.142	Children with religious affiliation only: (girls N= 1192, boys N=1178)
		girls, lone parent
	<u>B=+.23</u> <u>p<.001</u>	boys, lone parent
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B=+.04 p<.547	girls, step child
	B=01 p<.869	boys, stepchild B controlled for: - child's age - religion - worship frequency, child - public school attendee or not - education of the mother - working mother or not - smoking and drinking by the mother - household income - region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Position in family Subject code: F1.3

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Being oldest or onlychild. (1)

Our classification: Position in family, code F1.3

Measurement:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=-p<.s

Correlational finding on Happiness and Position in family Subject code: F1.3

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 338

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: twin or triplet (1)

Our classification: Position in family, code F1.3

Measurement: being a twin or triplet

a: identical twinb: fraternal twin

c: triplet

d: twin or triplet

e: neither twin nor triplet

Measured Values: N: all:1476, a:8, b:20, c:6, d:34, e:1408

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elab	oration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		a:	Mt=6.56
		b:	Mt = 7.50
		c:	Mt = 7.09
		d:	Mt = 7.20
		e:	Mt = 7.76
		All	Mt=7.74
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		b:	Mt=6.56 Mt=6.88 Mt=7.50
			Mt=6.91
		e:	Mt = 7.45
		All	Mt=7.43
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		a:	Mt = 6.25
		b:	Mt=6.38
		c:	Mt=6.66
			Mt=6.40
			Mt = 6.95
		All	Mt=6.93

Correlational finding on Happiness and Only child Subject code: F1.3.1

Study BLAKE 1981

Reported in: Blake, J.

The Only Child in America: Prejudice versus Performance. Population and Development Review, 1981, Vol. 7, 43 - 51

Page in Report: 51

Population: Adults, general public, English-speaking, USA, 1972-78.

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 10652

Correlate

Authors label: Only child (1)

Our classification: Only child, code F1.3.1

Measurement: 0 Not only child

1 Only child

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/u/sq/v/3/d DM=0 Compared to subjects with one or two siblings.

O-HL/u/sq/v/3/d DM=+ Compared with subjects with six or more siblings.

Differences controlled for social and economic

status.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Only child Subject code: F1.3.1

Study POLIT 1980

Reported in: Polit, D.F.,; Nuttall, R.L.,; and Nuttall, L.V.

The Only Child Grows Up: A Look at Some Characteristics of Adults Only Children.

Family Relations, 1980, Vol. 29, 99 - 106

Page in Report: 102

Population: Couples, white, middle/upper class, USA, 1975

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 1074

Correlate

Authors label: Being an only child (1)

Our classification: Only child, code F1.3.1

Measurement: 0. First borns, later borns.

1. Only children.

Remarks: first borns later borns onlies

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

<u>C-BW/c/sq/l/10/a</u> <u>DMt=+ ns</u> males: Mt' = 7.6 Mt' = 7.6 Mt' = 8.0

O-HL/c/sg/v/3/aa G=-.26 Males

<u>p<.01</u>

C-BW/c/sg/l/10/a DMt=+ ns females: Mt' = 7.9 Mt' = 7.9 Mt' = 7.8

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa tau=-.11

p<.01

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa D%=0 ns Females: differences computed on the basis of %

'not too happy'.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Only child Subject code: F1.3.1

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 332-338

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: only child (1)

Our classification: Only child, code F1.3.1

Measurement: siblings

0: brothers and sisters

1: only child

Measured Values: N women: 0:312, 1:70 N men: 0:280, 1:68

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

<u>A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a</u> <u>DMt=-</u> women: men:

0: Mt=7.80 0:8.06 1: Mt=7.11 1:7.61 O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=women:

0: Mt=7.51 0:7.51

1: Mt=7.03 1:7.20

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=women: men:

> 0: Mt=6.90 0:7.50 1: Mt=6.63 1:7.20

Correlational finding on Happiness and Birth order Subject code: F1.3.2

Study **POLIT 1980**

> Polit, D.F.,; Nuttall, R.L.,; and Nuttall, L.V. Reported in:

> > The Only Child Grows Up: A Look at Some Characteristics of Adults Only Children.

Family Relations, 1980, Vol. 29, 99 - 106

Page in Report: 102

Population: Couples, white, middle/upper class, USA, 1975

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 1074

Correlate

Authors label: Being a first born child (1)

Our classification: Birth order, code F1.3.2

Measurement: 0. Later-borns

1. First-borns

Remarks: later born first born

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLu/c/sq/v/3/b D%=+ Males only.

C-BW/c/sq/I/10/a DMt=0 ns males: $Mt' = 7.6 \qquad Mt' = 7.6$ $\underline{C-BW/c/sq/l/10/a}$ $\underline{DMt=0 \text{ ns}}$ females: Mt' = 7.9 Mt' = 7.9

Only children left out

Correlational finding on Happiness and Birth order Subject code: F1.3.2

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 268

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Being twin or triplet

Our classification: Birth order, code F1.3.2

Measurement: Being a twin or triplet

1: one child

2: part of twin/triplet

Measured Values: N all:4355, 1:97,6%, 2:2,3%

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=0</u>	1: Mt=7.74 2: Mt=7.74
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	DMt=+	1: Mt=7.40 2: Mt=7.50
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=+</u>	1: Mt=7.01 2: Mt=7.13

Correlational finding on Happiness and Birth order Subject code: F1.3.2

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 268

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Birth sequence in twin/triplet

Our classification: Birth order, code F1.3.2

Measurement: Birth sequence in twin/triplet, as reported in medical file

1: first child of twins or triplets2: second child of twins or triplets3: third child of twins or triplets

Measured Values: 1:63, 2:39, 3:1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=+</u>	1: Mt=7.38 2: Mt=7.50 3: Mt=7.50
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.21 2: Mt=7.83 3: Mt=7.50

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=6.98 2: Mt=7.36

3: Mt=7.50

Correlational finding on Happiness and Non-biological child Subject code: F1.3.3

Study STUTZ 2006

Reported in: Stutzer, A.; Frey, B.S.

Does Marriage Make People Happy, or Do Happy People Get Married?

Journal of Socio-Economics, 2006, Vol. 35, 326 - 347. ISSN 1053 5357 DOI:10.1016/j.

socec.2005.11.043 (also Working Paper No. 143, Institute for Empirical Research in Economics, 2003,

University of Zürich, Switzerland. ISSN 1424 0459)

Page in Report: 25

Population: Adult members of private households, Germany, 1984-2000

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 15268

Correlate

Happiness

Authors label: Position in household

Our classification: Non-biological child, code F1.3.3

Measurement: 0 head of the household or spouse(reference group))

1 not-head of the household or spouse

a children

b child of the head of the household c not child of the head of the household

Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>B=+.02</u> p<.10	a: Children happier than the head of household or spouse when trait-happiness is also controled B=+.01
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>B=+.08</u> <u>p<.05</u>	b: Child of the head of the household happier than the head of the house hold when trait-happiness is also controled B=+ 07

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d

B=-.41 p<.01

c: Not child of the head of the household unhappier than head of the household or spouse when trait-happiness is also controled B=-.18

B's controled for:

- age

- education

- household income

- position in the household

- employment

- country of origin

- time (dummy for wave of panel)

and additionally for:

- trait-happiness (average over all 14 waves)

Correlational finding on Happiness and Non-biological child Subject code: F1.3.3

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 326

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: type of parents (1)

Our classification: Non-biological child, code F1.3.3

Measurement: type of parents, made up by the questions:

"Were you adopted as a child ?"

"Are both your parents/adoptive parents alive?"

a: biological mother and fatherb: biological mother and stepfatherc: biological father and stepmother

d: adoptive parents

Measured Values: N: all:1036, a:889, b:103, c:31, d:13

Happiness Measure	Statistics E	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		a: Mt=7.80 b: Mt=7.94 c: Mt=7.83 d: Mt=8.08 All Mt=7.81
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		a: Mt=7.41 b: Mt=7.38 c: Mt=7.99 d: Mt=7.31 All Mt=7.05
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		a: Mt=7.01 b: Mt=7.09 c: Mt=7.01 d: Mt=7.11 All Mt=7.03

Correlational finding on Happiness and Non-biological child Subject code: F1.3.3

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Liskvalitet hos 4500 31-33-arige. (The Quality of Life of 4500 31-33-Years-Olds).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068 http://

www.livskvalitet.org/t2/index.asp

Page in Report: 344

Population: 31-33 aged, Denmark 1993, born in University Hospital in Copenhagen

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Correlate

Authors label: type of parents(biological, adoptive)

Our classification: Non-biological child, code F1.3.3

Measurement: Self report on questions about parents:

a: biological mother and fatherb: biological mother and stepfatherc: biological father and stepmother

d: adoptive parents

Measured Values: N All:3731; %: a:70,2; b:21,4; c:3,0; d:5,5

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a a: Mt=7.80b: Mt=7.78c: Mt=7.19d: Mt=7.70O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e a: Mt = 7.50b: Mt=7.38c: Mt=7.14d: Mt=7.29O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h a: Mt = 7.09b: Mt=7.01c: Mt=6.89

Correlational finding on Happiness and Non-biological child Subject code: F1.3.3

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

d: Mt=6.98

Page in Report: 128

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Being adopted

Our classification: Non-biological child, code F1.3.3

Measurement: Situation at age 1 as reported in medical file

1: not adopted at 1 year(=biological child)

2: adopted

2a: adopted trough National Council

2b: privately adopted

Measured Values: N: all:3880, 1:96%, 2:3,7%, 2a:3%, 2b:1%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.74

2: Mt=7.81 2a: Mt=7.89 2b: Mt=7.58

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1: Mt=7.41

2: Mt=7.23 2a: Mt=7.15 2b: Mt=7.09

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- 1: Mt=7.03

2: Mt=6.84 2a: Mt=6.88 2b: Mt=6.74

Correlational finding on Happiness and Twin or triplet child Subject code: F1.3.4

Study LOEHL 1976

Reported in: Loehlin, J.C.; Nichols, R.C.

Heredity, Environment and Personality. A Study of 850 Sets of Twins. University of Texas Press, 1976, Austin, USA. ISBN 0 292 73003 9

Page in Report: 14

Population: Adolescent same-sex twins, USA, 1963

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response: 29 %

N: 850

Correlate

Authors label: Being an identical or fraternal twins

Our classification: Twin or triplet child, code F1.3.4

Measurement: A Identical twins

a male
b female

B Fraternal twins

a male
b female

Measured Values: N for happiness means = A: 486, Aa: 204, Ab: 282, B: 320, Ba: 130, Bb: 190 N for % cheerful & satisfied

= A: 509, Aa: 216, Ab: 293, B: 330, Ba: 135, Bb: 195

Remarks: All twins are same sex.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
Measure	Statistics	Liaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/sq/v/7/a DM=ns male female all

Identical twin M = 6,11 M = 6,28 M = 6,21Fraternal twin M = 6,03 M = 6,12 M = 6,08

 $\underline{O\text{-HP/g/sq/v/2/b}}$ $\underline{D\%\text{- ns}}$ % cheerful male female all

 Identical twin
 65%
 77%
 72%

 Fraternal twin
 69%
 76%
 73%

 $\underline{O\text{-HP/g/sq/v/2/c}} \qquad \underline{D\%\text{= ns}} \qquad \text{\% satisfied} \qquad \text{male} \qquad \text{female} \qquad \text{all}$

 Identical twin
 83%
 77%
 80%

 Fraternal twin
 75%
 81%
 79%

Significance tests computed by us, assuming that these samples are a probability sample of a wider

population of twins.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Twin or triplet child Subject code: F1.3.4

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 332-338

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: siblings (1)

Our classification: Twin or triplet child, code F1.3.4

Measurement: brothers and sisters(1)

al: only sisters

bl: brothers and sisters

c1: only brothers d1: only child

half brothers and sisters(2)

a2: only full brothers and sisters

b2: both full and half brothers and sisters

c2: only half brothers and sisters

d2: only child

twin or triplet(3) a3: identical twin b3: fraternal twin

c3: triplet

d3: twin or triplet

e3: neither twin nor triplet

Measured Values: N women: all:738, a1:165, b1:312, c1:191, d1:70 N men: all:729, a1:193, b1:280, c1:188, d1:68 N(2):

all:1483, a2:1157, b2:105, c2:82, d2:139 N(3): all:1476, a3:8, b3:20, c3:6, d3:34, e3:1408

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Ren	marks		
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		women's	men's		
		brothers	brothers	half brothers	twin or
		and sisters	and sisters	and sisters	triplet
		Ms $a1=7.56$	7.76	a2=7.81	a3=6.56
		Ms $b1=7.80$	7.74	b2=7.74	b3=7.50
		Ms $c1=7.88$	8.06	c2=7.75	c3=7.09
		Ms $d1=7.11$	7.61	d2=7.35	d3=7.20
					e3=7.76
		all :7.70	7.81 al	1(2)=7.75 al	1(3) = 7.74
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		women's	men's		
		brothers	brothers	half brothers	twin or
		and sisters	and sisters	and sisters	triplet
		Ms $a1=7.28$	7.35	a2=7.51	a3=6.56
		Ms $b1=7.51$	7.51	b2=7.21	b3=6.88
		Ms $c1=7.55$	7.50	c2=7.23	c3=7.50
		Ms $d1=7.03$	7.20	d2=7.13	d3=6.91
					e3=7.45
		all :7.43	7.44 al	1(2)=7.44 al	1(3)=7.43

O-HL/c/sg/v/5/h women's	men's
-------------------------	-------

brothers and	brothers a	nd half brothe	rs twin or
sisters	sisters	and sisters	triplet
Ms $a1=7.06$	7.35	a2=7.00	a3=6.25
Ms $b1=6.90$	7.51	b2=6.66	b3=6.38
Ms $c1=7.14$	7.50	c2=6.74	c3=6.66
Ms $d1=6.63$	7.20	d2=6.66	d3=6.40
			e3=6.95
all :6.98	7.44	all(2)=6.94	all(3)=6.93

Correlational finding on Happiness and Twin or triplet child Subject code: F1.3.4

VENTE 1995 Study

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 338

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Non-probability purposive sample Sample:

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: twin or triplet (1)

Our classification: Twin or triplet child, code F1.3.4

Measurement: being a twin or triplet

a: identical twin b: fraternal twin

c: triplet

d: twin or triplet

e: neither twin nor triplet

Measured Values: N: all:1476, a:8, b:20, c:6, d:34, e:1408

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a

a: Mt=6.56
b: Mt=7.50
c: Mt=7.09
d: Mt=7.20
e: Mt=7.76
All Mt=7.74

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e

a: Mt=6.56
b: Mt=6.88
c: Mt=7.50
d: Mt=6.91
e: Mt=7.45
All Mt=7.43

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h

a: Mt=6.25
b: Mt=6.38
c: Mt=6.66
d: Mt=6.40
e: Mt=6.95
All Mt=6.93

Correlational finding on Happiness and Twin or triplet child Subject code: F1.3.4

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 268

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Being twin or triplet

Our classification: Twin or triplet child, code F1.3.4

Measurement: Being a twin or triplet

1: one child

2: part of twin/triplet

Measured Values: N all:4355, 1:97,6%, 2:2,3%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a \qquad DMt=0 \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.74$

2: Mt=7.74

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.40

2: Mt=7.50

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.01

2: Mt=7.13

Correlational finding on Happiness and Twin or triplet child Subject code: F1.3.4

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 268

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Birth sequence in twin/triplet

Our classification: Twin or triplet child, code F1.3.4

Measurement: Birth sequence in twin/triplet, as reported in medical file

1: first child of twins or triplets2: second child of twins or triplets3: third child of twins or triplets

Measured Values: 1:63, 2:39, 3:1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.38

2: Mt=7.50

3: Mt=7.50

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.21

2: Mt=7.83

3: Mt=7.50

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=6.98

2: Mt=7.36

3: Mt=7.50

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study ARMSD 1985

Reported in: Armsden, G.C.; Greenberg, M.T.

The Inventory of Parent and Peer Attachments.

Journal of Youth and Adolescense, 1987, Vol 16, 427 - 454 ISSN 0047 2891 ISSN online 1573 6601

Page in Report: 438

Population: Undergraduate students, USA, 1982

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 86

Correlate

Authors label: Family attachement (1)

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Index of two subscales derived from 60-item Inventory of

Parent and Peer attachement(IPPA).

-Attachement: 'trust'and 'communication' added, 'alienation'

subtracted.

-Security : high vs low. high if both

trust and communication at least medium and alienation

not high. low if

trust and communication low and alienation high.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/b	<u>r=+.64</u>	Attachement to parents
O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/b	<u>r=+.33</u>	Attachement to peers
O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/b	<u>r=+.53</u> <u>p<01</u>	Security with parents
O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/b	$\frac{r=+.43}{p<05}$	Security with peers

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study **BACHM 1970**

Reported in: Bachman, J.G.; Kahn, R.L.; Mednick, M.; Davidson, T.N.

Youth in Transition. Vol.II: The Impact of Family Background on Intelligence in 10th-Grade Boy.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report: 211

Population: Public highschool boys followed 3 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-69

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% incomplete information in 1966

N: 1799

Correlate

Happiness

Authors label: Positive evaluation of family relations (3)

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: 21-item index containing closeness to father (4 items),

closeness to mother (3 items), amount of reasoning with son

Family relations T2 x happiness T3 r = +.30

(4 items), and parental punitiveness (10 items).

Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a	E ² =+.37 p<. 001	Both variables assessed at T1, T2 and T3. Family relations T1 x happiness T1 $r = +.38$ Family relations T1 x happiness T2 $r = +.32$ Family relations T1 x happiness T3 $r = +.23$ Family relations T2 x happiness T1 $r = +.30$ Family relations T2 x happiness T2 $r = +.41$

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study BECKE 1984

Reported in: Becker, J.W.; Vink, R.

Werkelozen, Arbeidsongeschikten en Werkenden Vergeleken. (A Comparison between the

Unemployed, Disabled Workers and the Employed).

Social and Cultural Planning Office, 1984, Rijswijk, Netherlands

Page in Report: V584

Population: 18-64 aged, general public, The Netherlands, 1982

Sample: Probability multi-stage cluster sample

Non-Response: 68-94%

N: 465

Correlate

Authors label: Satisfaction with years spent in family of origin (1)

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Single question:

"To what extent are you satisfied with your childhood years

spent at home

0=very dissatisfied?"

1=dissatisfied

2=neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

3=satisfied 4=very satisfied

Measured Values: M=2.0142 SD=0.8922

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/n	<u>r=+.04</u> <u>p<.236</u>	working
O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/n	<u>r=+.09</u> <u>p<.033</u>	unemployed
O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/n	r=+.25 p<.000	disabled

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study DIENE 2002A

Reported in: Diener, E.; Seligman, M.E.

Very Happy People.

Psychological Science, 2002, Vol.13, 81 - 84. ISSN 0956 7976 DOI::10.1111/1467-9280.00415

Page in Report: 84

Population: Undergraduate students, US, 200?

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 222

Correlate

Authors label: Family Conflict

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Family Conflict(social introversion) of Minnesota

Multiphasic Personality Inventory Pathology Scales(with K

corrections);

Tests for a person's tendency to withdraw from social

contacts and responsibilities.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

M-AO/*/mqr/*/0/a $E^2=.22$ Mean family conflict

p<.05 a 10% least happy 8.5

b 27% close to average 6.3 c 10% most happy 4.9

M-AO/*/mqr/*/0/a MCT= a > b > c

p<.05

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study HEADE 1993

Reported in: Headey, B.; Kelley, J.; Wearing, A...

Dimensions of Mental Health: Life Satisfaction, Positive Affect, Anxiety and Depression.

Social Indicators Research, 1993, Vol. 29, 63 - 82. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF01136197 Page in Report: 76

Population: 18-65 aged, Victoria, Australia, followed every 2 years from 1981 to 1987

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 419

Correlate

Authors label: Family cohesion

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Selfreport on Moos (1984) index of family cohesion

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-Sum/*/mq/*/0/a r=+.33

p<.05

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study LEHMA 1988

Reported in: Lehman, A.F.

A Quality of Life Interview for the Chronically Mentally III.

Evaluation and Program Planning, 1988, Vol. 11, 51 -52. ISSN 0149 7189

Page in Report: 57

Population: Chronic mental patients, USA,1981

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 469

Correlate

Authors label: Frequency of Family Contacts

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: self-report: 1= none 5= dayly

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a r=-.09 ns Los Angeles: mentally ill residents of 30 large

board-and-care homes

<u>O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a</u> $\underline{r}=+.10\,\underline{n}\underline{s}$ Rochester: chronically mentally ill inpatients at

the Rochester(N.Y.) Psychiatric Center

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a r=-.05 ns Rochester:chronically mentaly ill residents of

various supervised community residences

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study SCHUL 1985B

Reported in: Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H.

Lebensqualität in Osterreich. (Quality-of-Life in Austria).

Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, 1985, Austria

Page in Report: 48,T27

Population: Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 1776

Correlate

Authors label: Affectionate upbringing (1)

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Three item index of direct questions on self perceived

affectionate upbringing.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a $\underline{r}=+.18$

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a r=+.18

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 148

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: Stepfamily Lifestyle

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Both youngsters and one of their parents answered the

following questions:

A. Stepfamilies fare better living like a first nuclear

family.

B. After divorce it is better to forget the past.

C. The best family form is still two first married partners

and their children.

D. Quarrels in a family should be prevented as much as

possible.

E. looking after a family is more important than work

outside the home.

F. A mother with young children should not work outside the

home.

G. It is logical that a man has fewer duties in the

household than a woman.

Agreement was rated on 5-point scales. Possible range of traditionalism 7-35.

Three types of stepfamily lifestyles were distinguished:

1. Nontraditional

2. Semi-traditional

3. Traditional

Measured Values: 1: 34%, 2: 34%, 3: 32%

Error Estimates: Crohnbach's alpha: 0,78

Remarks: This measure of traditional lifestyle was also based on an

interview with one of the parents.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

<u>A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a</u> <u>DMt= ns</u> 1: nontraditional Mt=7,69

2: semi-traditional Mt=7,95 3: traditional Mt=7,86

A-AOL/u/sq/I/11/a

Beta=-.01

Beta controlled for:

ns

- time since (step)family formation

- stepmother/stepfather family

- frequency of contact with nonresident parent

- social class of stepfamily

- age

- sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.4

Study SYMON 1937

Reported in: Symonds, P.M.

Happiness as Related to Problems and Interests.

Journal of Educational Psychology, 1937, Vol. 28, 290 - 294

Page in Report: 292

Population: High school pupils and college students, USA, 193?

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 1651

Correlate

Authors label: Having problems withfamily relationships (1)

Our classification: Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.4

Measurement: Closed question

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-CP/g/sq/v/7/a SNR=- High school students only: L-shaped curve:

significant negative among happier students only.

A-CP/g/sq/v/7/a DM=- High school students only: L-shaped curve:

significant negative among happier students only.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with siblings Subject code: F1.4.1

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Father was able to be around the home a lot. (1)

Our classification: Relations with siblings, code F1.4.1

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale gone a lot /

average / home a good deal of the time.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with siblings Subject code: F1.4.1

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 340

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: relationship's with one's sibling (1)

Our classification: Relations with siblings, code F1.4.1

Measurement: Single question:

"How are your current relations with your brothers and

sisters ?" 1: very bad 2: bad

3: neither/nor

4: good

5: very good

Measured Values: N: all:1277, 1:17, 2:40, 3:225, 4:551, 5:444

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=+.16</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=8.09 2: Mt=6.73 3: Mt=7.38 4: Mt=7.73 5: Mt=8.21 All Mt=7.80
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=+.16</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=7.35 2: Mt=6.31 3: Mt=7.05 4: Mt=7.36 5: Mt=7.88 All Mt=7.45
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=+.16</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=7.20 2: Mt=5.94 3: Mt=6.64 4: Mt=6.86 5: Mt=7.39 All Mt=6.98

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with siblings Subject code: F1.4.1

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Liskvalitet hos 4500 31-33-arige. (The Quality of Life of 4500 31-33-Years-Olds).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068 http://

www.livskvalitet.org/t2/index.asp

Page in Report: 358

Population: 31-33 aged, Denmark 1993, born in University Hospital in Copenhagen

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Correlate

Authors label: relations with one's siblings

Our classification: Relations with siblings, code F1.4.1

Measurement: Single question:

" How are your current relations with your brothers and

sisters ?" 1: very bad 2: bad

3: neither/nor

4: good 5: very good

Measured Values: N: All:3933; %:1:3,5; 2:6,8; 3:23,4; 4:41,9; 5:24,3

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=+.16</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: Mt=7.35 2: Mt=7.15 3: Mt=7.36 4: Mt=7.78 5: Mt=8.30
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		1: Mt=7.05 2: Mt=6.75 3: Mt=7.00 4: Mt=7.45 5: Mt=8.06
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		1: Mt=6.84 2: Mt=6.44 3: Mt=6.61 4: Mt=7.05 5: Mt=7.58

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with siblings Subject code: F1.4.1

Study WESSM 1966/2

Reported in: Wessman, A.E.; Ricks, D.F.

Mood and Personality.

Holt, Rinehart and Wilson, 1966, New York, USA. ISBN 03 0541 151 8

Page in Report: 122

Population: Male college students, followed 3 years, Harvard University, USA, 1957-60

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 37%: 9 dropouts, incomplete; about the same happiness distribution.

N: 17

Correlate

Authors label: Past sibling conflict (1)

Our classification: Relations with siblings, code F1.4.1

Measurement: Score derived from a 212-item inventory of past life

experiences.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-ARE/md/sqr/v/10/a r=-.39 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study BERKM 1971

Reported in: Berkman, P.L.

Life Stress and Psychological Well-Being: A Replication of Langner's Analysis in the Midtown Manhatten

Study

Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, Vol. 12, 35 - 45 ISSN:0022 1465

Page in Report: 42

Population: Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 6928

Correlate

Authors label: Positive evaluation of mother and fatheras a parent. (1)

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Closed question for mother and father separately: All in

all, how good a job did your mother/father do as a parent? worse/ about the same/ better than most mothers/fathers.

Dichotomized into:

0: One or two parents worse or both

parents the same.

1: All other combinations.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

A-BB/u/mg/v/3/a DMr=+.08 proportion happy:

> 0: negative evaluation 42.0% AR = .46p<.05

1: positive evaluation 58.0% AR = .54The average ridits (AR) were calculated with the distribution of the total sample as reference

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study **HEADE 1981**

Reported in: Headey, B.

The Quality of Life in Australia

Social Indicators Research, 1981, Vol. 9, 155 - 18. ISSN p 0303 8300;ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF00286195 Page in Report: 166

Population: Adults, general public, Australia 1978

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: not reported

N: 679

Correlate

Authors label: Parents index

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Index of 4 single questions on satisfaction with your

relationship with

a: your mother when you were a young childb: your mother when you were a teenagerc: your father when you were a young childd: your father when you were a teenager

All scored on a 1-9 rating scale, summation by average.

Measured Values: M = 7.1 SD = 1.4

Remarks: All items scored on the same rating scale as the question

on happiness.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-DT/u/sqt/v/9/a r=+.36

p<.001

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study MORTI 1981

Reported in: Mortimer, J.T.; Lorence, J.

Self-Concept Stability and Change from Late Adolescence to Early Adulthood.

Research in Community and Mental Health, 1981, Vol. 2, 5 - 42

Page in Report: 30

Population: University graduates 1966/67, followed into adulthood, Michigan, USA, 1962-76

Sample:

Non-Response: Attrition: 12%

N: 442

Correlate

Authors label: Family relations (1)

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Perception of family relations

- a. Father understands
- b. Close to father
- c. Mother understands
- d. Close to mother

 ${\it Remarks:}$ Same time correlations (T1 happiness by T1 perceptions, T2

happiness by T2 perception, etc)

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.32</u> <u>p<.05</u>	T1
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.34</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т2
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.26</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т3
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.34</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т1
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.31</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т2
<u>O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a</u>	<u>r=+.19</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т3
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.23</u> <u>p<.05</u>	T1
<u>O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a</u>	<u>r=+.25</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т2
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.17</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т3

O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	$\frac{r=+.28}{p<.05}$	Т1		
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	$\frac{r=+.23}{p<.05}$	Т2		
O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a	<u>r=+.15</u> <u>p<.05</u>	Т3		

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Earlier relation with parents (1)

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Subjects ratings of relation with:

- Father:

a. amount of conflict with (1940)

b. attachment to (1940)
c. understanding with (1950)

d. admiration for (1950)

e. rebellious feelings toward (1950)

f. encouragement of independance

(1950)

g. rejection (1950)
h. sollicitous (1950)
i. dominering (1950)

j. helpfullness (1950)

- Mother:

k. amount of conflict with (1940)

1. attachement to (1940)

m. understanding with (1950)

n. admiration for (1950)

o. rebellious feelings toward

(1950)

p. encouragement of independance by

(1950)

- q. rejection (1950)
- r. sollicitousness of (1950)
- s. dominering by (1950)

Remarks: Earlier ratings (1940, 1950) by present (1972) happiness.

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV=+ ns	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM=-</u> p<.01	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	b.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	b.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	DM= ns	С.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	С.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	d.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	DM= ns	d.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV=+ ns	е.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM=-</u> p<.05	е.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV=- ns	f.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM=+</u> p<.04	f.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	DM= ns	g.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	g.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	h.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	h.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	i.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	i.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	j.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	<u>AoV=+</u> <u>p<.01</u>	j.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	k.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	k.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	1.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	1.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM=+</u> <u>p<.01</u>	m.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	<u>AoV=+</u> <u>p<.01</u>	m.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	n.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	<u>AoV=+</u> <u>p<.04</u>	n.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>DM= ns</u>	ο.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	0.

 $\underline{\mathsf{M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b}} \qquad \underline{\mathsf{DM=ns}} \qquad \mathtt{p}.$

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> p.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b DM= ns q.

<u>C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a</u> AoV= ns q.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b DM= ns r.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> r.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b DM=ns s.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns s.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 149

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: frequency of contact with nonresident parent

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: question not reported

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a

Beta=-.08 Beta controlled for:

ns - stepfamily lifestyle (traditionalism)

time since (step)family formationstepmother/stepfather family

scephother/steprather ramitysocial class of stepfamily

- age - sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 330

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: relations with parents (1)

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Single question:

"How are your current relations with your parents ?"

1: very bad 2: bad

3: neither/nor

4: good

5: very good

Measured Values: N: all:1248, 1:15, 2:53, 3:199, 4:471, 5:510

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=+.18</u> <u>p<.00</u>	4: 5:	Mt=7.16 Mt=6.79 Mt=7.35 Mt=7.69 Mt=8.20 Mt=7.80
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=+.20</u> <u>p<.00</u>	2: 3: 4: 5:	Mt=5.84 Mt=6.60 Mt=6.94 Mt=7.33 Mt=7.85 Mt=7.43
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=+.16</u> <u>p<.00</u>	1: 2: 3: 4: 5: All	Mt=6.84 Mt=6.28 Mt=6.59 Mt=6.88 Mt=7.38 Mt=7.00

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relations with parents Subject code: F1.4.2

Study WESSM 1966/2

Reported in: Wessman, A.E.; Ricks, D.F.

Mood and Personality.

Holt, Rinehart and Wilson, 1966, New York, USA. ISBN 03 0541 151 8

Page in Report: 122

Population: Male college students, followed 3 years, Harvard University, USA, 1957-60

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 37%: 9 dropouts, incomplete; about the same happiness distribution.

N: 17

Correlate

Authors label: Past parental treat-ment and relation- ships (1)

Our classification: Relations with parents, code F1.4.2

Measurement: Scores derived from a 212-item invento- ry of past life

experiences.

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-ARE/md/sqr/v/10/a r=ns A number of scores on parental treatments or re-

lationships were derived. None of them appeared to

show much relationship to happiness.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . closeness to parents Subject code: F1.4.2.1

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Affectioness of parents. (1)

Our classification: . closeness to parents, code F1.4.2.1

Measurement: 1. Having an affectionate father:

Closed question rated on a 5-point scale detached and aloof / quite

openly affectionate

2. Having an affectionate mother: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale detached and aloof / quite

openly affectionate

3. Close relationship with father:
Closed question rated on a 5-point

scale not close at all / very close

4. Warmth and spontaneousness of motherf: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale very cool and restrained / moderately so / very warm

and spontaneous

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics

Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sg/n/9/b

r = +.24 p < .s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b

r=+.21 p<.s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b

r=+ p<.s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b

r=+p<.s

Correlational finding on Happiness and . agreement with parents Subject code: F1.4.2.2

Study BENNE 1970

Reported in: Bennett, F.A.

Avowed Happiness in Communities of Religious Women. Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Utah, 1970, USA

Page in Report: 63

Population: Nuns, Catholic congregations, USA, 1969

Sample:

Non-Response: 11,5%

N: 963

Correlate

Authors label: Cognitive dissonance (3)

Our classification: . agreement with parents, code F1.4.2.2

Measurement: Single direct question: "How did your family accept your

entrance into religious life?". Strongly opposed, somewhat opposed, mixed reaction, approved and strongly approved.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f r=-.14 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . agreement with parents Subject code: F1.4.2.2

GEHMA 1990A Study

Reported in: Gehmacher, E.

Stressbewältigung und Selbstbestimmtheit. (Coping with Stress and Locus of Control).

Start uns Aufstieg, 1990, Vol. 3, 13 - 14 (Data also reported in IFES paper E76, Vienna, Austria 1988)

Page in Report: (13)

Population: Railway employees, Austria, 1988

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 68

Correlate

Authors label: Conflict with parents (1)

Our classification: . agreement with parents, code F1.4.2.2

Measurement: Retrospective evaluation of relation with parents on 1-5

scales.

0 good with both parents

conflict with one (mostly father)

3. conflicts with both parents

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/a DM=-0. M' = 2.56

> 1. M' = 2.443. M' = 2.11

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/d r=-.13 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . agreement with parents Subject code: F1.4.2.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Consonance with parents in career-orientation (1)

Our classification: . agreement with parents, code F1.4.2.2

Measurement: a. Becoming more like father

(or mother).

b. Fathers choice of vocation for

subject.

c. Mothers choice of vocation for

subject.

d. Conflict with father regarding

career choice.

e. Conflict with mother regarding

career choice.

Assessed retrospectively in 1950.

Remarks: Earlier retrospective rating (1950) by 1972 happiness.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{\text{C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a}}$ $\underline{\text{AoV= ns}}$ a.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b $Chi^2 = ns$ a.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns b.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns b.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> c.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns c.

 $\underline{\text{C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a}} \qquad \underline{\text{AoV= ns}} \qquad \text{d.}$

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns d.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns e.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> e.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . agreement with parents Subject code: F1.4.2.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J.Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Parents' opinion of best occupation (1)

Our classification: agreement with parents, code F1.4.2.2

Measurement: Subjects rating in 1936

0 Consonant with own

1 Dissonant

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a Earlier rating of parents opinion (1936) by AoV = ns

present happiness of subject (1972).

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi2= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relation between parents Subject code: F1.4.3

HEERE 1969 Study

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Parents marriage. (1)

Our classification: Relation between parents, code F1.4.3

- Measurement: 1. Warm relationship between parents: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale cool and distant / nether cool nor warm / very warm and close.
 - 2. Parents enjoy each other's company: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not really / very much so.
 - 3. Parents enjoy doing things together: Closed question rated on a 5-point

scale very few / average / a great many.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=+.46 p<.s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r} = + p < .s$

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=+.39 p<.s

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relation between parents Subject code: F1.4.3

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 126

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's marital status at birth

Our classification: Relation between parents, code F1.4.3

Measurement: Mother's marital status ar birth as reported in medical

file

1.unmarried

1.a. never married1.b. widowed1.c. seperated

1.d. divorced

2.married

2.a. married during pregnancy

2.b. married

Measured Values: N: all:4346, 1a:30%, 1b:0,3%, 1c:2%, 1d:4%, 2a:12%, 2b:52%,

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Measure Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1:Mt=7.75$

1a: Mt=7.75 1b: Mt=7.91 1c: Mt=7.89 1d: Mt=7.66

2:Mt=7.72

2a: Mt=7.84 2b: Mt=7.70

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=+ 1:Mt=7.38

la: Mt=7.39
lb: Mt=7.58
lc: Mt=7.40
ld: Mt=7.26

2:Mt=7.42

2a: Mt=7.582b: Mt=7.39

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1:Mt=7.02

la: Mt=7.03
lb: Mt=7.71
lc: Mt=7.09
ld: Mt=6.91

2:Mt=7.01

2a: Mt=7.04 2b: Mt=7.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relation between parents Subject code: F1.4.3

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 130

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's marital status at age 1

Our classification: Relation between parents, code F1.4.3

Measurement: Mother's marital status at age 1 as reported in medical

file

a: mother marriedb: mother single

c: mother separated/divorced

d: mother widowed

Measured Values: N: a:67%, b:18%, c,3%, d:0,1%,

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt= \pm a: Mt=7.74

b: Mt=7.68 c: Mt=7.69 d: Mt=8.13

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm a: Mt=7.44

b: Mt=7.30 c: Mt=7.21 d: Mt=8.75

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h $DMt=\pm$ a: Mt=7.04

b: Mt=6.88 c: Mt=7.03 d: Mt=7.50

Correlational finding on Happiness and Relation between parents Subject code: F1.4.3

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet , Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 130

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Recent change in mother's marital status after birth

Our classification: Relation between parents, code F1.4.3

Measurement: Recent change in mother's marital status after birth as

reported in medical file

a: mother married to child's father after birth b: mother married to other after child's birth

c: mother separated/divorced after birth

Measured Values: N: a:346; b:32; c:49

Remarks: only Ss who are mothers with changed marital status

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

<u>A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a</u> <u>DMt=±</u> a: Mt=7.91

b: Mt=7.35 c: Mt=7.91

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e $DMt=\pm$ a: Mt=7.55

b: Mt=6.95 c: Mt=7.65

O-HL/c/sg/v/5/h DMt=- a: Mt=7.20

b: Mt=6.88 c: Mt=6.64

Correlational finding on Happiness and . equality between parents Subject code: F1.4.3.1

Study MELEI 1982

Reported in: Meleis, A.I.

Effect of Modernization on Kuwaiti Women.

Social Science and Medicine, 1982, Vol. 16, 965 - 970. ISSN 0277 9536 DOI:doi:10.1016/0277-9536(82)

90364-1

Page in Report:

Population: 17-40 aged females, Kuwait, 1982

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 248

Correlate

Authors label: Shared decision making (1)

Our classification: . equality between parents, code F1.4.3.1

Measurement: 0 Unilateral decision by the father

1 Collective decision made by husband

and wife

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-H?/?/oq/?/0/a r=+.18

p<.001

O-H?/?/oq/?/0/a r=+.18

p<.001

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study BERKM 1971

Reported in: Berkman, P.L.

Life Stress and Psychological Well-Being: A Replication of Langner's Analysis in the Midtown Manhatten

Study.

Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, Vol. 12, 35 - 45 ISSN:0022 1465

Page in Report: 42

Population: Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 6928

Correlate

Authors label: Happiness of parents' marriage inchildhood (1)

Our classification: parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

Measurement: Closed question: How happy would you say your parents'

marriage was when you were growing up?:

0: very unhappy/ unhappy/ somewhat

unhappy/ somewhat happy

1: happy/ very happy.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a

DMr=+.07 proportion happy:

p<.05

0: unhappy marriage 39.7% AR= .46 1: happy marriage 60.3% AR= .53

The average ridits (AR) were calculated with the distribution of the total sample as reference

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Father is 'wearing the pants' in the family. (1)

Our classification: parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

Measurement: Closed question: mother / neither (equal in influence) /

father

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=-.18 p<.s

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study NELSO 1981/2

Reported in: Nelson, G.

Moderators of Womens and Childrens Adjustment Following Parental Divorce.

Journal of Divorce, 1981, Vol. 4, 71 - 83

Page in Report: 78

Population: Children, living with divorced mothers, Manitoba, USA, 1978

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 31

Correlate

Authors label: Marital happiness ofparents at the time of separation (1)

Our classification: parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

Measurement: Single direct question to the mother

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa r=+.29

p<.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study SCHAE 1963/1

Reported in: Schaefer, E.S.; Bayley, N.

Maternal Behavior, Child Behavior and Their Intercorrelation.

Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development, Serial no. 87, 1963, Vol. 28, 3 - 127

Page in Report: 117/118

Population: Children followed from age 0 to 18, Berkeley, California, USA, 1929-47

Sample:

Non-Response: 13% drop-outs (7 children and their mothers)

N: 54

Correlate

Authors label: Later marital happi-ness of mother (1)

Our classification: . parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

Measurement: Rating made by three judges on the basis of

interview-protocols (one to three interviews). 8-item index: each item scored on a 7-point scale ranging from

'not at all true' to 'extremely true'.

Assessed at Ss age 9-14. (± 10 years after assessment of

happiness).

Remarks: Happiness (hedonic level) was rated 12 times be-tween

10-36 months of age. Ratings combined: months 10 + 11 + 12

/ 13 + 14 + 15 / 18 + 21 + 24 / 27 + 30 + 36.

Months Months Months Months 10-12 13-15 18-24 27-36

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a mr=+.01 Boys -.04(ns) -.08(ns) +.08(ns) +.08(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a mr=-.04 Girls +.13(ns) -.04(ns) -.25(ns) +.00(ns)

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Marital happiness of parents (1)

Our classification: parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

AoV= ns

Measurement: Subjects rating in 1940

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a

Earlier rating (1940) by present happiness of

subject (1977).

 $\underline{M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b} \qquad \underline{Chi^2= ns}$

Correlational finding on Happiness and . parents marital satisfaction Subject code: F1.4.3.2

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 136

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Parents' sexual intercourse during pregnancy

Our classification: parents marital satisfaction, code F1.4.3.2

Measurement: Parents sexual intercourse during pregnancy as reported in

medical file

1: none

2: in the first trimester3: in the second trimester4: in the third trimester5: last month before birth6: last three days before birth

Measured Values: N: all:4252, 1:6%, 2:7%, 3:16%, 4:57%, 5:12%, 6:2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.80 2: Mt=7.90 3: Mt=7.65 4: Mt=7.71 5: Mt=7.76 6: Mt=7.73 All Mt=7.73
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=01</u> <u>p<.4837</u>	
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.29 2: Mt=7.61 3: Mt=7.33 4: Mt=7.38 5: Mt=7.50 6: Mt=7.63 All Mt=7.40
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=+.01</u> p<.5616	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=6.94 2: Mt=7.10 3: Mt=6.95 4: Mt=7.01 5: Mt=6.99 6: Mt=7.50 All Mt=7.01
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=+.01</u> <u>p<.4165</u>	

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1.5

Study DUIME 2007

Reported in: Duimel, M.

Tieners en Geluk: Liever een Leven Online dan een Gezinsleven? (Teenage Happiness: Link with

Familylife and Life On-Line).

Schnabel, P.; Ed.: "Veel Geluk in 2007", Social Cultural Planning Office (SCP), 2007, The Hague,

Netherlands, 130-135. ISBN 9789037702958

Page in Report: 132

Population: Teenagers, Netherlands, 2005

Sample: Probability simple random sample

Non-Response:

N: 1561

Correlate

Authors label: specific activities together with at least one parent

Our classification: Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.5

Measurement: Selfreported activities together with parents:

-having breakfast/dinner

-watchting tv
-talking

1= less than once a week
2= at least once a week

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a	<u>DM=+</u>	Breakfast together with parent(s) 1: M = 7,5 2: M = 7,9 Difference +0,4
O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a	<u>DM=+</u>	Supper together with parent(s) 1: M = 7,2 2: M = 7,7 Difference +0,5
O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a	<u>DM=+</u>	<pre>TV-watching together with parent(s) 1: M = 7,4 2: M = 7,8 Difference +0,4</pre>
O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a	<u>DM=+</u>	<pre>Talking with parent(s) 1: M = 7,5 2: M = 7,9 Difference +0,4</pre>
O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a	<u>DM=+</u>	Average activities together with parent(s) 1: M = 7,5 2: M = 7,8

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young)

Difference +0,3

Subject code: F1.5

Study SCHAE 1963/1

Reported in: Schaefer, E.S.; Bayley, N.

Maternal Behavior, Child Behavior and Their Intercorrelation.

Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development, Serial no. 87, 1963, Vol. 28, 3 - 127

Page in Report: 109/110

Population: Children followed from age 0 to 18, Berkeley, California, USA, 1929-47

Sample:

Non-Response: 13% drop-outs (7 children and their mothers)

N: 54

Correlate

Authors label: Mother characteristics (at Ss age 0-3) (1)

Our classification: Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.5

Measurement: Ratings by three judges on the basis of notes on observations of about 20 tes- ting sessions in first 3 years of child.

- 1. Permits and stimulates autonomy
 'Does the mother think the child
 should be free to act independently
 and be allowed to work or play apart from the parents?' (5-item in-
- dex).
 2. Ignoring

'Does the mother ignore or reject her child?' (7-item index).

- 3. Perceives child as burden 'Does the mother perceive the child as more a burden and inconvenience than a source of happiness?' (7item index).
- 4. Use of fear to control 'Does the mother attempt to use fear as a way of controlling and teaching the child?' (5-item index)
- 5. Punishment

'Does the mother believe in punishment as an effective method of influencing the child's behavior?'
(7-item index).

6. Intrusiveness

- 'Does the mother seem to be unaware of the fact that a child has a mind of his own and that he should be able to do his own thinking without forceful intrusing by the mother? (4-item index).
- 7. Concern about child's health 'Does this mother seem to be preoccupied with her child's health?' (5-item index).
- 8. Achievement demand

'Does she concern herself about the

- child's achievement?' (4-item index).
- 9. Excessive contact with child 'Does the mother wish to keep the child closely attached to herself?' (4-item index).
- 10.Fostering dependency on child
 'Does this mother tend to baby her
 child or foster dependency on him?'
 (6-item index).
- 11. Emotional involvement with child 'Extent and intensity of emotional and behavioral involvement with the child' (5-item index).
- 12.Expression of affection for child 'Does the mother openly express her love and affection for her child?'(6-item index).
- 13.Equalitarianism
 'Does the mother tend to relate to
 the child as an equal?' (5-item in dex).
- 14.Positive evaluation of child 'Does the mother tend to have a positive evaluation of the child as person?' (6-item index).
- 15. Suppression of aggression
 'Does the mother's ideal seem to be
 a quiet, passive child rather than
 an active, aggressive one?' (4-item
 index).
- 16.Punitiveness

'Does the mother seem punitive and unkind?' (4-item index).

- 17.Strictness (rigidity)
 'Does the mother believe in rigid rules and strict enforcement of those rules?' (5-item index)
- 18.Irritability
 'Does the mother tend to be irritable?' (6-item index).
- 19.Anxiety
 'Does this mother appear overtly
 anxious during the session?' (5-
- 20. Negative emotional states
 'Does she tend towards negative
 emotional states?' (5-item index).
- 21.Mood swings
 'Does she show mood swings?' (5item index).
- 22.Dominance

item index).

- 'Does the mother show competitive, domineering behavior in the family and examining situation?' (6-item index).
- 23.Self-abasement
 'Does this mother seem self-abas ing? (6-item index)
- 24.Dependency
 'Is she a dependent mother?' (7-

item index).

- 25. Over-conscientiousness
 - 'Is she an over-conscientious mother?' (3-item index).
- 26.Sociability

'Does this mother tend to be a social person?' (6-item index).

- 27.Cooperativeness
 - 'Does this mother seem cooperative overtly?' (excluding officiousness, interventions, self-abasing cooperation) (7-item index).
- 28.Narcissism

'Does she try to draw attention to herself?' (3-item index).

- 29.Rejection of homemaking role
 'Does she seem to reject the role
 of homemaker?' (5-item index).
- 30.Estimated intelligence
 'Does this mother have a high intelligence?' (4-item index).
- 31.Poor physical health
 'Is this mother physically healthy?' (3-item index).
- 32.Financial stress
 'Does this mother seem to be subject to financial strain?' (5-item index).

Remarks: Happiness (hedonic level) was rated 12 times be-tween 10-36 months of age. Ratings combined: months 10 + 11 + 12 / 13 + 14 + 15 / 18 + 21 + 24 / 27 + 30 + 36.

Months Months Months Months 10-12 13-15 18-24 27-36

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Rem	arks
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.22</u>	Boys	+.18(ns) +.15(ns) +.26(ns) +.29(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=11	Girls	09(ns)08(ns)12(ns)14(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a mr=-.22 Boys -.03(ns) -.23(ns) -.26(ns) -.35(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=21</u>	Girls	+.04(ns)11(ns) -	40(05)38(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=39	Boys	18(ns)32(ns) -	54(05)53(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=32</u>	Girls	16(ns)32(ns) -	42(05)39(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=27	Boys	13(ns)20(ns) -	39(05)38(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=39	Girls	29(ns)26(ns) -	- 49(05) - 52(05)
N OT MINISTERIA	1111 - 1.07	GIIID	.25(115) .26(115)	.13(03)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=25</u>	Boys	06(ns)19(ns) -	36(ns)41(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=32</u>	Girls	20(ns)26(ns) -	40(05)44(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=36</u>	Boys	36(ns)34(ns) -	35(ns)40(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.03</u>	Girls	+.12(ns) +.07(ns) +	+.02(ns)07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=10</u>	Boys	25(ns)11(ns) -	13(ns) +.10(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.20</u>	Girls	+.12(ns) +.12(ns) +	+.30(ns) +.26(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=14</u>	Boys	22(ns)04(ns) -	11(ns)18(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.28</u>	Girls	+.27(ns) +.18(ns)	+.30(ns) +.35(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=12</u>	Boys	12(ns)08(ns)	16(ns)14(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.17</u>	Girls	+.00(ns) +.07(ns)	+.29(ns) +.30(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=29</u>	Boys	39(05)32(ns)	27(ns)17(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.19</u>	Girls	+.12(ns) +.08(ns)	+.20(ns) +.35(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=03</u>	Boys	08(ns) +.02(ns)	+.00(ns)07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.35</u>	Girls	+.17(ns) +.27(ns)	+.46(05) +.49(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.16</u>	Boys	+.03(ns) +.15(ns)	+.23(ns) +.21(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.32</u>	Girls	+.16(ns) +.22(ns)	+.42(05) +.48(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.35</u>	Boys	+.22(ns) +.26(ns)	+.49(05) +.44(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.46</u>	Girls		+.53(05) +.55(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.28</u>	Boys	+.17(ns) +.26(ns)	+.42(05) +.28(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.32</u>	Girls	+.15(ns) +.22(ns)	+.42(05) +.48(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=30</u>	Boys	39(05)21(ns)	30(ns)31(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=27</u>	Girls	08(ns)36(ns)	40(05)22(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=31</u>	Boys	06(ns)25(ns)	48(05)46(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=35</u>	Girls	28(ns)31(ns)	44(05)38(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=15</u>	Boys	15(ns)06(ns)	29(ns)11(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=46</u>	Girls	33(ns)37(ns)	56(05)57(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=49	Boys	29(ns)42(05)	57(05)69(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=26</u>	Girls	24(ns)30(ns)	32(ns)34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=30</u>	Boys	39(05)36(ns)	58(05)62(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=07</u>	Girls	20(ns)19(ns)	04(ns) +.15(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=29	Boys	07(ns)34(ns)	44(05)30(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=41</u>	Girls	43(ns)41(ns)	44(05)37(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=41</u>	Boys	29(ns)31(ns)50(05)56(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=22</u>	Girls	17(ns)25(ns)32(ns)16(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=27</u>	Boys	21(ns)15(ns)34(ns)40(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.20</u>	Girls	+.23(ns) +.14(ns) +.16(ns) +.28(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=16</u>	Boys	23(ns)02(ns)27(ns)11(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=08</u>	Girls	08(ns)24(ns)01(ns) +.02(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=28</u>	Boys	39(05)24(ns)16(ns)34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.21</u>	Girls	+.33(ns) +.09(ns) +.13(ns) +.30(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=03</u>	Boys	17(ns) +.06(ns)11(ns) +.10(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.14</u>	Girls	+.10(ns)07(ns) +.26(ns) +.27(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>Ra²=01</u>	Boys -	.02 +.08 +.1022
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.36</u>	Girls	+.48(05) +.35(ns) +.37(ns) +.24(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.46</u>	Boys	+.34(ns) +.35(ns) +.45(05) +.68(05)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.15</u>	Girls	09(ns) +.07(ns) +.33(ns) +.29(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=27</u>	Boys	30(ns)23(ns)15(ns)40(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.37	Girls	+.55(ns) +.35(ns) +.33(ns) +.23(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=16</u>	Boys	+.03(ns)10(ns)21(ns)37(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr= 0</u>	Girls	+.19(ns) +.01(ns)15(ns)06(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.51	Boys	+.43(05) +.51(05) +.52(05) +.56(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.22</u>	Girls	+.16(ns) +.07(ns) +.30(ns) +.34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=27</u>	Boys	07(ns)27(ns)28(ns)48(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=02</u>	Girls	03(ns)05(ns) +.09(ns)10(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=41</u>	Boys	32(ns)38(ns)52(05)44(05)

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.5

Study SCHAE 1963/1

Reported in: Schaefer, E.S.; Bayley, N.

Maternal Behavior, Child Behavior and Their Intercorrelation.

Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development, Serial no. 87, 1963, Vol. 28, 3 - 127

Page in Report: 117/118

Population: Children followed from age 0 to 18, Berkeley, California, USA, 1929-47

Sample:

Non-Response: 13% drop-outs (7 children and their mothers)

N: 54

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's characteristics (at Ss age 9-14) (1)

Our classification: Parental behavior (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.5

Measurement: Ratings by three judges on the basis of interview protocols

(one to three interviews).

Assessed ±10 years after rating of baby happiness.

1. Ignoring
 'Does the mother ignore or reject
 her child?' (5-item index).

- 2. Perceives child as a burden 'Does this mother perceive the child as more a burden and inconvenience than a source of happiness?' (5-item index).
- 3. Use of fear to control 'Does this mother attempt to use fear as a way of controlling and teaching the child?' (5-item index).
- 4. Wish to control the child 'Does this mother seem to wish to control the child?" (5-item index).
- 5. Keeps child socially isolated 'Does this mother tend to keep her child socially isolated?' (5-item index).
- 6. Intrusiveness

'Does this mother seem to be unaware of the fact that a child has a mind of his own and that he should be able to do his own thinking without forceful intrusion by the mother?' (4-item index).

- 7. Excessive contact with child 'Does the mother wish to keep the child closely attached to herself?' (5-item index).
- 8. Fostering dependency in child 'Does this mother tend to baby her

child or foster dependency in him?' (5-item index).

- 9. Achievement demand 'Does the mother set high standards of achievement for the child?' (6item index).
- 10. Emotional involvement with child 'Extent and intensity of emotional and behavioral involvement with the child' (6-item index).
- 11. Positive evaluation of child
 'Does this mother have a positive
 evaluation of the child?' (6-item
 index)
- 12. Expression of affection for child 'Does this mother openly express her love and affection for the child?' (5-item index).
- 13. Equalitarianism
 'Does this mother relate to the
 child as an equal?' (4-item index).
- 14. Positive mother-child relationship 'Positiveness of mother-child relationship?' (differentiated from over-possessiveness) (7-item index).
- 15. Permits and stimulates autonomy
 'Does the mother think the child
 should be free to act independently
 and should be allowed to work or
 play apart from his parents?' 5item index).
- 16. Punitiveness
 'Does the mother seem positive and
 unkind?' (6-item index).
- 17. Irritability
 'Does this mother tend to be irritable?' (5-item index).
- 18. Strictness
 'Does this mother believe in rigid rules and strict enforcement of those rules?' (4-item index).
- 19. Anxiety
 'Does the mother appear overtly an xious?' (5-item index).
- 20. Emotional withdrawal
 'Does this mother withdraw from ex ternal involvements?' (6-item in dex).

21. Dependency
 'Is she a dependent mother?' (8 item index).

22. Sociability
 'Is this mother a sociable person?'
 (6-item index).

23. Cooperativeness

'Does this mother seem cooperative overtly?' (excluding officiousness, interventions, selfabasing cooperation) (7-item index).

- 24. Positive emotional state
 'Does this mother tend towards positive emotional states?' (7-item index).
- 25. Communicativeness
 'Does this mother communicate freely in the interview?' (5-item index).
- 26. Rejection of homemaking role
 'Does this mother seem to reject
 the role of homemaker?' (5-item in dex).
- 27. Estimated intelligence
 'Does this mother have a high intelligence?' (6-item index).

Remarks: Happiness (hedonic level) was rated 12 times be-tween 10-36 months of age. Ratings combined: months 10+11+12 / 13+14+15 / 18+21+24 / 27+30+36.

Months Months Months Months 10-12 13-15 18-24 27-36

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Rem	arks
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=37</u>	Boys	31(ns)41(ns)39(ns)39(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=34</u>	Girls	27(ns)37(ns)30(ns)44(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=26</u>	Boys	40(ns)33(ns)28(ns)03(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=04</u>	Girls	+.27(ns)28(ns)14(ns) -	02(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=29</u>	Boys	26(ns)35(ns)28(ns) -	28(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=05</u>	Girls	+.10(ns)03(ns)07(ns) -	19(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=15</u>	Boys	24(ns)19(ns)09(ns) -	.09(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=06</u>	Girls	02(ns) +.03(ns)03(ns) -	23(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.21</u>	Boys	+.21(ns) +.21(ns) +.21(ns) +	21(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=21</u>	Girls	01(ns)12(ns)22(ns) -	49(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.14</u>	Boys	03(ns) +.28(ns) +.16(ns) +	16(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=25</u>	Girls	06(ns)18(ns)30(ns) -	45(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.18</u>	Boys	+.20(ns) +.29(ns) +.12(ns) +	12(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=24</u>	Girls	34(ns)17(ns)13(ns) -	33(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.43	Boys	+.33(ns) +.57(05) +.41(ns) +	41

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=09</u>	Girls	-	.16(ns)	27(ns)	06(ns)	+.12(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.60</u>	Boys	+	.48(ns)	+.65(05)	+.60(05)	+.68(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.19	Girls	+	.32(ns)	+.21(ns)	+.00(ns)	+.23(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.67</u>	Boys	+	.46(ns)	+.79(05)	+.72(05)	+.72(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.15</u>	Girls	_	.03(ns)	+.06(ns)	+.19(ns)	+.39(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.27</u>	Boys	+	.06(ns)	+.30(ns)	+.36(ns)	+.36(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.32	Girls	+	.31(ns)	+.38(ns)	+.12(ns)	+.48(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.23</u>	Boys	+	.14(ns)	+.34(ns)	+.22(ns)	+.22(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.05</u>	Girls	-	.12(ns)	02(ns)	02(ns)	+.34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.49</u>	Boys	+	.36(ns)	+.57(05)	+.51(ns)	+.51(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.14</u>	Girls	+	.03(ns)	+.08(ns)	+.04(ns)	+.40(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.29</u>	Boys	+	.29(ns)	+.32(ns)	+.28(ns)	+.28(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.16</u>	Girls	+.12(ns) +.13(ns) +.05(ns) +.35(ns)
A CD/mi/tch/n/7/a	mr 22	Dorra	20/ng) 45/ng) 24/ng) 24/ng)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=33</u>	Boys	20(ns)45(ns)34(ns)34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.10</u>	Girls	+.19(ns) +.01(ns)05(ns) +.26(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=33</u>	Boys	34(ns)33(ns)32(ns)32(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=10</u>	Girls	05(ns)08(ns) +.03(ns)31(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=21</u>	Boys	15(ns)24(ns)23(ns)23(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=11</u>	Girls	03(ns)21(ns)03(ns)19(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=10</u>	Boys	06(ns)28(ns)12(ns) +.07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.08</u>	Girls	+.28(ns) +.16(ns)06(ns)07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=07</u>	Boys	24(ns)15(ns) +.05(ns) +.05(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr= 0</u>	Girls	21(ns)06(ns) +.21(ns) +.06(ns)
A CD/million la la la la	mar 15	Dove	06(mg) 00() 21() 21()
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.15</u>	Boys	+.06(ns)08(ns) +.31(ns) +.31(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=03</u>	Girls	28(ns) +.01(ns) +.21(ns)08(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.14	Boys	06(ns) +.07(ns) +.18(ns) +.36(ns)
A-CF/IIII/(SD/III///a	<u> </u>	ьоуь	00(IIS) +.07(IIS) +.10(IIS) +.30(IIS)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.13</u>	Girls	+.19(ns) +.03(ns) +.09(ns) +.19(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.35</u>	Boys	+.28(ns) +.31(ns) +.40(ns) +.40(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.16</u>	Girls	+.25(ns) +.03(ns) +.02(ns) +.34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.26	Boys	+.32(ns) +.20(ns) +.26(ns) +.26(ns)
A OF MIRESONIFIA	1111-1.20	2075	
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.20</u>	Girls	+.18(ns) +.18(ns) +.14(ns) +.29(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr = +.56	Boys	
			+.62(05) +.57(05) +.58(05) +.46(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=12</u>	Girls	+.62(05) +.57(05) +.58(05) +.46(ns)16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=12</u>	Girls	
	<u>mr=12</u>	Girls	
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=12</u> <u>mr=+.09</u>	Girls Boys	
			16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.09</u>	Boys	16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns) +.34(ns) +.08(ns)04(ns)04(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.09</u> <u>mr=+.09</u>	Boys Girls	16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns) +.34(ns) +.08(ns)04(ns)04(ns) +.14(ns)02(ns) +.06(ns) +.19(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.09</u>	Boys	16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns) +.34(ns) +.08(ns)04(ns)04(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.09</u> <u>mr=+.09</u>	Boys Girls	16(ns)21(ns)17(ns) +.08(ns) +.34(ns) +.08(ns)04(ns)04(ns) +.14(ns)02(ns) +.06(ns) +.19(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a mr=+.35 Boys +.33(ns) +.26(ns) +.41(ns) +.41(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a mr=+.10 Girls +.34(ns) +.02(ns) -.10(ns) +.12(ns)

Correlational finding on Happiness and Presence of parents Subject code: F1.5.1

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 149

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: frequency of contact with nonresident parent

Our classification: Presence of parents, code F1.5.1

Measurement: question not reported

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

<u>A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a</u> <u>Beta=-.08</u> Beta controlled for:

ns - stepfamily lifestyle (traditionalism)

- time since (step)family formation

- stepmother/stepfather family

- social class of stepfamily

- age

- sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rearing-style of parents Subject code: F1.5.2

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Encouragement and guidance by parents. (1)

Our classification: Rearing-style of parents, code F1.5.2

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale pretty much on my

own / some guidance / parents gave lots of guidance

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . demanding Subject code: F1.5.2.1

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Father has high expectations. (1)

Our classification: . demanding, code F1.5.2.1

Measurement: Closed question: no / to some extent /

yes

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r} = \underline{n}\underline{s}$

Correlational finding on Happiness and . demanding Subject code: F1.5.2.1

Study SCHUL 1985B

Reported in: Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H.

Lebensqualität in Osterreich. (Quality-of-Life in Austria).

Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, 1985, Austria

Page in Report: 48, T27

Population: Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 1776

Correlate

Authors label: Achievement orientedupbringing (1)

Our classification: . demanding, code F1.5.2.1

Measurement: Two item index of direct questions on self perceived

oriented upbringing.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a r=-.06

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a r=-.06

Correlational finding on Happiness and . demanding Subject code: F1.5.2.1

Study SCHUL 1985B

Reported in: Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H.

Lebensqualität in Osterreich. (Quality-of-Life in Austria).

Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, 1985, Austria

Page in Report: 48,T27

Population: Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 1776

Correlate

Authors label: Education oriented upbringing (1)

Our classification: . demanding, code F1.5.2.1

Measurement: Direct question: "Did your parents highly value good school

achievements? Yes/No".

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a $\underline{r}=+.11$

 $O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a \qquad r=+.11$

Correlational finding on Happiness and . punitive Subject code: F1.5.2.2

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Parental punitiveness (1)

Our classification: . punitive, code F1.5.2.2

Measurement: Index of 10 items at T1 in which the respondent rated his

parents on how often they did such things as 'take away your privileges', 'threaten to slap you', 'yell, shout or scream at you', 'disagree about punishing you', etc. Scale:

1.00 = never, 5.00 = always

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=-}$ T1 happiness: tau = -.27 (001)

p<.001 T2 happiness: tau = -.21 (001)

T3 happiness: tau = -.17 (001) T4 happiness: tau = -.16 (001) T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and . punitive Subject code: F1.5.2.2

Study GEHMA 1990A

Reported in: Gehmacher, E.

Stressbewältigung und Selbstbestimmtheit. (Coping with Stress and Locus of Control).

Start uns Aufstieg, 1990, Vol. 3, 13 - 14 (Data also reported in IFES paper E76, Vienna, Austria 1988)

Page in Report: (12)

Population: Railway employees, Austria, 1988

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 68

Correlate

Authors label: Corporal punishment (1)

Our classification: . punitive, code F1.5.2.2

Measurement: Retrospective report

1. never

.

5. often

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/a DM= \pm 1. M'=2.36

2. M'=2.41 3. M'=2.69 4. M'=2.60 5. M'=2.00

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/d \underline{r} =-.02 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . punitive Subject code: F1.5.2.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J.Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Punishment by parents (1)

Our classification: . punitive, code F1.5.2.2

Measurement: How often punished.

a. Subjects reportb. Parents report

Both assessed in 1940

Remarks: Earlier retrospective ratings (1940) by present happiness

(1972).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns a.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns a.

C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a AoV= ns b.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns b.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . permissive vs dominant Subject code: F1.5.2.3

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Dominance of parents (1)

Our classification: permissive vs dominant, code F1.5.2.3

Measurement: 1. Having a dominant father:

Closed question rated on a 9-point scale very submissive / moderate /

very dominant

2. Having a dominant mother:

Closed question rated on a 9-point scale veru submissive / moderate /

very dominant

3. Father is demanding very little: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale demands a lot / moderate /

very little

4. Mother is demanding very little: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale demands a lot / moderate /

very little

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=- p<.s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=- p<.s

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r= ns

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r = +.21 p < .s

Correlational finding on Happiness and . permissive vs dominant Subject code: F1.5.2.3

Study **HEERE 1969**

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967 Population:

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Freedom at home. (1)

Our classification: permissive vs dominant, code F1.5.2.3

Measurement:

- 1. Freedom to take own trips or go
 travelling:
 Closed question rated on a 5-point
 scale not at all / parents decided
 / completely free
- 2. Freedom to follow own interests:
 Closed question rated on a 9-point
 scale not much / some /
 considerable freedom
- 3. Having a dominant father: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale very submissive / moderate / very dominant
- 4. Having a dominant mother Closed question rated on a 9-point scale very submissive / moderate / very dominant
- 5. Father is demanding very little: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale demands a lot / moderate / very little
- 6. Mother is demanding very little: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale demands a lot / moderate / very little
- 7. Being often allowed by parents to make own decisions: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale almost never / sometimes / nearly all the time
- 8. Parents were permissive and
 lenient:
 Closed question rated on a 9-point
 scale very strict / about average /
 very permissive and lenient
- 9. Freedom in dating:
 Closed question rated on a 5-point
 scale not at all / parents decided
 / completely free
- 10. Freedom to decide how late to stay
 out:
 Closed question rated on a 5-point
 scale not at all / parents decided
 / completely free
- 11. Freedom to stay overnight at
 someone's house:
 Closed question rated on a 5-point
 scale not at all / parents decided
 / completely free
- 12. Freedom to drink alcohol:

Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all / parents decided / completely free

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r} = \underline{n}\underline{s}$

 $O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b \qquad r=+.30 p<.s$

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r=-p<.s

 $O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b \qquad r=-p<.s$

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r} = \underline{n}\underline{s}$

 $\underline{O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b} \qquad \underline{r=+.21 \ p<.s}$

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r=+.33 p<.s</u>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r= ns</u>

Correlational finding on Happiness and . permissive vs dominant Subject code: F1.5.2.3

Study SCHAE 1963/1

Reported in: Schaefer, E.S.; Bayley, N.

Maternal Behavior, Child Behavior and Their Intercorrelation.

Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development, Serial no. 87, 1963, Vol. 28, 3 - 127

Page in Report: 109-110

Population: Children followed from age 0 to 18, Berkeley, California, USA, 1929-47

Sample:

Non-Response: 13% drop-outs (7 children and their mothers)

N: 54

Correlate

Authors label: Freedom allowed by the mother (at Ss age 0-3) (1)

Our classification: permissive vs dominant, code F1.5.2.3

Measurement: Ratings by three judges on the basis of notes on obser-

vations of about 20 testing sessions in the child's first 3

years of life.

- Permits and stimulates autonomy
 'Does the mother think the child
 should be free to act independently
 and be allowed to work or play
 apart from the parents?' (5-item
 index).
- 2. Intrusiveness

'Does the mother seem to be unaware of the fact that a child has a mind of his own and that he should be able to do his own thinking without forceful intrusion by the mother?' (4-item index).

- 3. Strictness (rigidity)
 'Does the mother believe in rigid
 rules and strict enforcement of
 those rules?" (5-item index).
- 4. Fostering dependency on child 'Does this mother tend to baby her child or foster dependency on him?' (6-item index).
- 5. Excessive contact with child 'Does the mother wish to keep the child closely attached to herself?' (4-item index).

Remarks: Happiness (hedonic level) was rated 12 times be-tween months 10-36 of age. Ratings combined: months 10 + 11 + 12 / 13 + 14 + 15 / 18 + 21 + 24 / 27+ 30 + 36.

Boys N = 15, girls N = 16

Months Months Months Months 10-12 13-15 18-24 27-36

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Rema	rks			
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.22</u>	Boys	+.18(ns)	+.15(ns)	+.26(ns)	+.29(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=11</u>	Girls	09(ns)	08(ns)	12(ns)	14(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=36</u>	Boys	36(ns)	34(ns)	35(ns)	40(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.03</u>	Girls	+.12(ns)	+.07(ns)	+.02(ns)	07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=15</u>	Boys	15(ns)	06(ns)	29(ns)	11(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=46</u>	Girls	33(ns)	37(ns)	56(05)	57(05)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=29	Boys	39(05)	32(ns)	27(ns)	17(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.19	Girls	+ 12(ng)	+.08(ns)	+ 20(ng)	+ 35(ng)
N OI MINISTANTA	1111-1.12	GIIID	1.12(115)	1.00(115)	.20(115)	1.33(113)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=12</u>	Boys	12(ns)	08(ns)	16(ns)	14(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.17</u>	Girls	+.00(ns)	+.07(ns)	+.29(ns)	+.30(ns)

Correlational finding on Happiness and . permissive vs dominant Subject code: $\mathsf{F1.5.2.3}$

Study SCHAE 1963/1

Reported in: Schaefer, E.S.; Bayley, N.

Maternal Behavior, Child Behavior and Their Intercorrelation.

Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development, Serial no. 87, 1963, Vol. 28, 3 - 127

Page in Report: 117-118

Population: Children followed from age 0 to 18, Berkeley, California, USA, 1929-47

Sample:

Non-Response: 13% drop-outs (7 children and their mothers)

N: 54

Correlate

Authors label: Freedom allowed by the mother (at Ss age 9-14) (1)

Our classification: . permissive vs dominant, code F1.5.2.3

Measurement: Ratings by three judges on the basis of interview-protocols

(one to three interviews).

Assessed ±10 years after rating of baby-happiness.

- Permits and stimulates autonomy
 'Does the mother think the child
 should be free to act independently
 and should be allowed to work and
 play apart from his parents?' (5 item index).
- 2. Intrusiveness

'Does the mother seem to be unaware of the fact that a child has a mind of his own and that he should be able to do his own thinking without forceful intrusion by the mother?' (4-item index).

- 3. Strictness (rigidity)
 'Does the mother believe in rigid
 rules and strict enforcement of
 those rules?' (4-item index).
- 4. Wish to control the child 'Does the mother seem to wish to control the child?' (5-item index).
- 5. Fostering dependency in child 'Does the mother tend to baby her child or foster dependency in him?' (5-item index).
- 6. Excessive contact with child 'Does the mother wish to keep the child closely attached to herself?' (5-item index).

7. Keeps child socially isolated?'
'Does this mother tend to keep her child socially isolated?'

Remarks: Happiness (hedonic level) was rated 12 times be- tween months 10-36 of age. Ratings combined: months 10 + 11 + 12

/ 13 + 14 + 15 / 18 + 21 + 24 / 27 + 30 + 36.

Months Months Months Months 10-12 13-15 18-24 27-36

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Rema	nrks			
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=33</u>	Boys	20(ns) -	.45(ns)	34(ns)	34(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.10</u>	Girls	+.19(ns) +	.01(ns)	06(ns)	+.26(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.14</u>	Boys	03(ns) +	.28(ns)	+.16(ns)	+.16(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=25</u>	Girls	06(ns) -	.18(ns)	30(ns)	45(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=10</u>	Boys	06(ns) -	.28(ns)	12(ns)	+.07(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	mr=+.08	Girls	+.28(ns) +	- 16(ng)	- 06(ng)	- 07(ng)
A GI IIII/ISB/III/II	<u> </u>	CITIS	1.20(115)	.10(115)	.00(115)	.07(115)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=15</u>	Boys	24(ns) -	.19(ns)	09(ns)	09(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=06</u>	Girls	02(ns) +	.03(ns)	03(ns)	23(ns)

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.43</u>	Boys	+.33(ns) +.57(05) +.41(ns) +.41(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=09</u>	Girls	16(ns)27(ns)06(ns) +.12(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.18</u>	Boys	+.20(ns) +.29(ns) +.12(ns) +.12(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=24</u>	Girls	34(ns)17(ns)13(ns)33(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=+.21</u>	Boys	+.21(ns) +.21(ns) +.21(ns)
A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a	<u>mr=21</u>	Girls	01(ns)12(ns)22(ns)49(ns)

Correlational finding on Happiness and . supportive Subject code: F1.5.2.4

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Protection and sup- port from parents inmoments of stress. (1)

Our classification: . supportive, code F1.5.2.4

Measurement: Closed question: no / to some extent / yes.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b

r=+p<.s

Correlational finding on Happiness and . supportive Subject code: F1.5.2.4

Study **HEERE 1969**

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Being sheltered by parents. (1) Authors label:

Our classification: . supportive, code F1.5.2.4

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all / very

much.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Abuse by parents Subject code: F1.5.3

DOSCH 1979 Study

Reported in: Dosch, M.F.

Child Abuse: A Comparison of Physical Abusers, Sexual Abusers, and Non-Abusers on Perceived Locus

of Control, Self-Acceptance and Avowed Happiness. Doctoral Dissertation, University of Oregon, 1994, USA

Page in Report: 71

Population: Parents, abusing and non-abusing, Oregon, USA, 197?

Sample:

Non-Response: 234 questionn. given to case-workers, 76 actually sent out

N: 34

Correlate

Authors label: Child abuse (2)

Our classification: Abuse by parents, code F1.5.3

Measurement: 0 Non-abusing parents: Matched with

abusers on 7 demographic variables. 1 Abusing parents:Selected by social

workers

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa G=-.08 Sexual abusers unhappier relatively than physical

p < .05 abusers

Correlational finding on Happiness and Abuse by parents Subject code: F1.5.3

Study DOSCH 1979

Reported in: Dosch, M.F.

Child Abuse: A Comparison of Physical Abusers, Sexual Abusers, and Non-Abusers on Perceived Locus

of Control, Self-Acceptance and Avowed Happiness. Doctoral Dissertation, University of Oregon, 1994, USA

Page in Report: 74

Population: Parents, abusing and non-abusing, Oregon, USA, 197?

Sample:

Non-Response: 234 questionn. given to case-workers, 76 actually sent out

N: 34

Correlate

Authors label: Child abuse (1)

Our classification: Abuse by parents, code F1.5.3

Measurement: 0 Passive

1 Active child-abusing parents

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics

Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa

SNR= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Abuse by parents Subject code: F1.5.3

HEERE 1969 Study

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Discipline (1)

Our classification: Abuse by parents, code F1.5.3

- Measurement: 1. Parents are sure in their decisions having to do with one's discipline: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale always very doubtful / sometimes / always certain and sure.
 - 2. Being often allowed by parents to make own decisions: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale almost never / sometimes / nearly all the time.
 - 3. Freedom to decide how late to stay out: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all (parents decide) / completely free.
 - 4. Freedom to drink alcohol: Closed question rated on a 5-point

scale not at all (parents decide) / completely free.

- 5. Freedom to stay overnight at someone's house: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all (parents decide) / completely free.
- 6. Freedom to take own trips or go travelling: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all (parents decide) / completely free.
- 7. Freedom in dating: Closed question rated on a 5-point scale not at all (parents decide) / completely free.
- 8. Freedom to follow own interests: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale not much / some / considerable freedom.
- 9. Decisions thoroughly discussed in
 the family:
 Closed question rated on a 9-point
 discussion / some
 discussion / very thorough discussion.

10 Parents were permissive and lenient: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale very strict / about average / very permissive and lenient. scale usually no

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics

Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b

r = +.20 p < .s

O-HL/g/sg/n/9/b

r = +.33 p < .s

Findings on Happiness and FA	IILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r= ns</u>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r=+.30 p<.s</u>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r=+.33 p<.s</u>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	<u>r= ns</u>

Subject code: F1.6

WINKE 2005 Study

> Reported in: Winkelmann, R

> > Subjective Well-Being and the Family: Results from an Ordered Probit Model with Multiple Random

Effects.

Empirical Economics, 2005, Vol. 30, 749 - 761. (also Working Paper No 0204, 2002, University of Zürich, Socioeconomic Institute, Switzerland. Updated 2004), ISSN 0377 7332. DOI: 10.1007/s00181-005-0255-

Page in Report: 14,18

Population: Parents and their 16+ aged children, West-Germany, followed from 1984 to 1997

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 1309

Correlate

Interdependence of long-term subjective well-being among spouses Authors label:

Our classification: Characteristics of family-members (earlier for adults), code F1.6

Measurement: Correspondence in reported life satisfaction of spouses

during this 14 year period.

Measured Values: 35% of the cases the responses among spouses coincide exactly as compared to 9 % of perfect

agreement to be expected under complete randomness. (14970 person-year observations for 1309

different families)

Remarks: Happiness assessed every year during 14 years. Calculated

using bi-variate cross-tabulation of responses to the same

question on life satisfaction at the same time.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Chi²=3,87

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Beta=+.20 Control variables are:

> - age - gender - employment

- self rated health - family income

- number of persons in the household

- trend over time

Correlational finding on Happiness and Characteristics of family-members (earlier for adults)

Subject code: F1.6

WINKE 2005 Study

Reported in: Winkelmann, R

Subjective Well-Being and the Family: Results from an Ordered Probit Model with Multiple Random

Effects.

Empirical Economics, 2005, Vol. 30, 749 - 761. (also Working Paper No 0204, 2002, University of Zürich, Socioeconomic Institute, Switzerland. Updated 2004), ISSN 0377 7332. DOI: 10.1007/s00181-005-0255-

Page in Report: 17

Population: Parents and their 16+ aged children, West-Germany, followed from 1984 to 1997

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 1309

Correlate

Authors label: Interdependence of long-term subjective well-being in a family

Our classification: Characteristics of family-members (earlier for adults), code F1.6

Measurement: Correspondence in happiness between members of the same

family (parents and children)

Measured Values: 25168 person-year observations

Remarks: Assessed every year during 14 years. Calculated using

bivariate cross tabulation of responses to the same question on life satisfaction at the same time.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

44,4 % of the variance in life satisfaction over O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Beta=+.56

> this period is long-term (as opposed to transitory). Of this longterm variance: - 56 % is shared by all family members - 44 % is specific to the individual

Control variables are:

- age

- gender

- employment

- self rated health

- family income

- number of persons in the household

- trend over time

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 5, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Worship frequency of the mother

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Frequency of worship attendance of the mother

a: non-worshipper

b: worships 1-2 times yearly
c: worships 3-4 times yearly

d: worships monthly
e: worships weekly

For B: Worship frequency of the family

Remarks: Worship data apply to 1994-95.

See also jones2002C-3.jpg: Chart 3.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n D%=+ % very happy:

a: non-worshipper 24%
b: worships 1-2 times yearly 29%
c: worships 3-4 times yearly 30%
d: worships monthly 30%
e: worships weekly 31%

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=+.00 Children with religious affiliation only:

p<.002 (boys N=1178, girls N=1192)

girls

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n

 $\frac{B=+.00}{p<.001}$

boys

B controlled for:
- child's age
- religion

worship frequency of the childpublic school attendee or not

family compositioneducation of the motherworking mother or not

- smoking and drinking by the mother

- household income

- region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 6, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Smoking of the mother

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: The mother

1: does not smoke

2: smokes

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n DMt= The mother 1: does not smoke Mt 5,95 [5,94; 5,95] 2: smokes Mt 5,71 [5,70; 5,72] Mt 0,24 [0,24; 0,24] Difference gH = -.08O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n p<.000 O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=-.01 girls, mother smokes, drinks p<.094 B=+.02boys, mother smokes, drinks O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n p<.041 O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=+.01Children with religious affiliation only: (girls p<.739 N=1192, boys N=1178) girls, mother smokes, drinks O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n B=+.04boys, mother smokes, drinks p<.005 B controlled for: - child's age - religion - worship frequency, child - public school attendee or not - family composition - education of the mother - working mother or not - household income - region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study MUSSE 1980/1

Reported in: Mussen, P.; Eichorn, D.H.; Honzik, M.P.; Bieber, S.L.; Meredith, W.M.

Continuity and Change in Womens Characteristics over Four Decades.

International Journal of Behavioral Development, 1980, Vol. 3, 333 - 347. ISSN 0165 0254

Page in Report: 342

Population: Mothers, followed from age 30 to 70, Berkeley USA, 1928-68

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 53

Correlate

Authors label: Intelligent; interested in child; uncritical of child (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Personality factor that appears in an analysis of ratings

by two interviewers on 71 personality-social

characteristics.

This factor only appeared in old age (T2: age 70).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-CP/g/fi/v/7/a r=-.29 ns Happiness assessed at T2 (age 70).

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study MUSSE 1980/1

Reported in: Mussen, P.; Eichorn, D.H.; Honzik, M.P.; Bieber, S.L.; Meredith, W.M.

Continuity and Change in Womens Characteristics over Four Decades.

International Journal of Behavioral Development, 1980, Vol. 3, 333 - 347. ISSN 0165 0254

Page in Report: 342

Population: Mothers, followed from age 30 to 70, Berkeley USA, 1928-68

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 53

Correlate

Authors label: Intelligent; interested in child (3)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Personality factor that appears in an analysis of ratings

by two interviewers on 71 personality-social

characteristics.

This factor only appeared in young adulthood (T1: age 30).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-CP/g/fi/v/7/a $\underline{r}=-.20 \text{ ns}$ Happiness assessed at T1 (age 30).

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 78

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Maternal factors: overview (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's life-situation during pregnancy.

1: very poor
2: poor
3: neither/nor

3. neither/nor

4: good

5: very good

Measured Values: N: all:4355, 1:4,8%, 2:16,4%, 3:22,8%, 4:27,8%, 5:28,1%

Remarks: Concerns: health, financial status and social status of the

mother

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=\pm} \qquad 1: Mt=7.64$

2: Mt=7.76 3: Mt=7.65 4: Mt=7.79 5: Mt=7.71 All Mt=7,73

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=+.00

p<.75

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.36

2: Mt=7.33 3: Mt=7.33 4: Mt=7.50 5: Mt=7.40 All Mt=7.40

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=-.00

p<.23

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= \pm 1: Mt=6.85

2: Mt=7.01 3: Mt=6.95 4: Mt=7.08 5: Mt=7.03 All Mt=7.01

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=+.00

p<.25

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 92

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's age at birth.

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's age at birth. Report in medical file

1: under 15 2: 15-19 3: 20-24 4: 25-29 5: 30-39 6: over 39 Measured Values: N: all:4355 1:0,1% 2:21%, 3:30%, 4:23%, 5:23%, 6:3%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.50 2: Mt=7.81 3: Mt=7.78 4: Mt=7.61 5: Mt=7.71 6: Mt=7.54 All Mt=7.73
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=03</u> <u>p<.0782</u>	
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	BMCT=	1 < (2, 3, 5)
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=6.88 2: Mt=7.50 3: Mt=7.41 4: Mt=7.31 5: Mt=7.41 6: Mt=7.21 All Mt=7.40
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=02</u> <u>p<.1797</u>	
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	BMCT= ns	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=6.25 2: Mt=7.08 3: Mt=7.05 4: Mt=7.00 5: Mt=6.91 6: Mt=7.10 All Mt=7.01
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=02</u> <u>p<.1187</u>	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	BMCT= ns	

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

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http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 94

31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993 Population:

Non-probability chunk sample Sample:

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Mother's height at birth Authors label:

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother height. Report in medical file of mother

1: less than 150

2: 150-154 3: 155-159 4: 160-169

5: more than 169

Measured Values: N: all:4318, 1:2%, 2:7%, 3:20%, 4:58%, 5:14%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness	Statistics	Elaboration/Domarks
Magazira	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks

Measure $DMt=\pm$

> 2: Mt=7.833: Mt=7.734: Mt=7.745: Mt=7.58All Mt=7.73

1: Mt=7.80

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=-.02

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a

p<.1456

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a BMCT= ns

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e $DMt=\pm$ 1: Mt=7.73

2: Mt=7.513: Mt=7.434: Mt=7.415: Mt=7.20All Mt=7.40

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=-.02

p<.0207

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e BMCT= ns

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= \pm 1: Mt=6.85

2: Mt=7.16 3: Mt=6.99 4: Mt=7.01 5: Mt=6.96 All Mt=7.01

 $\underline{\text{O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h}} \qquad \underline{\text{r=-.01}}$

p<.5539

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h BMCT= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 96

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Under-/ overweight of the mother at birth

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's weight in kg as reported in medical file

1: less than average

2: average

3: more than average

Measured Values: N: all:3908, 1:16%, 2:72%, 3:12%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=\pm} \qquad 1: Mt=7.68$

2: Mt=7.75 3: Mt=7.60 All Mt=7.71

 $A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a \qquad r=-.01$

p<.7188

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.31

2: Mt=7.44 3: Mt=7.31 All Mt=7.40

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=+.00

p<.9176

 $\underline{O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h} \qquad \underline{DMt=\pm} \qquad 1: Mt=7.01$

2: Mt=7.03 3: Mt=6.90 All Mt=7.01

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=-.01

p<.4372

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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Page in Report: 98

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's blood type (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mothers blood type. Report in medical file

a: O positiveb: O negativec: A positived: A negativee: B positivef: B negative

g: AB positive h: AB negative

i: AB(C?)with immunizationj: Other with immunization

Measured Values: N: all:4182, a:31%, b:8%, c:35%, d:9%, e:8%, f:2%, g:3%, h:1%, i:2%, j:0,5%

Remarks: The major human blood group system. The ABO type of a

person depends upon the presence or absence of two genes, A and B. These genes determine the configuration of the red blood cell surface. A child of parents with a different

blood-group can have health problems.

A person can be A, B, AB, or O. If a person has two A genes, their red blood cells are type A. If a person has two B genes, their red cells are type B. If the person has one A and one B gene, their red cells are type AB. If the person has neither the A nor B gene, they are type O.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics E	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		a: Mt=7.75 b: Mt=7.78 c: Mt=7.71 d: Mt=7.55 e: Mt=7.70 f: Mt=7.78 g: Mt=7.81 h: Mt=7.50 i: Mt=8.13 j: Mt=8.00
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	a: Mt=7.41 b: Mt=7.45 c: Mt=7.39 d: Mt=7.31 e: Mt=7.36 f: Mt=7.69 g: Mt=7.51 h: Mt=7.11 i: Mt=7.75 j: Mt=7.63

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= \pm a: Mt=7.04

b: Mt=7.06 c: Mt=6.98 d: Mt=6.83 e: Mt=7.03 f: Mt=7.13 g: Mt=7.16 i: Mt=7.16 i: Mt=7.50 All Mt=7.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

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Page in Report: 108,110

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Treatment of the mother before pregnancy (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's medical treatment as reported in medical file of

mother

1: no treatment

2: one or more treatment(s):
 2a: operation for sterility

2b: antex-physex

2c: physex
2d: estrogen
2e: progesterin
2f: corticoids
2g: thyroidin
2h: androgen

2i: unknown hormone

Measured Values: N: 1:3813:, 2:507, 2a:2, 2b:11, 2c:34, 2d:76, 2e:30, 2f:25, 2g:73, 2h:35, 2i:221

Remarks: The treatments can be overlapping, therefore only absolute

frequencies are given

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.74$

2: Mt=7.58

2a: Mt=7.50 2b: Mt=7.28

2c: Mt=7.65 2d: Mt=7.46

2e: Mt=7.50

2f: Mt=7.00 2g: Mt=7.46

2h: Mt=7.21

2i: Mt=7.80

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1: Mt=7.41

: Mt=7.26

2a: Mt=7.50 2b: Mt=6.81 2c: Mt=7.35 2d: Mt=6.96 2e: Mt=7.25 2f: Mt=6.60

2g: Mt=7.36 2h: Mt=7.29

2i: Mt=7.43

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- 1: Mt=7.04

2: Mt=6.83

2a: Mt=7.50 2b: Mt=6.81 2c: Mt=7.06 2d: Mt=6.81 2e: Mt=6.59 2f: Mt=6.60

2g: Mt=6.71 2h: Mt=6.79 2i: Mt=6.86

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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Page in Report: 114

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's post partum conditions (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's post partum conditions as reported in medical file

1: no condition

2: one of more conditions:

2a: haemorrhagia

2b: puerperal complications2c: sterilization after birth2d: other puerperal complications2e: proteinura after delivery2f: hypertension after delivery

Measured Values: N: 1:3376, 2:1201, 2a:10, 2b:402, 2c:55, 2d:66, 2e:206, 2f:462

Remarks: Because answers can be overlapping, only absolute

frequencies are given

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=+} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.71$

2: Mt=7.78
2a: Mt=8.00
2b: Mt=7.68
2c: Mt=7.31
2d: Mt=8.23
2e: Mt=7.88
2f: Mt=7.81

 $\underline{O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e} \qquad \underline{DMt=+} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.40$

2: Mt=7.44 2a: Mt=8.00 2b: Mt=7.28 2c: Mt=6.95 2d: Mt=8.03 2e: Mt=7.60

2f: Mt=7.48

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.00

2: Mt=7.04 2a: Mt=7.75 2b: Mt=7.03 2c: Mt=6.41 2d: Mt=7.24 2e: Mt=7.08 2f: Mt=7.06

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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Page in Report: 132

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Father's age at birth

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Fathers age at birth as reported in medical file

1: under 20 2: 20-29 3: 30-39 4: 40-49 5: 50-59 6: 60-69 7: over 69 Measured Values: N: all:4270, 1:8,4%, 2:50,1%, 3:32,3%, 4:87,9%, 5:1,1%, 6:0,2%, 7:0,0%(1)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	DMt=-	1: Mt=7.83 2: Mt=7.74 3: Mt=7.70 4: Mt=7.70 5: Mt=7.60 6: Mt=7.14 7: Mt=5.00 All:Mt=7.73
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>r=02</u> <u>p<.2360</u>	
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.51 2: Mt=7.44 3: Mt=7.35 4: Mt=7.30 5: Mt=7.45 6: Mt=7.79 7: Mt=5.00 All:Mt=7.40
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>r=03</u> <u>p<.0798</u>	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=±</u>	1: Mt=7.16 2: Mt=7.05 3: Mt=6.95 4: Mt=7.03 5: Mt=6.94 6: Mt=6.79 7: Mt=5.00 All:Mt=7.03
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>r=03</u> <u>p<.1022</u>	

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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Page in Report: 140

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's number of pregnancies (1)

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's pregnancies before birth of subject as reported in

medical file
1: 1 pregnancy
2: 2 pregnancies
3: 3 pregnancies
4: 4 pregnancies
5: 5 pregnancies
6: 6 pregnancies
7: 7 pregnancies

8: more than 7 pregnancies

Measured Values: N: all:4350, 1:50%, 2:26%, 3:14%, 4:7%, 5:2%, 6:1%, 7:0,2%, 8:0,2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.83

2: Mt=7.64 3: Mt=7.56 4: Mt=7.79 5: Mt=7.53 6: Mt=7.50 7: Mt=8.25 8: Mt=7.50

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=-.03

p<.0255

 $\underline{O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e}$ $\underline{DMt=\pm}$ 1: Mt=7.48

2: Mt=7.36 3: Mt=7.24 4: Mt=7.36

5: Mt=7.30 6: Mt=7.26 7: Mt=8.00

8: Mt=6.66

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=-.03

p<.0396

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.09

2: Mt=6.91 3: Mt=6.98 4: Mt=6.94 5: Mt=7.00 6: Mt=6.85 7: Mt=8.25 8: Mt=6.39

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=-.02

p<.1476

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

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http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 142

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Pregnancies:outcome of mother's previous pregnancies

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Outcomes of mother's earlier pregnancies as reported in

medical file

a: all children born are living

b: extrauterine pregnancyc: abortion in month 1-3d: aborted after 4 months

e: stillborn
f: died at birth
q: died after birth

Measured Values: N: all:2678, a:41,7%, b:1,3%, c31,8%, d:9,4%, e:9.8%, f:1,6%, g:4,4%

Remarks: Ss:only prevous pregnancies

The different answer-catagories don't all exclude each

other

See also: Pregnancies: previous ones Seq.Nr.:179

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=±</u>	a: Mt=7.63 b: Mt=7.80 c: Mt=7.65 d: Mt=7.70 e: Mt=7.61 f: Mt=8.20 g: Mt=7.39
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=±</u>	a: Mt=7.34 b: Mt=7.80 c: Mt=7.35 d: Mt=7.25 e: Mt=7.40 f: Mt=7.50 g: Mt=7.05
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=±</u>	a: Mt=6.98 b: Mt=7.20 c: Mt=6.91 d: Mt=7.06 e: Mt=6.93 f: Mt=6.86 g: Mt=6.63

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

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Page in Report: 144

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Parents' use of contraceptives

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Parents use of contraceptives as reported in medical file

1: no contraceptives used

2: one of the following contraceptives:

2a: diaphragm2b: cream

2c: vaginal contraceptive

2d: condom
2e: irrigation

2f: coitus interruptus

2g: safe period

Measured Values: N: all:4455, 1:93%, 2:9,2%, 2a:2,8%, 2b:2,5%, 2c:0,3%, 2d:2,3%, 2e:0,3%, 2f:0,2%, 2g:1%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
MeasureStatisticsElaboration/RemarksA-AOL/m/sq/v/5/aDMt=-1: Mt=7.75

2: Mt=7.55
2a: Mt=7.76
2b: Mt=7.75
2c: Mt=7.71
2d: Mt=7.19
2e: Mt=6.73
2f: Mt=7.50
2g: Mt=7.11
All: 7.73

 $\underline{O\text{-}SLu/c/sq/v/5/e} \qquad \underline{DMt} = -1: \quad \text{Mt} = 7.41$

2: Mt=7.23 2a: Mt=7.38 2b: Mt=7.01 2c: Mt=6.66 2d: Mt=7.09

2e: Mt=6.73 2f: Mt=8.13 2g: Mt=7.16

All: 7.40

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- 1: Mt=7.03

2: Mt=6.88
2a: Mt=7.05
2b: Mt=7.01
2c: Mt=6.66
2d: Mt=6.59
2e: Mt=5.78
2f: Mt=7.50
2q: Mt=6.95

6.95

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

All:

Study VENTE 1997

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Page in Report: 162

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's work with chemicals during pregnancy

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Mother's wprk with chemicals during pregnancy as reported

in medical file

1: no 2: yes Measured Values: N: all: 2818, 1:98%, 2:2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.73

2: Mt=7.88

 $\underline{O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: Mt=7.40$

2: Mt=7.36

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1: Mt=7.01

2: Mt=6.66

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents characteristics Subject code: F1.6.1

Study VENTE 1997

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Page in Report: 274

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Blood relation between parents

Our classification: Parents characteristics, code F1.6.1

Measurement: Blood relation between parents as reported in medical file

1.no blood relationship

2: blood relation

2a: distant relative2b: nephew, niece

2c: cousin

Measured Values: N all:4333, 1:99,4%, a:0,3%, b:0,1%, c:0,3%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1. \quad Mt=7.74$

2: Mt=7.21 2a: Mt=6.36 2b: Mt=7.50 2c: Mt=7.95

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1. Mt=7.40

2: Mt=7.11 2a: Mt=6.36 2b: Mt=7.50 2c: Mt=7.73

 $\underline{O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h} \qquad \underline{DMt=+} \qquad 1. \quad Mt=7.01$

2: Mt=7.02 2a: Mt=6.36 2b: Mt=8.13 2c: Mt=7.28

Correlational finding on Happiness and . attitudes of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.1

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Father has clear and strong beliefs. (1)

Our classification: . attitudes of parents, code F1.6.1.1

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale beliefs very

uncertain / some uncertainty / very strong and clear

beliefs.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/g/sg/n/9/b r = +.26 p < .s

Correlational finding on Happiness and . attitudes of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.1

VENTE 1997 Study

> Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

> > Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

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Page in Report: 276

31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993 Population:

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's rejection of pregnancy

Our classification: . attitudes of parents, code F1.6.1.1

Measurement: Report in medical file on acceptance of a pregnancy from

which subject was born

1: firmly wanted

2: wanted

3: not unwanted

4: unwanted (no use of contraceptives) 5: unwanted (failed use of contraceptives)

6: made abortion-attempt

b:Wanted or unwanted 1: wanted (1+2) 2: unwanted (5+6)

Measured Values: N all:4217, a:1:21,5%, 2:23,6%, 3:0,8%, 4:42%, 5:5%, 6:7,1% N b: 1:45.1%, 2:12.1%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=± 1: Mt=7.682: Mt=7.763: Mt=7.804: Mt=7.785: Mt=7.386: Mt=7.71All= 7.73A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a G = +.00 nsA-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=b: wanted (1+2) vs unwanted (5+6) 1: Mt=7.742: Mt=7.57O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e 1: Mt=7.41 $DMt=\pm$ 2: Mt=7.383: Mt=7.434: Mt=7.465: Mt=7.236: Mt=7.20All= 7.40 G=-.01 ns O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=b: wanted (1+2) vs unwanted (5+6) 1: Mt=7,392: Mt=7,21O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h $DMt=\pm$ 1: Mt=7.032: Mt=7.043: Mt=7.584: Mt=7.045: Mt=6.636: Mt=6.90All= 7.00 O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h G=-.03 ns O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=b: wanted (1+2) vs unwanted (5+6) 1: Mt=7,032: Mt=6.79

Correlational finding on Happiness and . attitudes of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 278

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's abortion attempts

Our classification: . attitudes of parents, code F1.6.1.1

Measurement: Report on medical file on (failed) abortion attempts on

pregnancy from which subject was born

1: no abortion attempted2: abortion attempted2a: abortion with drugs2b: abortion with irrigation

2c: abortion with intravene mechanical efforts

Measured Values: N all:4289, 1:90,5%, 2:9,5%, 2a:5,9%, 2b:1,9%, 2c:0,2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=- 1: Mt=7.73

2: Mt=7,67 2a: Mt=7.70 2b: Mt=7.70 2c: Mt=6.56

 $A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a \qquad rs=-,01$

p<.561

 $\underline{O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.41$

2: Mt=7.17 2a: Mt=7.13 2b: Mt=7.08 2c: Mt=6.56

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e rs=-.04

 $\underline{O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.01$

2: Mt=6.86 2a: Mt=6.89 2b: Mt=6.79 2c: Mt=6.88

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h rs=-.02

p<.188

Correlational finding on Happiness and . attitudes of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.1

Study WILSO 1965

Reported in: Wilson, W.R.

Relations of Sexual Behaviors, Values and Conflicts to Avowed Happiness.

Psychological Reports, 1965, Vol. 17, 371 - 378. ISSN 0033 2941

Page in Report: 375

Population: College students, undergraduates, Hawaii, USA, 196?

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 101

Correlate

Authors label: Perceived liberality of sexual attitudes of parents. (1)

Our classification: . attitudes of parents, code F1.6.1.1

Measurement: 6-item questionnaire containig sexual behaviors varying in

intimacy, scored for sexual behaviors, which one's parents

would not seriously disapprove.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

M-TH/g/sq/v/11/a r=-.04 ns Happiness was also correlated with discrepancy

scores between the attitude of his parents and his

own pragmatic and ideal sexual attitudes

(indicative of external sexual conflicts). In both cases these correlations were non-significant (see

under 'Sexuality', S 3)

 $\underline{M-TH/g/sq/v/11/a}$ $\underline{r=-.04 \text{ ns}}$ Happiness was also correlated with discrepancy

scores between the attitude of his parents and his

own pragmatic and ideal sexual attitudes

(indicative of external sexual conflicts). In both cases these correlations were non-significant (see

under 'Sexuality', S 3)

Correlational finding on Happiness and . capacities of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.2

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J.Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Parents intelligence (1)

Our classification: . capacities of parents, code F1.6.1.2

Measurement: Subjects rating of;

a. Fathers intelligenceb. Mothers intelligence

Assessed in 1950

Remarks: Earlier rating (1950) by present happiness (1972)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

M-PL/h/sg/v/5/b Chi²= ns a.

C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a AoV= ns a.

M-PL/h/sg/v/5/b Chi²= ns b.

C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a AoV= ns b.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Father is seen as a strong person. (1)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale weak and passive /

neither weak

nor strong / very strong.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b $\underline{r}=+.47 \text{ p}<.\underline{s}$

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Mother is seen as a strong person. (1)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Closed question rated on a 9-point scale weak and passive /

neither weak nor strong / very strong.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study MUSSE 1980/1

Reported in: Mussen, P.; Eichorn, D.H.; Honzik, M.P.; Bieber, S.L.; Meredith, W.M.

Continuity and Change in Womens Characteristics over Four Decades.

International Journal of Behavioral Development, 1980, Vol. 3, 333 - 347. ISSN 0165 0254

Page in Report: 342

Population: Mothers, followed from age 30 to 70, Berkeley USA, 1928-68

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 53

Correlate

Authors label: Interested in child; uncritical of child; talkative (1)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Personality factor that appears in an analysis of ratings

by two interviewers on 71 personality-social

characteristics.

This factor only appeared in young adulthood (T1: age 30).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-CP/g/fi/v/7/a r=+.01 ns Happiness assessed at T1 (age 30).

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study MUSSE 1980/1

Reported in: Mussen, P.; Eichorn, D.H.; Honzik, M.P.; Bieber, S.L.; Meredith, W.M.

Continuity and Change in Womens Characteristics over Four Decades.

International Journal of Behavioral Development, 1980, Vol. 3, 333 - 347. ISSN 0165 0254

Page in Report: 342

Population: Mothers, followed from age 30 to 70, Berkeley USA, 1928-68

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 53

Correlate

Authors label: Intelligent; interested in child (4)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Personality factor that appears in an analysis of ratings

by two interviewers on 71 personality-social

characteristics.

This factor only appeared in young adulthood (T1: age 30).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLC/g/fi/v/7/b r=-.11 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents

Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study MUSSE 1980/1

Reported in: Mussen, P.; Eichorn, D.H.; Honzik, M.P.; Bieber, S.L.; Meredith, W.M.

Continuity and Change in Womens Characteristics over Four Decades.

International Journal of Behavioral Development, 1980, Vol. 3, 333 - 347. ISSN 0165 0254

Page in Report: 342

Population: Mothers, followed from age 30 to 70, Berkeley USA, 1928-68

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 53

Correlate

Authors label: Intelligent; interested in child; uncritical of child (3)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Personality factor that appears in an analysis of ratings

by two interviewers on 71 personality-social

characteristics.

This factor only appeared in old age (T2: age 70).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLC/g/fi/v/7/b r=-.08 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . personality of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.3

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Personality of parents (1)

Our classification: personality of parents, code F1.6.1.3

Measurement: Subjects rating of parents

- Fathers'

a. self confidenceb. helpfullnessc. friendliness

- Mothers'

d. selfconfidencee. helpfullnessf. friendliness

All assessed in 1950

Remarks: 1950 ratings by 1972 happiness.

Observed Relation with Happiness

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>Chi²=+</u> <u>p<.01</u>	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	Chi ² = ns	b.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	<u>AoV=+</u> <u>p<.01</u>	b.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	Chi ² = ns	С.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	<u>AoV= ns</u>	с.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	d.

d.

Chi²= ns

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns e.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b $Chi^2 = ns$ e.

<u>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</u> <u>AoV= ns</u> f.

M-PL/h/sg/v/5/b Chi²= ns f.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . happiness of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.4

Study SCHUL 1985B

Reported in: Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H.

Lebensqualität in Osterreich. (Quality-of-Life in Austria).

Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, 1985, Austria

Page in Report: 48,T27

Population: Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984

Sample:

Non-Response: ?

N: 1776

Correlate

Authors label: Happy parents (1)

Our classification: happiness of parents, code F1.6.1.4

Measurement: Two item index ofdirect questions on happiness of father,

resp. mother. Rated on a 4-point scale ranging from very

unhappy to very happy.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Stati Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a $\underline{r}=+.27$

Correlational finding on Happiness and . happiness of parents Subject code: F1.6.1.4

Study WINKE 2005

Reported in: Winkelmann, R

Subjective Well-Being and the Family: Results from an Ordered Probit Model with Multiple Random

Effects.

Empirical Economics, 2005, Vol. 30, 749 - 761. (also Working Paper No 0204, 2002, University of Zürich, Socioeconomic Institute, Switzerland. Updated 2004), ISSN 0377 7332. DOI: 10.1007/s00181-005-0255-

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Page in Report: 15

Population: Parents and their 16+ aged children, West-Germany, followed from 1984 to 1997

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 1309

Correlate

Authors label: Interdependence long-term subjective well-being parents/children

Our classification: . happiness of parents, code F1.6.1.4

Measurement: Correspondence in reported life satisfaction of parents and

children over 14 year period.

Measured Values: 25168 person-year observations for 1309 different families

Remarks: Assessed every year during 14 years. Calculated using

bivariate cross tabulation of responses to the same question on life satisfaction at the same time.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d $Chi^2=966$ father and child correspondence in happiness

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Chi²=1018 Mother and child correspondence in happiness

Correlational finding on Happiness and Characteristics of siblings Subject code: F1.6.2

Study VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark).

Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN

8790190017 http://www.livskvalitet.org/t1/index.asp

Page in Report: 332-338

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Correlate

Authors label: siblings (1)

Our classification: Characteristics of siblings, code F1.6.2

Measurement: brothers and sisters(1)

al: only sisters

b1: brothers and sisters

c1: only brothers d1: only child

half brothers and sisters(2)

a2: only full brothers and sisters

b2: both full and half brothers and sisters

c2: only half brothers and sisters

d2: only child

twin or triplet(3) a3: identical twin b3: fraternal twin

c3: triplet

d3: twin or triplet

e3: neither twin nor triplet

Measured Values: N women: all:738, a1:165, b1:312, c1:191, d1:70 N men: all:729, a1:193, b1:280, c1:188, d1:68 N(2):

all:1483, a2:1157, b2:105, c2:82, d2:139 N(3): all:1476, a3:8, b3:20, c3:6, d3:34, e3:1408

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks			
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		women's brothers and sisters Ms al=7.56 Ms bl=7.80 Ms cl=7.88 Ms dl=7.11	men's brothers and sister 7.76 7.74 8.06 7.61	half brothe and sisters a2=7.81 b2=7.74 c2=7.75 d2=7.35	
		all :7.70	7.81	all(2)=7.75	all(3)=7.74

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	women's	men's		
	brothers	brothers	half brothers	s twin or
	and sisters	and sisters	and sisters	triplet
	Ms $a1=7.28$	7.35	a2=7.51	a3=6.56
	Ms $b1=7.51$	7.51	b2=7.21	b3=6.88
	Ms $c1=7.55$	7.50	c2=7.23	c3=7.50
	Ms d1=7.03	7.20	d2=7.13	d3=6.91
				e3=7.45
	all :7.43	7.44 all	.(2)=7.44 a	11(3)=7.43
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	women's	men's		
·	brothers and	brothers and	half brothers	s twin or
	sisters	sisters	and sisters	triplet
	Ms a1=7.06	7.35	a2=7.00	a3=6.25
	Ms b1=6.90	7.51	b2=6.66	b3=6.38
	Ms $c1=7.14$	7.50	c2=6.74	c3=6.66
	Ms d1=6.63	7.20	d2=6.66	d3=6.40
				e3=6.95
	all :6.98	7.44 all	(2)=6.94 all	11(3)=6.93
		9.2.2	(=, :::: 2	(_ ,

Correlational finding on Happiness and Characteristics of siblings Subject code: F1.6.2

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Liskvalitet hos 4500 31-33-arige. (The Quality of Life of 4500 31-33-Years-Olds).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068 http://

www.livskvalitet.org/t2/index.asp

Page in Report: 350-352

Population: 31-33 aged, Denmark 1993, born in University Hospital in Copenhagen

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Correlate

Authors label: brothers and sisters

Our classification: Characteristics of siblings, code F1.6.2

Measurement: brothers and sisters(1)

al: only sisters

b1: brothers and sisters

c1: only brothers
d1: only child

half brothers and sisters(2)

a2: only full brothers and sisters

b2: both full and half brothers and sisters

c2: only half brothers and sisters

d2: only child

twin or triplet(3)
a3: identical twin
b3: fraternal twin

c3: triplet

d3: twin or triplet

e3: neither twin nor triplet

Measured Values: N1: WOMEN: All:2475; %:a1:25,2; a2:35,5; a3:29,3; a4:10,0 N1:MEN:All:2118; %: a1:27,9; b1:33,9;

c1:26,9; d1:11,3 N2: All:4613; %:a2:59,0, b2:13,6; c2:16,8; c4:10,6 N3: All:4670; %:a3:0,8; b3:2,3;

c3:0,2; d3:3,3; e3:96,7

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Ren	narks		
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a		women's brothers and sisters Ms al:7.71 Ms bl:7.61 Ms cl:7.81 Ms dl:7.74	men's brothers and sisters a1:7.88 b1:7.64 c1:7.91 d1:7.56	half brothers and sisters a2:7.80 b2:7.60 c2:7.66 d2:7.65	twin or triplet a3:7.71 b3:7.55 c3:7.14 d3:7.56 e3:7.75
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e		women's brothers and sisters Ms al:7.48 Ms bl:7.36 Ms cl:7.53 Ms dl:7.48	men's brothers and sisters a1:7.58 b1:7.16 c1:7.53 d1:7.28	half brothers and sisters a2:7.50 b2:7.20 c2:7.34 d2:7.38	twin or triplet a3:7.29 b3:7.63 c3:7.50 d3:7.54 e3:7.43
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h		women's brothers and sisters Ms al:7.10 Ms bl:7.05 Ms cl:7.09 Ms dl:7.10	men's brothers and sisters a1:7.08 b1:6.84 c1:7.01 d1:6.88	half brothers and sisters a2:7.09 b2:6.85 c2:6.96 d2:7.00	twin or triplet a3:7.29 b3:7.04 c3:6.08 d3:7.05 e3:7.03

Correlational finding on Happiness and Characteristics of siblings Subject code: F1.6.2

VENTE 1997 Study

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 530

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Non-probability chunk sample Sample:

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Congenital malformations in siblings

Our classification: Characteristics of siblings, code F1.6.2

Measurement: Congenital malformations in Siblings

Report in medical file

1:no known

2:one or more of the following:

2b: skin

2c: respiratory apparatus 2d: cardio-vascular system 2e: gastro-intestinal system 2f: uro genital system 2g: central nervous system 2h: skeleto-muscular system

2i: endocrine glands

2j: other

Measured Values: N: 1:4169, 2b:4, 2c:8, 2d:39, 2e:8, 2f:5, 2g:89, 2h:19, 2i:4, 2j:12

Remarks: only absolute frequencies are given, because malformations

are not mutually exclusive

Spearman's Rho is between 1 and 2

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

http://worlddatabaseofhappiness.eur.nl/hap_cor/top_sub.php?code=F1 (201 of 287)9-9-2009 13:19:33

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.732: Mt=7.782b: Mt=6.25 2c: Mt=9.06 2d: Mt=7.56 2e: Mt=8.752f: Mt=8.502g: Mt=7.75 2h: Mt=8.69 2i: Mt=5.63 2j: Mt=6.66 A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a rs=+.00 ns O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+1: Mt=7.032: Mt=7.182b: Mt=5.63 2c: Mt=8.13 2d: Mt=7.05 2e: Mt=7.502f: Mt=7.502g: Mt=6.69 2h: Mt=8.03 2i: Mt=5.002j: Mt=6.88

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e rs=+.00 ns

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e 1: Mt=7.41DMt=-

2: Mt=6.972b: Mt=5.002c: Mt=9.06 2d: Mt=7.052e: Mt=8.75 2f: Mt=9.002g: Mt=6.91 2h: Mt=8.29 2i: Mt=5.00 2j: Mt=6.25

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h rs=+.01 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and . happiness of siblings Subject code: F1.6.2.4

Study **LOEHL 1976**

Reported in: Loehlin, J.C.; Nichols, R.C.

Heredity, Environment and Personality. A Study of 850 Sets of Twins. University of Texas Press, 1976, Austin, USA. ISBN 0 292 73003 9

Page in Report: 14

Population: Adolescent same-sex twins, USA, 1963

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response: 29 %

N: 850

Correlate

Authors label: Happiness of twin sibling

Our classification: . happiness of siblings, code F1.6.2.4

Measurement: A Happiness of Identical twins

a brothers
b sisters

B Happiness of Fraternal twins

a brothers
b sisters

Measured Values: N for happiness = A: 486 Aa: 204, Ab: 282, B: 320 Ba: 130, Bb: 190 N for % cheerful & satisfied = A: 509,

Aa: 216, Ab: 293, B: 330, Ba: 135, Bb: 195

Remarks: All twins are same sex

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-HP/g/sq/v/7/a	<u>r=+.37</u>	Happiness of identical twins (average r) - brothers $r = +.41$ - sisters $r = +.34$
O-HP/g/sq/v/7/a	<u>r=+.21</u>	Happiness of fraternal twins (average r) - brothers $r = +.12$ - sisters $r = +.27$
		Difference betwee correlations among identical & fraternal twins significant (p<05)
O-HP/g/sq/v/2/b	<u>r=+.26</u>	Happiness of identical twins (average r) - brothers $r = +.14$ - sisters $r = +.35$
O-HP/g/sq/v/2/b	<u>r=+.09</u>	<pre>Happiness of Fraternal twins(average r) - brothers r = +.17 - sisters r = +.03)</pre>
		Difference between correlations among identical & fraternal twins significant (p<.05)

O-HP/g/sq/v/2/c r=+.16 Happiness of identical twins

- brothers r = +.07- sisters r = +.23

O-HP/g/sq/v/2/c $\underline{r}=+.07$ Happiness of fraternal twins

- brothers r= +.11 - sisters r= +.05

Difference between correlations among identical &

fraternal twins ns

Significance tests computed by us, assuming that these samples are a probability sample of a wider

population of twins.

Correlational finding on Happiness and . happiness of siblings Subject code: F1.6.2.4

Study WINKE 2005

Reported in: Winkelmann, R

Subjective Well-Being and the Family: Results from an Ordered Probit Model with Multiple Random

Effects.

Empirical Economics, 2005, Vol. 30, 749 - 761. (also Working Paper No 0204, 2002, University of Zürich, Socioeconomic Institute, Switzerland. Updated 2004), ISSN 0377 7332. DOI: 10.1007/s00181-005-0255-

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Page in Report: 18

Population: Parents and their 16+ aged children, West-Germany, followed from 1984 to 1997

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 1309

Correlate

Authors label: Interdependence of long-term subjective well-being among siblings

Our classification: happiness of siblings, code F1.6.2.4

Measurement: Correspondence in reported life satisfaction of siblings

over 14 year period.

Measured Values: 10198 person-year observations for 1309 different families

Remarks: Assessed every year during 14 years. Calculated using

bivariate cross tabulation of responses to the same question on life satisfaction at the same time.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d

Beta=+.47 Control variables are:

> - age - gender - employment

- self rated health - family income

- number of persons in the household

- trend over time

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.7

Study **BACHM 1977**

Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Family's socioeconomic level (1)

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: Index consisting of six equally weighted components:

father's occupational status; father's educational level; mother's educational level; number of rooms per person in

home; number of books in home; checklist of other

possesions in the home. Scale:1.00 to 8.00. Assesed at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a \underline{r} T1 happiness: tau = +.03 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.01 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.00 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young)
Subject code: F1.7

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/330

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Happiness

Measure

Authors label: Social class (2)

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: Weighted score based on the medium score of father's

occupation, father's education and father's primary source

of income lower / middle / upper.

Elaboration/Remarks

Observed Relation with Happiness

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b	G = +.12	After control for:
		harring fun in life

Statistics

having fun in life
frequency of low mood
Gs = +.07
tending to be a lonely person
Gs = +.08
self-esteem
having faith in people
sensivity to criticism
gs = +.09
presenting a false self
Gs = +.13

- participate in extracurricular

activities : Gs = +.14
- extent of dating : Gs = +.14
- hours spent on work of pay : Gs = +.12
- disruption of family relationships : Gs = +.12
- number of children in the family : Gs = +.10

```
- having fun in life and tending to
                                be a lonely person
                                                                    : Gs = +.07
                              - having fun in life, and self-esteem: Gs = +.06
                              - tending to be a lonely person, and
                                 self-esteem
                                                                    : Gs = +.06
                              - having faith in people, and self-
                                esteem
                                                                    : Gs = +.07
                              - sensitivity to criticism, and self-: Gs = +.05
                                esteem
                              When Ss are regrouped, so that the upper third of
                              middle class = upper class, and lower third of
                              middle class = lower class
                                                                    : G = +.06
                              When standardized on educational level of mother
                                                                    : Gs = +.04
                    G = +.05
A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a
                              After control for:
                              - having fun in life
                                                                  : Gs = +.03
                              - frequency of low mood
                                                                  : Gs = +.08
                              - tending to be a lonely person
                                                                 : Gs = +.04
                              - self-esteem
                                                                  : Gs = +.03
                              - having faith in people
                                                                   : Gs = +.02
                              - sensitivity to criticism
                                                                  : Gs = +.04
                              - presenting a false self
                                                                   : Gs = +.06
                              - participation in extracurricular
                                activities
                                                                   : Gs = +.06

    extent of dating

                                                                   : Gs = +.07
                              - hours spent on work for pay
                                                                  : Gs = +.03
                              - disruption of family relationships: Gs = +.05
                              - number of children in the family : Gs = +.05
                              - school social class
                                                                   : Gs = +.05
                              - tending to be a lonely person, and
                                having fun in life
                                                                   : Gs = +.04
                              - self-esteem, and having fun in
                                                                   : Gs = +.01
                              - self-esteem, and tending to be a
                                                                   : Gs = +.02
                                lonely person
                              - self-esteem, and having faith in
                                                                   : Gs = +.01
                              - self-esteem, and sensitivity to
                                criticism
                                                                   : Gs = +.02
                              When Ss are regrouped, so that the upper third of
                              middle class = upper class, and the lower third of
                              middle class = lower class : G = +.01
                              After control for educational level
                              of mother
                                                                   : Gs = .00
O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b
                    V = .05 \, \text{ns}
A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a
                    V = .03 \, ns
```

- school social class

: Gs = +.12

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young)
Subject code: F1.7

Study LEHMA 1988

Reported in: Lehman, A.F.

A Quality of Life Interview for the Chronically Mentally III.

Evaluation and Program Planning, 1988, Vol. 11, 51 -52. ISSN 0149 7189

Page in Report: 57

Population: Chronic mental patients, USA,1981

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 469

Correlate

Authors label: Parental Social Class

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a r=-.03 ns Los Angeles: mentally ill residents of 30 large

board-and-care homes

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a \underline{r} =-.01 ns Rochester: chronically mentally ill inpatients at

the Rochester(N.Y.) Psychiatric Center

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a r=-.01 ns Rochester:chronically mentaly ill residents of

various supervised community residences

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.7

Study LINN 1986

Reported in: Linn, L.S.; Yager, J.; Dennis, W.; Cope, W.; Leake, B.

Factors Associated With Life Satisfaction Among Practicing Internist.

Medical Care, 1986, Vol. 24, 830 - 837. ISSN p 0125 7079; ISSN e 1537 1948

Page in Report: 832

Population: Physicians, California, USA, 1984

Sample: Probability simple random sample

Non-Response:

N: 211

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: Self reported occupation of father

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-DT/u/sg/v/7/a AoV= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.7

Study SPRUI 1997

Reported in: Spruijt, E.

Stepfamily Lifestyles and Adolecent Well-Being in the Netherlands.

Journal of Divorce and Remarriage, 1997, Vol.26, 137 - 153. ISSN 1050 2556

Page in Report: 149

Population: 12 - 24 aged children of divorce, 1992, The Netherlands

Sample: Probability systematic sample

Non-Response: 26,1 %

N: 114

Correlate

Authors label: social class stepfamily

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: question not reported

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-AOL/u/sq/l/11/a

Beta=-.10

Beta controlled for:

ns

- stepfamily lifestyle (traditionalism) - time since (step)family formation

- stepmother/stepfather family

- frequency of contact with nonresident parent

- age - sex

- educational level

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.7

UNICE 2001 Study

Reported in: UNICEF

Speaking Out! Voices of Children and Adolescents in East Asia and the Pacific. A Regional Opinion

United Nations Children's Fund. East Asia and Pacific Regional Office (EAPRO), 2001. ISBN 974 685

0121

Page in Report:

9-17 aged children, 17 countries/regions East Asia and Pacific 2001 Population:

Sample: Probability multistage stratified area sample

Non-Response:

N: 10073

Correlate

Authors label: SES

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: 1: Lower class

2: Middle class 3: Upper class.

Measured Values: N = Lower: 4601, Middle 3507, Upper: 1625;

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

M-TH/g/sq/v/4/e DM=+Lower class M = 3, 5SD = 0,56

> Middle class M=3,5 SD=0,53Upper class M = 3, 6SD=0,52

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young) Subject code: F1.7

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 154

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Social status of mother at age 1

Our classification: Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.7

Measurement: Mother's social status as reported in medical file

1: 1-4 2: 5-6 3: 7-8 4: 9-10 5: 11-12 6: 13-14 7: 15-16

8: over 16

Measured Values: N: all:3510, 1:3%, 2:18%, 3:24%, 4:18%, 5:12%, 6:11%, 7:9%, 8:5%

Remarks: Social status expressed in the number of points

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

<u>A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a</u> <u>DMt=±</u> 1: Mt=7.48

2: Mt=7.71 3: Mt=7.89 4: Mt=7.86 5: Mt=7.83 6: Mt=7.61 7: Mt=7.51 8: Mt=7.65 A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=-.03

p<.1353

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.48

2: Mt=7.71 3: Mt=7.89 4: Mt=7.86 5: Mt=7.83 6: Mt=7.61 7: Mt=7.51 8: Mt=7.65

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=-.01

p<.4353

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= \pm 1: Mt=6.71

2: Mt=6.99 3: Mt=7.15 4: Mt=7.14 5: Mt=7.09 6: Mt=6.94 7: Mt=6.93 8: Mt=7.03

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=-.01

p<.6758

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Parent's education (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many grades of school did

your father/mother complete?

1 = less than HS;

2 = some HS (9 - 11 years);

3 = some HS plus noncollege training;

4 = completed HS (12 years);

5 = completed HS plus noncollege training;

6 = some college;
7 = completed college;
8 = post-graduate degree

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau=+ ns - Father's education

T1 happiness: tau = +.05 (ns) T2 happiness: tau = +.03 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = +.01 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)

- Mother's education

T1 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T2 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Number of books in home (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Simple direct question at T1: How many books are in your

home?

tau= ns

1 = none, or very few (0 - 10);

2 = a few (11 - 25);

3 = one bookcase full (26 - 100);
4 = two bookcases full (101 - 250);

5 = three or four bookcases full (251 - 500);

6 = a room full; a library (501 or more)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a

T1 happiness: tau = +.00 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns) T3 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns) T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns)

T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/338

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Authors label: Educational level offather (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Some grade school or grade school graduate / some high

school or high school graduate / some college or college

graduate / post graduate college work.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b G=+.04

 $A-AOL/g/sg/v/5/a \qquad G=+.03$

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a V = .03 ns

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b V=.03 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/334

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Authors label: Educational level of mother (2)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Some grade school or grade school graduate / some high

school or high school graduate / some college or college

graduate / post graduate college work.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b G=+.09 After control for:

- participation in extracurricular activities:

Gs = +.09

- social class: Gs = +.06

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a G=+.04 After control for:

- participation in extracurricular activities:

Gs = +.09

- social class: Gs = +.06

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b V=.04 p<.

<u>05</u>

A-AOL/g/sg/v/5/a V = .03 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study GLENN 1981B

Reported in: Glenn, N.D.; Weaver, C.N.

Education's Effects on Psychological Well-Being. Public Opinion Quarterly, 1981, Vol. 45, 22 - 39

Page in Report: 34

Population: 25-54 aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973-78

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 3350

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's education (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Mother's years of school completed

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa}$ $\underline{Beta=+}$ white men: $\mathfrak{S}=+.01$, white women: $\mathfrak{S}=+.01$

black men: ß=-.07, black women: ß=+.01

ß controlled for father's years of school and occupational prestige, number of siblings, size of

community of origin, age, family income,

occupational prestige for men, and work status for women, marital status, frequency of attendance

at religious services, and presence-

absence of children in each of three age ranges

(0-5, 6-12, 13-17).

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study HEADE 1994/1

Reported in: Headey, B.; Krause, P.

Inequalities of Income, Health and Happiness: The Stratification Paradigm and Alternatives. Paper presented at the 13th World Congress of Sociology, 1994, Bielefeld, Germany

Page in Report: 19 + 22

Population: 16+ aged, West Germany, followed from 1984 to 1991. Most of the analyses include all respondents who

agreed to be interviewed eight times between 1984 and 1991.

Sample: Probability simple random sample

Non-Response: 0

N: 9114

Correlate

Happiness

Measure

Authors label: Father's education

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Statistics

Measurement: Years of school education plus years of jobtraining

Observed Relation with Happiness

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1984 raw correlation
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1984 dissattenuated correlation
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1991 raw correlation
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1991 disattenuated correlation
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d		Disattenuated correlations are obtained by assuming validity coefficients of 0.9 for years of education and 0.8 for happiness

Elaboration/Remarks

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study JONES 2002C

Reported in: Jones, F.

Happiness and Optimism among Canada's 12 to 15 Year Olds.

Religious Commitment Notes 02-14, November 2002, The Christian Commitment Research Institute.

Canada http://www.ccri.ca/rcn02-14.html

Page in Report: 6, 10,11

Population: 12-15 aged, Canada, 1998

Sample: Probability cluster sample

Non-Response: 13%

N: 31194

Correlate

Authors label: Education of the mother

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Education of the mother

1: less education
2: university degree

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>DMt=-</u>	1: less education Mt = 6,43 [6,42; 6,43] 2: university degree Mt = 6.01 [5,99; 6,02] Difference Mt = -0,42 [-0,42; -0,43]
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	gH=16 p<.000	
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=+.02</u> <u>p<.737</u>	girls, university degree mother
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	<u>B=05</u> <u>p<.285</u>	boys, university degree mother
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n	B=+.03 p<.550	Children with religious affiliation only: (girls N=1192, boys N=1178)
		girls, university degree mother

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n

<u>B=-.13</u>

boys, university degree mother

p<.019

B controlled for:
- child's age
- religion

- worship frequency, childpublic school attendee or not
- family compositionworking mother or not
- smoking and drinking by the mother
- household income
- region

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study KIECO 1990

Reported in: Kiecolt, K.J.; Acock, A.C.

Childhood Family Structure and Adult Psychological Well-Being of Black Americans.

Sociological Spectrum, 1990, Vol.10, 169 - 186

Page in Report: 177-179

Population: 18 + aged; Blacks, USA, 198?

Sample: Probability sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 33%

N: 1911

Correlate

Authors label: mothers education (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: mothers education:

1 up to six years
2 seven or eigth years
3 some high school

4 high school or diploma

5 some college

6 bachelor's degree or higher

Measured Values: M= 2.8; SD= 1.16

Remarks: 30% did not report mothers education; therefore mean

variable for the entire sample

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b

B=+.03 ns beta controlled for:

family composition before age 16current own education, income

- age, sex

- current marital status

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Education of parents (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Direct questions to parents:

a. Schooling of father.b. Schooling of mother.

Both assessed in 1922

Remarks: Earlier parent characteristic (1922)

by present happiness of subject (1972)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns a.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns a.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns b.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns b.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 156

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Breadwinner-parent education

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: Education of bread winning parent as reported in medical

file

1: remedial school
2: grade school
3: high school

4: college

Measured Values: N: all:3481, 1:1%, 2:64%, 3:23%, 4:12%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=\pm} \qquad 1: Mt=7.44$

2: Mt=7.83 3: Mt=7.71 4: Mt=7.53 O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= \pm 1: Mt=7.05

2: Mt=7.51 3: Mt=7.38 4: Mt=7.09

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h $DMt=\pm$ 1: Mt=6.86

2: Mt=7.083: Mt=7.044: Mt=6.94

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents education Subject code: F1.7.1

Study WASHB 1941

Reported in: Washburne, J.N.

Factors Related to Social Adjustment of College Girls.

Journal of Social Psychology. 1941, Vol. 13, 281 - 289. ISSN 0022 4545

Page in Report: 283

Population: Female college students, New York, USA, 194?

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 238

Correlate

Authors label: High educational status of father (1)

Our classification: Parents education, code F1.7.1

Measurement: 0 Non-graduate

1 College graduate

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a}$ $\underline{SNR=\pm0}$ U-shaped curve: girls with a non-graduate father

ns reporting significantly more 'average happiness'.

M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a D%= ± 0 ns U-shaped curve: girls with a non-graduate father

reporting significantly more 'average happiness'.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents income Subject code: F1.7.2

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Possesions in home (1)

Our classification: Parents income, code F1.7.2

Measurement: The number of items from a list of 19 which the respondent

indicates he has in his home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a tau = + .04 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents income Subject code: F1.7.2

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Number of rooms per person in home (1)

Our classification: Parents income, code F1.7.2

Measurement: Number of rooms in home divided by number of people in

home, at T1

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mq/v/5/a $\underline{tau=ns}$ T1 happiness: tau=+.05 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = -.00 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = +.04 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents income Subject code: F1.7.2

Study BRENN 1970

Reported in: Brenner, B.

Social Factors in Mental Well-Being at Adolescence.

PhD Dissertation, The American University, 1970, Washington DC, USA

Page in Report: 113/334

Population: Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960

Sample:

Non-Response: 1%

N: 5204

Correlate

Authors label: Income level of father's occupation (2)

Our classification: Parents income, code F1.7.2

Measurement: Under \$ 3400 / \$ 3400 - \$ 5000 / over \$ 5000

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b \qquad \qquad G=+.07$

 $\underline{A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{G=+.01}$

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b V=.04 ns

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a V=.02 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents income Subject code: F1.7.2

Study DAVIS 1984

Reported in: Davis, J.A.

New Money, an Old Man/Lady and Two's Company: Subjective Welfare in the NORC General Social

Surveys 1972-1982.

Social Indicators Research, 1984, Vol. 15, 319 - 350. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:

DOI:10.1007/BF00351443 Page in Report: 324

Population: 18+ aged, general public, English speaking, non-institutionalized, USA, 1972-82

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 13581

Correlate

Authors label: Parental family's comparative income at age 16 (1)

Our classification: Parents income, code F1.7.2

Measurement: Single direct question: Thinking about the time you were 16

years old.

Compared with American families in general than would you

say your family income was

0 below average

1 average

2 above average

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/g/sq/v/3/d G=+.36

p<.05

O-HL/g/sg/v/3/d

tau=+.12 % very happy

p < .05 0 31

1 36 2 38

The relationship disappears largely when controled for perceived income compared to compatriots,

occupational status and perceived

increase/decrease in income during the last years.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents income Subject code: F1.7.2

Study VANEE 2005

Reported in: VanEe, M.; VanDijk, J.

The Influence on Happiness: A Research on Happiness among Students in Utrecht and St. Louis.

Thesis, University of Utrecht, 2005, Netherlands

Page in Report: 65

Population: University students, USA and The Netherlands, 2004

Sample: Non-probability accidental sample

Non-Response:

N: 361

Correlate

Authors label: parental income

Our classification: Parents income, code F1.7.2

Measurement: Single question: What is your parents income?

Lower
 Middle
 Upper

Measured Values: M = 2,43, SD = 0,604 1: 5.9%, 2: 44.9%, 3: 49.2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-SLW/c/sq/n/10/aa BMCT=0 Lower: M = 8

 $\underline{\text{ns}}$ Middle: M = 7.74

Upper: M = 8.01

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/a BMCT=+ low : M = 3.24

p<.001 middle: M = 3.17

upper : M = 3.42

2 < 3

 $\underline{A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a} \qquad \underline{BMCT=+} \qquad \text{low} \qquad \text{:} \quad M = 1.43$

p < .001 middle: M = 1.29

upper : M = 2.08

2 < 3

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Occupation of father at T1 recoded to Duncan status score

(Duncan 1961)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

T2 happiness: tau = -.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = -.04 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation

Subject code: F1.7.3

Study BLOOD 1969

Reported in: Blood, M.R.

Work Values and Job Satisfaction.

Journal of Applied Psychology, 1969, Vol. 53, 456 - 459

Page in Report: 458

Population: Military, airforce, low rank maintenance jobs, USA, 196?

Sample:

Non-Response: 6%

N: 420

Correlate

Authors label: Fathers occupation

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-SL?/ $\frac{O-SL?}{\frac{1}{2}}$ Beta=+.04 students

<u>ns</u> Beta controlled for: age, education, tenure and

work ethic

O-SL?/ $\frac{O-SL?}{\frac{1}{2}}$ Beta=+.03 workers

ns Beta controlled for: age, education, tenure and

work ethic

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study CAUDI 1969

Reported in: Caudill, W.C.; Weinstein, H.

Maternal Care and Infant Behavior in Japan and America.

Psychiatry, 1969, Vol. 32, 12 - 43

Page in Report: 218

Population: Infants, first born, intact middle class families, Japan and USA, 1961-64

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 60

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: 0 salaried

1 independent

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-CA/mi/tsb/v/0/a rpc=+ ns Hedonic level assessed by time sampling of happy

and unhappy vocal utterances.

-Happy vocal rpc=+.02 (ns)
-Unhappy vocal rpc=-.21 (ns)

Rpc controlled for nationality (American or

Japanese) and sex.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study DAVIS 1984

Reported in: Davis, J.A.

New Money, an Old Man/Lady and Two's Company: Subjective Welfare in the NORC General Social

Surveys 1972-1982.

Social Indicators Research, 1984, Vol. 15, 319 - 350. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:

DOI:10.1007/BF00351443

Page in Report: 324

Population: 18+ aged, general public, English speaking, non-institutionalized, USA, 1972-82

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 13581

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupational prestige (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Hodge-Siegel-Rossi Scale

0 0-32 1 33-45 2 46+

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/g/sq/v/3/d G=+.01

p<.01

O-HL/g/sq/v/3/d tau=+.01 % very happy

p < .05 0 33 1 37

2 35

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study FORTI 1983

Reported in: Forti, T. J.; Hyg, M.S.

A Documented Evaluation of Primary Prevention through Consultation.

Community Mental Health Journal, 1983, Vol. 19, 290 - 304. ISSN p 0010 3853; ISSN e 1573 2789

DOI:10.1007/BF00755410

Page in Report:

Population: Catholic nuns, re-organized cloister, followed 4 years, Louisiana, USA, 1977-1981

Sample:

Non-Response: T1: 18%, T2: 14%, T3: 23%

N: 137

Correlate

Authors label: Father's Occupation (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Single closed question, rated on an 8-point scale, ranging

from

(1) Professional or top-administrative to (8) Manual,

routine. (order reversed)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-DT/u/sq/f/7/a r=+T1: 1977 r = +.07(ns)

T2: 1979 r = +.12(ns) т3: 1981 r = +.08(ns)

Both variables assessed at T1, T2, and T3. Correlation concerns same time measures.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

HEADE 1994/1 Study

Reported in: Headey, B.; Krause, P.

Inequalities of Income, Health and Happiness: The Stratification Paradigm and Alternatives. Paper presented at the 13th World Congress of Sociology, 1994, Bielefeld, Germany

Page in Report: 18 + 22

Population: 16+ aged, West Germany, followed from 1984 to 1991. Most of the analyses include all respondents who

agreed to be interviewed eight times between 1984 and 1991.

Sample: Probability simple random sample

Non-Response: 0

N: 9114

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupational prestige

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Place on international ranklist of prestige of occupations

chief of state top: bottom: garbage collector

(Treiman 1977)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks		
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1984 raw correlation		
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u>	1984 disattenuated correlation		
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d	<u>r=+.01</u> <u>p<.05</u>	1991 raw correlation		

O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Disattenuated correlations are obtained by

assuming validity coefficients of 0.9 for occupational prestige and 0.8 for happiness

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study HEERE 1969

Reported in: Heeren, S.D.

Entrepreneurial vs. Bureaucratic Fathers as Related to Family Structure, Happiness, and Two Measures

of Independence.

Unpublished PhD Dissertation, University of Kansas, 1969, USA

Page in Report: 28

Population: Male undergraduates, University of Kansas, USA, 1967

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% incomplete information.

N: 103

Correlate

Authors label: Work setting of father. (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Direct closed question: father works for himself and / or

income from profits or fees vs works in organization and /

or income from wages or a salary.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b r = ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

Authors label: Occupation of parents (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: 1 Professional

0 Other

- Mothers occupation

a. 1922b. 1927c. 1936d. 1940

- Fathers occupation

a. 1922b. 1928c. 1936

Remarks: Earlier occupation of parents (1922-1940) by present

happiness of subject (1972).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns a.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b $Chi^2 = ns$ a.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV= ns b.

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns b.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	C.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	Chi ² = ns	c.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	d.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	<u>Chi²= ns</u>	d.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	Chi ² = ns	a.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b	Chi ² = ns	b.
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV= ns	b.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

c.

c.

Study SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S.; Barbee, A.H.

Chi²= ns

AoV = ns

Career and Life Satisfactions among Terman Gifted Women.

Stanley, J.C.; George, W.C.; Eds.: "The Gifted and the Creative", J. Hopkins University Press, 1977,

Baltimore, USA, 28 - 72 Page in Report: 40-62/4

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 671

Correlate

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a

Authors label: Vocational succes of father (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Subjects rating in 1950.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a

AoV=+ 1950 rating by 1972 happiness.

<u>p<.00</u>

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²= ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Parents occupation Subject code: F1.7.3

Study VEROF 1981

Reported in: Veroff, J.; Douvan, E.; Kulka, R.A.

The Inner American: A Self-Portrait from 1957 to 1976. Basic Books, 1981, New York, USA. ISBN 0 465 03493 1

Page in Report: 451

Population: 21 aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1976

Sample:

Non-Response: 29%

N: 2264

Correlate

Authors label: Father's occupation (1)

Our classification: Parents occupation, code F1.7.3

Measurement: Professionals

Managers

Clericals/Salespersons

Craftspersons

Operatives/Service workers

Farmers

Unskilled Laborers

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

Correlational finding on Happiness and Socio-cultural background (earlier for adults, current for young)

Subject code: F1.8

Study CSIKS 2003

Reported in: Csikszentmihalyi, M.; Hunter, J.

Happiness in Everyday Life: the Uses of Experience Sampling.

Journal of Happiness Studies, 2003, Vol. 4, 185 - 199. ISSN p 1389 4978; ISSN e 1573 7780. DOI

10.1007/s11205-005-0805-6 Page in Report: 192,195

Population: Teenagers, USA, 1998

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample

Non-Response:

N: 828

Correlate

Authors label: Social class of community

Our classification: Socio-cultural background (earlier for adults, current for young), code F1.8

Measurement: 1 Poor

2 Working class
3 Middle class

4 Upper-middle class

5 Upper class

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-ARE/mi/sqr/n/7/a F=+8.1 Participants were beeped at random moments eight

p<.0001 times a day from 7:30 am to 10:0 pm for one week.

At each beep they answered questions about:

a: what activity they where doing on the moment

b: whom they were with

c: how they felt at that moment (various feelings,

one of which happiness)

A-ARE/mi/sqr/n/7/a AoV=-.08 ANOVA controlling for:

<u>p<.002</u> - age

- gender

- SES

- % time in flow

Correlational finding on Happiness and Religious upbringing Subject code: F1.8.1

Study HUNSB 1985

Reported in: Hunsberger, B.

Religion, Age, Life satisfaction and Perceived Sources of Religiousness: A Study of Older Persons.

Journal of Gerontology 1985, Vol. 40, 615 - 620. ISSN 0022 1422

Page in Report: 619

Population: 65+ aged, general public, Ontario Canada, 1982

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 85

Correlate

Authors label: Background religiousemphasis (2)

Our classification: Religious upbringing, code F1.8.1

Measurement: Closed question: "To what extent would you say your parents

emphasized religion and religious practices as you were

growing up?"

(0) no emphasis - (4) very strong emphasis.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Measure Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ae r=+.20

<u>p<.05</u>

Correlational finding on Happiness and Religious upbringing Subject code: F1.8.1

Study HUNSB 1985

Reported in: Hunsberger, B.

Religion, Age, Life satisfaction and Perceived Sources of Religiousness: A Study of Older Persons.

Journal of Gerontology 1985, Vol. 40, 615 - 620. ISSN 0022 1422

Page in Report: 619

Population: 65+ aged, general public, Ontario Canada, 1982

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 85

Correlate

Authors label: Background religiousemphasis (1)

Our classification: Religious upbringing, code F1.8.1

Measurement: "Closed question: "To what extent would you say your

parents emphasized religion and religious practices as you

were growing up?"

(0) no emphasis - (4) very strong emphasis.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ae r = +.20

p < .05

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study **AMOS 1982**

Reported in: Amos, O.M.; Hitt, M.A.; Warner, L.

Life Satisfaction and Regional Development: A Case Study of Oklahoma.

Social Indicators Research, 1982, Vol. 11, 319 - 331. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF00351840 Page in Report: 327

Population: 18+ aged, general public, Oklahoma, USA, 1978

Sample: Probability stratified sample

Non-Response:

N: 2734

Correlate

Authors label: Urbanization of current area of residence (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

Measurement: 1: large city

2: suburb 3: small city 4: small town 5: rural

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study BACHM 1977

Reported in: Bachman, J. G.; O'Malley, P. M.; Johnston, J.

Youth in Transition, Vol. VI: Adolescence to Adulthood, Change and Stability in the Lives of Young Men.

Institute for Social Research, 1970, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, USA

Page in Report:

Population: Public highschool boys followed 8 years from grade 10, USA, 1966-74

Sample:

Non-Response: 2.8% at T1, 17.2% at T2, 21.0% at T3, 28.9% at T4, 28.5% at T5

N: 1628

Correlate

Authors label: Raised on farm (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

Measurement: Based on question asking respondent where he was (mostly)

brought up.

0 = respondent brought up on a farm;

1 = not brought up on a farm

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a tau = ns T1 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)

T2 happiness: tau = +.02 (ns)
T3 happiness: tau = +.01 (ns)
T4 happiness: tau = -.01 (ns)
T1:1966, T2:1968, T3:1969, T4:1970

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study NEAR 1978

Reported in: Near, J.P.,;Rice, R.W.; Hunt, R.G.

Work and Extra-Work Correlates of Life and Job Satisfaction. Academy of Management Journal, 1978, Vol. 21, 248 - 264

Page in Report: 253

Population: Adult, general public, Western New York State, USA, 1975

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 384

Correlate

Authors label: Area of socialization (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

Measurement: 1 Rural

2 Urban3 Suburban

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/d $R^2=.00 \text{ ns}$ Explained variance in ANOVA.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study NEAR 1978

Reported in: Near, J.P.,;Rice, R.W.; Hunt, R.G.

Work and Extra-Work Correlates of Life and Job Satisfaction. Academy of Management Journal, 1978, Vol. 21, 248 - 264

Page in Report: 253

Population: Adult, general public, Western New York State, USA, 1975

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 384

Correlate

Authors label: Change in living environment (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

p<.01

Measurement: 0 Current living environment (urban, rural, suburban)

different from the one 1 in childhood

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

R²=01 O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/d

Explained variance in ANOVA.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study **PEIL 1984**

> Reported in: Peil, M.

> > African Urban Life: Components of Satisfaction in Sierra Leone.

Social Indicators Research, 1984, Vol. 14, 363 - 384. ISSN p 0303 8300; ISSN e 1573 0921 DOI:10.1007/

BF00692990

Page in Report: info extra

Population: Adult, general public, urban areas (Freetown, Bo and Kenema), Sierra Leone, 1981

Sample:

Non-Response: 5% (on some items up to 60%)

> N: 640

Correlate

Authors label: Urban background (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

Measurement: 1. village

2. town 3. city

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks Measure

O-SLW/u/sq/l/7/a DMt=+ Happiness level in Mt' (0-10):

Correlational finding on Happiness and Rural upbringing Subject code: F1.8.2

Study WASHB 1941

Reported in: Washburne, J.N.

Factors Related to Social Adjustment of College Girls.

Journal of Social Psychology. 1941, Vol. 13, 281 - 289. ISSN 0022 4545

Page in Report: 283

Population: Female college students, New York, USA, 194?

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 238

Correlate

Authors label: Home background (1)

Our classification: Rural upbringing, code F1.8.2

Measurement: 0 Village or country

1 City or town

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a SNR=-ns L-shaped curve: Negative relationship among

unhappier females only.

M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a D%=-ns L-shaped curve: Negative relationship among

unhappier females only.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Hardship in family of origin Subject code: F1.9

Study BERKM 1971

Reported in: Berkman, P.L.

Life Stress and Psychological Well-Being: A Replication of Languer's Analysis in the Midtown Manhatten

Study.

Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, Vol. 12, 35 - 45 ISSN:0022 1465

Page in Report: 42

Population: Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 6928

Correlate

Authors label: Long or serious ill-ness in family during childhood. (1)

Our classification: Hardship in family of origin, code F1.9

Measurement: Closed question: During the time you were growing up, did

any member of your family have a long or serious illness?

0: no 1: yes

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a DMr=-.03 proportion happy:

p<.05 0: no illness 76.0% AR= .51

1: illness 24.0% AR= .48

The average ridits (AR) were calculated with the distribution of the total sample as reference

Correlational finding on Happiness and Hardship in family of origin Subject code: F1.9

Study BERKM 1971

Reported in: Berkman, P.L.

Life Stress and Psychological Well-Being: A Replication of Langner's Analysis in the Midtown Manhatten

Study.

Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, Vol. 12, 35 - 45 ISSN:0022 1465

Page in Report: 43

Population: Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 6928

Correlate

Authors label: Childhood stress. (2)

Our classification: Hardship in family of origin, code F1.9

Measurement: 4-item index containing:

1: broken homes in childhood (before

age of 15)

2: evaluation of mother and father as

parents

3: happiness of parents's marriage

during childhood

4: illness of family members during

childhood.

Rated on a scale from O(low stress) to

7(high stress).

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a DMr=- proportion happy:

low stress 0 13.9% AR = .61AR = .551 16.4% 2 14.9% AR = .523 19.8% AR= .49 20.6% AR = .445 10.7% AR = .456 3.5% AR = .48high stress 7 1.1% AR = .42

The average ridits (AR) were calculated with the distribution of the total sample as reference

Correlational finding on Happiness and Hardship in family of origin Subject code: F1.9

Study HENGG 1981/2

Reported in: Henggeler, S.W.; Borduin, C.M.

Satisfied Working Mothers and their Preschool Sons: Interaction and Psychosocial Adjustment.

Journal of Family Issues, 1981, Vol. 2, 322 - 335. ISSN 0192 513X

Page in Report: 332

Population: 4 year old boys, sons of married white mothers, USA, 1981

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 28

Correlate

Authors label: Working mother (1)

Our classification: Hardship in family of origin, code F1.9

Measurement: 0 mother does not work

1 mother works

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

A-CA/mh/tsb/?/0/a DM= ns Children of working mothers were observed to be no

less happy in play or command situations either at

home or in the laboratory, than children of

non-working mothers.

Correlational finding on Happiness and Hardship in family of origin Subject code: F1.9

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 278

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's abortion attempts

Our classification: Hardship in family of origin, code F1.9

Measurement: Report on medical file on (failed) abortion attempts on

pregnancy from which subject was born

1: no abortion attempted
2: abortion attempted
 2a: abortion with drugs
 2b: abortion with irrigation

2c: abortion with intravene mechanical efforts

Measured Values: N all:4289, 1:90,5%, 2:9,5%, 2a:5,9%, 2b:1,9%, 2c:0,2%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure
Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: \quad Mt=7.73$

2: Mt=7,67 2a: Mt=7.70 2b: Mt=7.70 2c: Mt=6.56

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{rs=-,01}$

p<.561

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1: Mt=7.41

2: Mt=7.17 2a: Mt=7.13 2b: Mt=7.08 2c: Mt=6.56

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e rs=-.04

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=- 1: Mt=7.01

2: Mt=6.86 2a: Mt=6.89 2b: Mt=6.79 2c: Mt=6.88

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h rs=-.02

p<.188

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study KLEIB 2006

Reported in: Kleiboer A.M.

Couples dealing with multiple sclerosis. A diary study examining the effects of spusal interactions on well-

being

Doctoral dissertation, Utrecht University, The Netherlands, 2006

Page in Report: 68-69

Population: MS patients and their spouse, The Netherlands, 200?

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 12,9%

N: 140

Correlate

Authors label: patient or partner of patient

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: a: Patient (multiple sclerosis)

b: Spouse of patient

Measured Values: N= a: 61, b: 59

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness
Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

<u>A-BW/mi/mqr/v/5/a</u> <u>DM=</u> Patients M = +1,03

Spouces of patients M = +1,03 difference 0

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study SONDE 1975

Reported in: Sondermeijer, B.

Gezondheid en Geluk. (Health Correlates of Happiness). Unpublished report, 1975, Rotterdam, Netherlands

Page in Report: -

Population: 40-60 aged male employees, Rotterdam, The Netherlands, 197?

Sample:

Non-Response: 5%

N: 13

Correlate

Authors label: Illness of parents (1)

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: 2-item index of diseases of parents including infarction,

stroke, hypertension and diabetes.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics

Elaboration/Remarks

M-FH/g/sq/v/2/a

G=-.03 ns

M-FH/g/sq/v/2/a

G=-.03 ns

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 230

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's bleeding during pregnancy with intercourse

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's bleeding during pregnancy with intercourse as

reported in medical file

1: none
2: spotting

3: heavy bleeding

Measured Values: N: all:4393, 1:76,7%, 2: 11%, 3:12,3%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure

Statistics Elaboration/Remarks

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt} = \qquad 1: Mt = 7.75$

2: Mt=7.50

3: Mt=7.74

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e \underline{r} =-.01

p<.3087

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt= 1: Mt=7.40

2: Mt=7.28 3: Mt=7.45

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=+.00

p<.9456

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt= 1: Mt=7.03

2: Mt=6.88

3: Mt=7.01

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=-.01

p<.4957

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 102

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's congenital malformations

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's congenital malformations as reported in medical

file of mother

1: no malformation

2: one of the following:
 2a: respiratory system
 2b: cardiovascular system
 2c: gastro-intestinal system

2d: uro-genital system
2e: central nervous system
2f: skeleto-muscular system

2g: endocrine glands

2h: other

Measured Values: N: all:4333, 1:95%, 2a:0,1%, 2b:0,5%, 2c:0,1%, 2d:0,3%, 2e:1%, 2f:1,1%, 2g:1,0%, 2h:0,4%

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=+</u>	1: Mt=7.73 2: Mt=7.81 2a: Mt=5.84 2b: Mt=7.83 2c: Mt=8.13 2d: Mt=7.89 2e: Mt=7.68 2f: Mt=8.04 2g: Mt=7.68 2h: Mt=8.13 All Mt=7.73
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=+</u>	1: Mt=7.39 2: Mt=7.56 2a: Mt=5.84 2b: Mt=8.15 2c: Mt=8.13 2d: Mt=6.54 2e: Mt=7.50 2f: Mt=7.66 2g: Mt=7.44 2h: Mt=7.98 All Mt=7.40

DMt=+

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h

1: Mt=7.00 2: Mt=7.24 2a: Mt=5.84 2b: Mt=7.39

2c: Mt=6.25 2d: Mt=6.73 2e: Mt=7.21 2f: Mt=7.55 2g: Mt=6.99

2h: Mt=7.81 All Mt=7.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

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http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 104, 106

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's illness before pregnancy (1)

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's illness before pregnancy as reported in medical

file of mother
1: no illness

2: one or more illnesses

2a: diabetes

2b: endocrine glands2c: respiratory system2d: cardiovascular system2e: centralnervous system2f: stomach-intestinal tract

2g: urinary system
2h: genitalia
2i: syphilis
2j: other

Measured Values: N: 1:3043, 2:193, 2a:46, 2b:92, 2c:148, 2d:48, 2e:152, 2f:246, 2g:97, 2h:502, 2i:32, 2j:191

Remarks: The diseases can be overlapping, therefore only absolute

frequencies are given

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	DMt=-	1: Mt=7.79 2: Mt=7.56 2a: Mt=7.88 2b: Mt=7.59 2c: Mt=7.36 2d: Mt=7.29 2e: Mt=7.75 2f: Mt=7.61 2g: Mt=7.91 2h: Mt=7.49 2i: Mt=6.80 2j: Mt=7.66
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	DMt=-	1: Mt=7.46 2: Mt=7.24 2a: Mt=7.71 2b: Mt=7.13 2c: Mt=6.96 2d: Mt=7.04 2e: Mt=7.41 2f: Mt=7.31 2g: Mt=7.50 2h: Mt=7.19 2i: Mt=6.73 2j: Mt=7.33
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	DMt=-	1: Mt=7.04 2: Mt=6.91 2a: Mt=7.01 2b: Mt=7.01 2c: Mt=6.64 2d: Mt=6.98 2e: Mt=7.09 2f: Mt=6.89 2g: Mt=7.21 2h: Mt=6.88

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

2i: Mt=5.94 2j: Mt=6.96

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 134

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Father's congenital malformations (1)

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Father congenital malformation as reported in medical file

1: no malformations reported

2: any of the following malformations
 2a: blood and blood forming organs

2b: cardiovasular system

2c: skeleto-musculature system

2d: endocrine glands

Measured Values: N: 1:4279, 2:48, 2a:14, 2b:6, 2c:13, 2d:15

Remarks: Because answers can be overlapping, only absolute

frequencies are given

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<u>DMt=-</u>	1: Mt=7.74 2: Mt=7.65 2a: Mt=8.21 2b: Mt=7.91 2c: Mt=7.50 2d: Mt=7.16 All: Mt=7.73
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	DMt=0	1: Mt=7.40 2: Mt=7.40 2a: Mt=8.21 2b: Mt=7.09 2c: Mt=7.50 2d: Mt=6.66 All: Mt=7.40

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.01

2: Mt=7.09 2a: Mt=7.14 2b: Mt=6.25 2c: Mt=7.31 2d: Mt=7.16 All: Mt=7.01

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 174

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Virus symptoms in mother during pregnancy

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's virus symptoms during pregnancy as eported in

medical file

1: none

2: one of the following conditions:

2a: measles

2b: german measles
2c: chicken pox

2d: "catharrhaliaa"/herpes
2e: jaundice during pregnancy

2f: other

Measured Values: N: 1:3579, 2:727, 2a:6, 2b:9, 2c:4, 2d:696, 2e:6, 2f:6

Remarks: DMt = 1 vs 2

only absolute frequencies are given, because answer-catagories are not mutually exclusive

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Measure	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	DMt=-	1: Mt=7.74 2: Mt=7.66 2a: Mt=8.34 2b: Mt=8.05 2c: Mt=8.13 2d: Mt=7.64 2e: Mt=7.91 2f: Mt=8.34
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	<u>DMt=-</u>	1: Mt=7.41 2: Mt=7.35 2a: Mt=7.91 2b: Mt=8.34 2c: Mt=6.25 2d: Mt=7.34 2e: Mt=7.50 2f: Mt=7.50
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>DMt=0</u>	1: Mt=7.01 2: Mt=7.01 2a: Mt=7.09 2b: Mt=6.39 2c: Mt=7.50 2d: Mt=7.00 2e: Mt=6.66 2f: Mt=7.91

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 222-230

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's bleeding during pregnancy

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's major bleeding during pregnancy as reported in

medical file
1: no bleeding
2: bleeding:

2.1: in 1st-2nd month
2.2: in 3rd-4th month
2.3: in 5th-6th month
2.4: in 7th-8th month
2.5: in 9th month or later

Measured Values: N: 1:3945; 2.1,191, 2.2:191, 2.3:86, 2.4:139, 2.5:88

Remarks: only absolute frequencies are given, because catagories of

bleeding are not mutually exclusive

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: Mt=7.80$

2: Mt=7.73 3: Mt=8.14 4: Mt=8.00 5: Mt=7.59

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=-.44

<u>p<.0047</u>

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=- 1: Mt=7.59

2: Mt=7.51 3: Mt=7.56 4: Mt=7.70 5: Mt=7.30

 $O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e \qquad r=-.02$

p<.2687

 $\underline{O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h} \qquad \underline{DMt=-} \qquad 1: Mt=7.09$

2: Mt=7.03 3: Mt=7.33 4: Mt=7.14 5: Mt=6.81

 $O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h \qquad r=-.03$

p<.0553

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 226,228

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's complications during pregnancy

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's complications during pregnancy as reported in

medical file

1: no complications

2: one of the following complications:

2b: laparotomy

2c: other operations with anesthesia

2d: hydrorrhea
2e: amniotoic fluid
2f: hypertension
2g: proteinurea

2h: preeclamsia 1st degree
2i: preeclamsia mild degree

2j: anemia
2k: other

Measured Values: N all: 4668, 1:50%, 2:50%, 2b:0,5%, 2c:0,5%, 2d:0,6%, 2e:0,7%, 2f:18,4%, 2g:1,9%, 2h:3,4%, 2i:0,6%,

2j:26,9%, 2k:0,4%

Remarks: DMt and G is 1 vs 2

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	DMt=0	1: Mt=7.71 2: Mt=7.71 2b: Mt=7.71 2c: Mt=6.88 2d: Mt=7.69 2e: Mt=8.19 2f: Mt=7.69 2g: Mt=7.69 2g: Mt=7.93 2h: Mt=7.79 2i: Mt=7.75 2k: Mt=8.29	
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	G=+.18 p<.465		
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	DMt=+	1: Mt=7.40 2: Mt=7.43 2b: Mt=7.40 2c: Mt=7.13 2d: Mt=7.79 2e: Mt=7.68 2f: Mt=7.41 2g: Mt=7.56 2h: Mt=7.49 2i: Mt=7.70 2j: Mt=7.38 2k: Mt=8.16	
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	G=+.03 p<.287		
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	DMt=0	1: Mt=7.00 2: Mt=7,00 2b: Mt=7.29 2c: Mt=6.38 2d: Mt=6.64 2e: Mt=7.59 2f: Mt=6.99 2g: Mt=7.10 2h: Mt=7.11 2i: Mt=7.30 2j: Mt=7.00 2k: Mt=8.03	
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<u>G=+.10</u> <u>p<.665</u>		

Correlational finding on Happiness and Illness in family Subject code: F1.9.1

Study VENTE 1997

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.

Livskvalitet og Omstaedigheder Tidligt I Livet. (The Quality of Life and Factors in Pregnancy, Birth and

Infancy).

Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190130

http://www.livskvalitet.org/t3/index.asp

Page in Report: 234

Population: 31-33 aged, born at the university hospital, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability chunk sample

Non-Response: 36%

N: 4626

Correlate

Authors label: Mother's edema during pregnancy

Our classification: Illness in family, code F1.9.1

Measurement: Mother's edema during pregnancy as reported in medical file

1: no 2: yes

Measured Values: N: 2675, :1:76.6%, 2:23,3%

Remarks: Edema is swelling of both legs from a buildup of extra

fluid

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness	Statistics	Elaboration/Remarks
Measure		

 $\underline{A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a} \qquad \underline{DMt=+} \qquad 1: Mt=7.75$

2: Mt=7.71

 $A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a \qquad r=-.01$

p<.7436

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e DMt=+ 1: Mt=7.40

2: Mt=7.45

 $O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e \qquad r=+.01$

p<.6194

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h DMt=+ 1: Mt=6.98

2: Mt=7.10

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h r=+.03

p<.1744

Correlational finding on Happiness and Unemployment of parents Subject code: F1.9.2

Study CBS 1984

Reported in: Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek

De Leefsituatie van de Nederlandse Jeugd van 13-24 jaar in 1979. Deel 4. (Life Situation of the Dutch

Youth of 13-24 in 1979, Vol. 4: An Analysis of Youth in One-Parent Families.) S.D.U./C.B.S. Publications, 1984, The Hague, Netherlands http://statline.cbs.nl

Page in Report: 49

Population: Adolescents, The Netherlands, 1979

Sample:

Non-Response: 35%, of which: refusals 62%, no contact 27%, unable 8%

N: 3113

Correlate

Authors label: Head of household employed (1)

Our classification: Unemployment of parents, code F1.9.2

Measurement: 0 Not employed

1 Employed

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Statistics Elaboration/Remarks
Measure

O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d Beta=+.01 ß controlled for broken home, age, education of

ns head of household and day time school.

O-HP/u/sq/v/4/a Beta=+.02 ß controlled for broken home, age, education of

ns head of household and day time education.

Appendix 1: Happiness Items used

Happiness Item Code Full Text

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a Selfreport on single question:

"In general, how would you say you feel most of the time - in good spirits or in low spirits....?"

5 very good spirits 4 fairly good spirits

3 neither good spirits nor low spirits

2 fairly low spirits 1 very low spirits.

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a Single direct question: How are you feeling now....? 5 very good 4 good 3 neither good nor poor 2 poor 1 very poor A-AOL/u/sq/I/11/a Selfreport on single question: 'We would like to know how you are feeling? 0 very bad 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 very good A-ARE/md/sqr/v/10/a Selfreport on single question, repeated every evening before retiring during 3 weeks (experience sampling). "On the average, how happy or unhappy did you feel today....?" 1 Extremely unhappy. Utterly depressed. Completely down. 2 Very unhappy. Depressed. Spirits very low. 3 Pretty unhappy. Somewhat 'blue'. Spirits down. 4 Mildly unhappy. Just a little low. 5 Barely unhappy. Just this side of neutral. 6 Barely happy. Just this side of neutral. 7 Mildly happy. Feeling fairly good and somewhat cheerful. 8 Pretty happy. Spirits high. Feeling good. 9 Very happy. Feeling really good. Elated. 10 Extremely happy. Feeling ecstatic, joyous, fantastic. Name: Wessman & Ricks' `Elation - Depression Scale" (adapted version) A-ARE/mi/sqr/n/7/a Selfreport on single question repeated several times a day. " .. mood .." Full lead question not reported 7 happy 6 5 4 3 1 sad

A-BB/cm/mg/v/2/a

Selfreport on 10 questions:

During the past few weeks, did you ever feel? (yes/no)

A Particularly exited or interested in something?

B So restless that you couldn't sit long in a chair?

C Proud because someone complimented you on something

you had done?

D Very lonely or remote from other people?

E Pleased about having accomplished something?

F Bored?

G On top of the world?

H Depressed or very unhappy?

I That things were going your way?

J Upset because someone criticized you?

Answer options and scoring:

yes = 1

no = 0

Summation:

-Positive Affect Score (PAS): A+C+E+G+I

-Negative Affect Score (NAS): B+D+F+H+J

-Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range: -5 to +5

Name: Bradburn's 'Affect Balance Scale' (standard version)

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a

Selfreport on 8 questions:

"Here is a list that describes some of the ways people feel at different times. How often do you feel each of these ways?"

A Very lonely or remote from other people

B Depressed or very unhappy

C Bored

D So restless you couldn't sit long in a chair

E Vaguely uneasy about something without knowing why

F On top of the world

G Particularly excited or interested in something

H Pleased about having accomplished something

Answer options:

0 never

1 sometimes

2 often

Summation:

Positive Affect Score (PAS): summed scores on F, G, H Negative Affect Score (NAS): summed scores on A, B, C, D, E

Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range -10 to +6 (transformed to ridits (0 - 1))

Name: Bradburn's `Affect Balance Scale' (modified variation)

A-BW/mi/mgr/v/5/a

Selfreport on 20 questions, answered at the end of the day during 14 days

This scale consists of a number of words that describe different feelings and emotions. Read each item and mark the appropriate answer in the space next to that word. Indicate to what extend you feel this way right now, that is, at the present moment:

A nervous

B distressed

C afraid

D jittery

E irritable

F upset

G scared

H exiled

I ashamed

J guilty

K hostile

L active

M determined

N inspired

O enthusiastic

P alert

Q attentive

R proud

S strong

T interested

Answer options:

1 very slightly or not at all

2 a little

3 moderately

4 quite a bit

5 extremely

Negative affect score (NAS): A to K Positive affect score (PAS): L to T Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS - NAS

Name: Watson's PANAS ('this moment' version) applied in multiple moment assessment (experience sampling method)

A-CA/mh/tsb/?/0/a

Time sampling of happy behaviors

Frequency of positive affect shown during two 20 minute sessions of mother child interaction (both play and command situation) both at home and in a laboratory.

Sessions were video recorded and rated afterwards

A-CA/mi/tsb/v/0/a

Time sampling of happy behaviors:

Researchers observed the baby's in the home.

One observation of one second was made every fifteenth second. Any positively voiced sound as observed by the researcher counted as a happy vocal and any negatively voiced sound counted as a unhappy vocal.

A-CP/g/fi/v/7/a

Selfreport in focused interview

Rating two independent interviewers.

- A. Psychiatric social worker who interviewed parents at home. Interview focused on child
- B. Clinical psychologist who interviewed parents separately. Interview focused on family life.

Rating options:

7 extremely cheerful, animated, jolly

6

5

4 usually good-humored air

3

2

1 dejected, melancholic appearance, in the dumps

Summation: average ratings A and B

A-CP/g/rdt/?/0/a

Teacher rating of cheerfulness:

"How happy is he/she?"

Response options not reported.

Item in Achenbach Teacher Rating Scale (Achenbach)

A-CP/g/sq/v/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

"Check one of the following groups of adjectives which best describes you."

7 full of deep joy, excitedly happy, enthusiastic, thrilled

6 cheerful, successful, optimistic, lighthearted

5 satisfied, comfortable, life goes smoothly, peaceful

4 contented at times and at other times discontented, life has

both favorable and unfavorable features

3 restless, impatient, uncertain, dull, cross, confined

2 anxious, irritated, discouraged, disappointed, discontented

1 gloomy, miserable, a failure, no pleasure in anything

A-CP/mi/tsb/n/7/a

Time sampling of happy behaviors

The children were rated during the first 3 years of their lives, after 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30 and 36 months of living for 'Emotional tone: unhappy - happy' on a 7-point scale. Scoring rated on 7-step numerical scale.

Summation:

Later the ratings of 10 - 12, 13 - 15, 18 - 24, and 27 - 36 months were combined.

Rated on 7-step numerical scale.

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a

Selfreport on 2 questions:

A. "How important was each of the following goals in life in the plans you made for yourself in early adulthood?"

- occupational success
- family life
- friendships
- richness of cultural life
- total service to society.
- 1 less important to me than to most people

2

3

4

5 of prime importance to me

B. "How successful have you been in the pursuit of these goals?"

1 little satisfaction in this area 2 3

1

5 had excellent fortune in this respect

Computation: General Satisfaction 5 is the quotient obtained by multiplying the planned goal (early adulthood) by the reported success in attaining that goal, adding the five of these multiplied areas and dividing them by the sum of the planned goals for each of the areas.

```
Pa.Sa + Pb.Sb + Pc.Sc + Pd.Sd + Pe.Se

Pa + Pb + Pc + Pd + Pe
Pa = planned goal a (1-5)
Sa = success goal a (1-5)
```

C-BW/c/sq/I/10/a

Selfreport on single question:

Lead item not reported.

[10] best possible life

[9]

[8]

[7]

[6]

[5]

[4]

[3]

[2]

[1] worst possible life

Name: Cantril's self anchoring Ladder rating of life (modified version)

C-BW/c/sq/I/11/a

Selfreport on single question:

"Here is a picture of a ladder. Suppose we say that the top of the ladder represents the best possible life for you and the

bottom represents the worst possible life for you. Where on the ladder do you feel you personally stand at the present time?"

[10] best possible life

[9]

[8]

[7]

[6]

[5]

[4]

[3]

[2]

[1]

[0] worst possible life

Preceded by 1) open questions about what the respondent imagines as the best possible life and the worst possible life. 2) ratings on the ladder of one's life five years ago and where on the ladder one expects to stand five years from now.

Name: Cantril's self anchoring ladder rating of life (original)

M-AO/*/mgr/*/0/a

Various self reports and informant rating

A Selfreport on five questions repeated three times during semester:

a In most ways my life is close to ideal

b The conditions of my life are excellent

c I am satisfied with my life

d So far, I have gotten the important things I want in life

e If I could live my life over, I would change nothing

Answers rated: 7 strongly agree ...1 strongly disagree

(Diener's Satisfaction With Life Scale, SWLS)

B Selfreport on 24 questions:

How much of each mood did you experience in the last month?

BA LOVE

a Affection

b love

c caring

d fondness

BB JOY

a joy

b happiness

c contentment

d pride

BC FEAR

a fear

b worry

c anxiety

d nervous

BD ANGER

a anger

b irritation

c disgust

d rage

BE SHAME

a shame

b guilt

c regret

d embarrassment

BF SADNES

a sadness

b loneliness

c unhappiness

d depression

Rated: 0 = not at all6 extremely much

Summation: balance score (BA+BB)/2 - (BC+BD+BE+BF)/4

C Rating of B by five informants

D Selfreport of daily affect on B

Summation: z-scores

M-CO/*/mq/v/3/aSelfreport on 3 questions: Α How often do you find yourself feeling disappointed about the ways things have turned out for you? 1 often 2 sometimes 3 hardly ever All in all, how much happiness would you say you find in your life today? 1 almost none 2 some 3 a good deal С On the whole, how satisfied would you say you are with your life today? 1 not very satisfied 2 fairly satisfied 3 very satisfied Summation: A+B+C/3 M-CO/?/?q/?/0/a Selfreport on multiple questions: Questions indicated both happiness and a sense of contentment and well-being (Full questions not reported) Summation: not reported Name: `Happiness subtest' of Washburn's `Social Adjustment Scale'. M-FH/g/sq/v/2/a Selfreport on single question: "Are you generally satisfied?" 2 yes 1 no M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Selfreport on single question: following enumeration of lifegoals in six areas, the last of which was 'joy in living' " How successful have you been in pursuit of that goal.....?" (joy in living) 5 had excellent fortune in this respect 4 3 1 found little satisfaction in this area M-TH/g/sq/v/11/a Selfreport on single question: Lead item not reported 11 completely and supremely happy, tremendous joy and elation all the time 10 8 very happy most of the time 6 happy most of the time 4 . not very happy most of the time 3 2. 1 completely utterly unhappy, terrible depression and gloom

all the time

(originally presented horizontally)

M-TH/g/sq/v/4/e

Self report on single question

In general, would you say that you feel happy

4 most of the time 3 only sometimes 2 almost never

1 never

O-DT/u/sq/f/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

Which face comes closest to expressing feeling about life as a whole?

7 delighted

6 nvery satisfying

5 satisfying

4 mixed

3 dissatisfying

2 very dissatisfying

1 terrible

- No opinion

Name: Andrews & Withey's "Delighted-Terrible Scale" (modified

version)

O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

How do you feel about your life as a whole....?

7 delighted

6 pleased

5 mostly satisfied

4 mixed

3 mostly dissatisfied

2 unhappy

1 terrible

Name: Andrews & Withey's `Delighted-Terrible Scale' (original version)

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a

Selfreport on single question, asked twice in interview:

How do you feel about your life as a whole.....?

7 delighted

6 pleased

5 mostly satisfied

4 mixed

3 mostly dissatisfied

2 unhappy

1 terrible

Summation: arithmetic mean

Name: Andrews & Withey's "Delighted-Terrible Scale" (original version)

Also known as Lehman's 'Global lifesatisfaction'

O-DT/u/sqt/v/9/a Selfreport on single question asked twice 'How do you feel about your life as a whole?' 1 terrible 2 very unhappy 3 unhappy 4 mostly dissatisfied 5 mixed feelings 6 mostly satisfied 7 pleased 8 very pleased 9 delighted O-H?/?/oq/?/0/a Selfreport on single question: Open question on happiness. Text not reported. O-H?/?/sq/n/7/a Selfreport on single question: Lead item not reported. Response options: 7 happy 6 5 4 3 2 1 unhappy (Originally scored on a horizontal scale) O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa Selfreport on single question: Taken all together, how would you say things are these days? Would you say that you are....? 3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ae Selfreport on single question: Taking all things into account, how happy would you say you are these days? 1 not too happy 2 moderately happy 3 very happy O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f Selfreport on single question: Considering everything that has happened to you recently, how would you say things are with you would you say you are? 3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy O-HL/c/sq/v/4/n Selfreport on single question: In general, I am happy with how things are in my life right now 1 disagree strongly 2 disagree 3 agree 4 strongly agree

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/d	Selfreport on single question:
	Taking your life as a whole now, are you? 5 very happy 4 quite happy 3 more happy than unhappy 2 more unhappy than happy 1 quite unhappy
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	Selfreport on single question
	'How happy are you now?' 5 very happy 4 happy 3 neither happy nor unhappy 2 unhappy 1 very unhappy
	Original text in Danish: 'Hvor lykkelig er du for tiden?' 5 meget lykkelig 4 lykkelig 3 hverken eller 2 ullykklig 1 meget ullykkelig
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/b	Selfreport on single question:
	"How happy would you say your life is in general?"
	1 very unhappy 2 3 4 neither happy 5 nor 6 unhappy 7 8 9 very happy
O-HL/g/sq/v/3/d	Selfreport on single question:
	Generally speaking, how happy would you say you are? 3 very happy 2 fairly happy 1 not too happy
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/d	Selfreport on single question:
	"Taken all things together, how happy would you say you are?" 3 very happy 2 happy 1 not too happy
O-HL/u/sq/v/4/a	Selfreport on single question:
	Taking all things together, would you say you are? 4 very happy 3 quite happy 2 not very happy 1 not at all happy.

O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b

Selfreport on single question:

On the whole, how happy would you say you are....?

4 very happy 3 fairly happy 2 not very happy 1 very unhappy

O-HP/g/mg/v/5/a

Selfreport on 6 questions:

- "Describe the kind of person you are. Please read each sentence, then mark how often it is true for you"
- 1 I feel like smiling
- 2 I generally feel in good spirits
- 3 I feel happy
- 4 I am very satisfied with life
- 5 I find a good deal of happiness in life
- 6 I feel sad

Response options:

- 5 almost always true
- 4 often true
- 3 sometimes true
- 2 seldom true
- 1 never true

Summation: average Possible range: 1 to 5

O-HP/g/sg/v/2/b

Selfreport on single question:

Which of the following adjectives do you consider to be descriptive of yourself? Circle the number besides any adjective that you might use in describing yourself to someone else. Your behavior will vary with situation of course, so circle the numbers besides adjectives that apply to you frequently, even though they may not apply all the time. Work rapidly putting down your first thoughts.

Cheerful

1 no (not circled) 2 yes (circled)

Item in longer personality inventory

O-HP/g/sq/v/2/c

Selfreport on single question:

Which of the following adjectives do you consider to be descriptive of yourself? Circle the number besides any adjective that you might use in describing yourself to someone else. Your behavior will vary with situation of course, so circle the numbers besides adjectives that apply to you frequently, even though they may not apply all the time. Work rapidly putting down your first thoughts.

Satisfied

1 no (not circled) 2 yes (circled)

Item in longer personality inventory

O-HP/g/sq/v/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

Below are a number of dimensions on which people can vary. Please rate yourself on each dimension as honestly as you can. Many of the traits depend on the situation of course, but try to rate yourself as you usually are.

Happy-unhappy
7 very happy
6 fairly happy
5 slightly happy
4 neither or both
3 slightly unhappy
2 fairly unhappy
1 very unhappy

Item in longer personality inventory

Numbers reversed original presentation (happy 1, unhappy 7)

O-HP/u/sq/v/4/a

Selfreport on single question:

Do you consider yourself as a happy person.....?

4 very happy 3 happy

2 neither happy nor unhappy

1 not too happy - don't know

O-HP/u/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question

To what extend do you consider yourself a happy person...?

5 very happy 4 happy

3 neither happy nor unhappy

2 not very happy

1 unhappy

O-SL?/?/sq/f/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

".....satisfaction with life......"
(full question not reported)

Responses scored pictorial faces scale consisting on several smilies, expressing variations from very unhappy to very happy.

(Pictures not presented here)

1 unhappy face

2

3

4 neutral face

5

6

7 happy face

(Pictures not presented here)

Name: Kunin's `Faces Scale'

O-SL?/?/sq/v/4/a Selfreport on single question: "..... how satisfied are you with your life-as-a-whole.....?" (Full question not reported) 1 not very satisfied 2 somewhat satisfied 3 very satisfied 4 extremely satisfied Selfreport on single question: O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/b "......satisfaction with life......" (Full question not reported) 1 very dissatisfied 2 a little dissatisfied 3 neither dissatisfied nor satisfied 4 well satisfied 5 completely satisfied O-SLC/q/fi/v/7/b Selfreport in focused interview Two independent interviews. Each interviewer rated `satisfaction with lot' on the same scale. 1 tremendously satisfied 2 3 4 average 5 6 7 extremely dissatisfied O-SLL/c/sq/n/0/a Selfreport on single question: "In general, how satisfying do you find the way you're spending your life these days.....?" Rated on numerical scale (steps and labels not reported) O-SLL/c/sq/v/5/d Selfreport on single question: How satisfied are you with the life you currently lead? 5 extraordinary satisfied 4 very satisfied 3 satisfied 2 fairly satisfied 1 not so satisfied O-SLu/c/sq/v/3/b Selfreport on single question: "In general, how satisfying do you find your life these days? Would you call it....?." 3 completely satisfying 2 pretty satisfying 1 not satisfying O-SLu/c/sq/v/4/b Selfreport on single question: In general, how satisfied are you with your life these days....?" 4 very satisfied 3 somewhat satisfied 2 somewhat dissatisfied 1 very dissatisfied

Findings on Happiness and FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young) O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e Selfreport on single question: 'How satisfied are you with your life now?' 5 very satisfied 2 satisfied 3 neither satisfied nor dissatisfied 2 dissatisfied 1 very dissatisfied Original text in Danish: 'Hvor tilfreds er du med dit liv for tiden?' 5 meget tilfreds 4 tilfreds 3 hverken tilfreds eller utilfreds 2 utilfreds 1 meget utilfreds O-SLW/?/sq/n/7/a Selfreport on single question ..satisfaction with life as a whole.. (full item not reported) 7 very satisfied 6 5 4 just as satisfied as dissatisfied 1 very dissatisfied (numbering reversed) O-SLW/c/sq/n/10/aa Selfreport on single question: All things considered, how satisfied are you with your life as-a-whole now....? 1 dissatisfied 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 satisfied O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/d Selfreport on single question: Taking all things together, how satisfied are you with your life these days? Please answer with the help of this scale. For instance, when you are totally satisfied with your life, please tick '10'. When you are totally unsatisfied with your life, please tick '0'. You may use all values in between to indicate that you are neither totally satisfied nor totally unsatisfied." 10 totally satisfied 9 8 7 6 5 4

0 totally unsatisfied

3 2

O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

We have talked about various parts of your life, now I want to ask you about your life as a whole. How satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days....?

7 completely satisfied

6

5

4 neutral

3

2

1 completely dissatisfied

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question:

Taking everything into consideration: how satisfied are you with your life in general at the present

time....?

1 not satisfied

2 slightly satisfied

3 fairly satisfied

4 very satisfied

5 extremely satisfied

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/d

Selfreport on single question:

Taking everything into consideration, how satisfied are you with life in general at the present time? Would

you say you are....?

5 extremely satisfied

4 very satisfied

3 fairly satisfied

2 slightly satisfied

1 not satisfied"

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/n

Selfreport on single question

Now taking everything into account, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your life these days?

5 very satisfied

4 satisfied

3 neither satisfied nor dissatisfied

2 dissatisfied

1 very dissatisfied

- don't know

- no answers

Numerical scale reversed

O-SLW/c/sq/v/5/t

Selfreport on single question:

How would you describe your satisfaction with life in general at present.....?

1 bad

2 poor

3 fair

4 good

1 excellent

O-SLW/u/sq/I/7/a Selfreport on single question: How do you feel about your life as a whole? Rated on a seven step quality of life ladder was marked with a smiling face and marked "GOOD'. The bottom marked with a frowning face and the word 'BAD' [7] Good, picture of smiling face [6] [5] [4] [3] [2] [1] Bad, picture of frowning face (Pictures not reproduced here) Selfreport on single question: O-SLW/u/sq/n/101/a Ss were asked to indicate their satisfaction in 17 areas of life and with"life as a whole" (Full question not reported) 0 completely dissatisfied 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 completely satisfied O-SLW/u/sq/v/4/i Selfreport on single question: All in all, how satisfied would you say you are with your life as a whole? 1 not at all satisfied 2 not too satisfied 3 very satisfied 4 extremely satisfied O-SQL/c/sq/n/10/a Selfreport on single question: All things considered, how would you rate your own quality of life today on a scale of 1 to 10? 1 very poor 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

10 excellent

O-Sum/*/mq/*/0/a

Self report on 8 items

A How do you feel about your life as a whole? Rated on a 9-step Delighted-Terrible scale

Asked twice in the interview with 15 minutes interval

B a In most ways my life is close to ideal b The conditions of my life are excellent

c I am satisfied with my life

d So far, I have gotten the important things I want in life e If I could live my life over, I would change nothing' Answers rated: 7 strongly agree to 1 strongly disagree

C How do you feel usually?

0 extremely unhappy

.

10 extremely happy

Computation: factor

O-Sum/c/mq/v/5/a

Selfreport on 3 questions:

A When you consider your present life as-a-whole, would you say you are...?

5 very happy

4 fairly happy

3 rather happy than unhappy

2 rather unhappy than happy

1 very unhappy

- DK/NA

B When you consider your present life as-a-whole, would you say you are....?

5 very satisfied

4 fairly satisfied

3 rather satisfied than dissatisfied

2 rather dissatisfied than satisfied

1 fairly dissatisfied

- DK/NA

C How do you feel right now? Is your well-being....?

5 very high

4 high

3 moderate

2 rather low

1 very low

- DK/NA

Summation: The summed scores were divided in three strata: low, medium and high quality of life

O-Sum/cy/mg/v/7/a

Selfreport on four questions:

Using the 1-7 scale below, indicate how much each of the following statements applies for you in the last 18 months.

A In most ways my life is close to ideal

B The conditions of my life are excellent

C I am satisfied with my life

D So far, I have gotten the important things I want in life

Answers rated:

7 applies completely

6 apllies

5 apllies slightly

4 neither applies nor does not apply

3 slightly not applicable2 not applicable1 applies not at all

Computation: A+B+C+D divided by 4

Name: Shortened Diener's Satisfaction with Life Scale (SWLS), last years version (In the original scale item 5 reads: 'If I could live my life over, I would change nothing'. This item is left out in this selection because a positive answer to this question does not necessarily mean that the respondent doesn't like the life he/she actually lives.)

Appendix 2: Statistics used

Symbol Explanation

AoV ANALYSIS of VARIANCE (ANOVA)

Type: statistical procedure

Measurement level: Correlate(s): nominal, Happiness: metric.

In an ANOVA, the total happiness variability, expressed as the sum of squares, is split into two or more parts, each of which is assigned to a source of variability. At least one of those sources is the variability of the correlate, in case there is only one, and always one other is the residual variability, which includes all unspecified influences on the happiness variable. Each sum of squares has its own number of degrees of freedom (df), which sum up to Ne -1 for the total variability. If a sum of squares (SS) is divided by its own number of df, a mean square (MS) is obtained. The ratio of two correctly selected mean squares has an F-distribution under the hypothesis that the corresponding association has a zero-value.

NOTE: A significantly high F-value only indicates that, in case of a single correlate, the largest of the c mean values is systematically larger than the smallest one. Conclusions about the other pairs of means require the application of a Multiple Comparisons Procedure (see e.g. BONFERRONI'S MULTIPLE COMPARISON TEST, DUNCAN'S MULTIPLE RANGE TEST or STUDENT-NEWMAN-KEULS)

REGRESSION COEFFICIENT (non-standardized) by LEAST SQUARES (OLS)

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric

Theoretical range: unlimited

Meaning:

B > 0 A higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating. B < 0 A higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.

B = 0 Not any correlation with the relevant correlate.

(B) STANDARDIZED REGRESSION COEFFICIENT by LEAST SQUARES (OLS)

Type: test statistic.

Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happinessl: metric.

Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:

beta > 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating. beta < 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.

beta = 0 « no correlation.

beta = + 1 or -1 « perfect correlation.

Remark

Mean of observations is subtracted from all observations if standardized.

BONFERRONI'S MULTIPLE COMPARISON TEST

Type: statistical procedure

Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: metric

Meaning: if the correlate is measured at c levels, the c mean happiness values can be ranked from low to high. A multiple comparison procedure judges for each of the ½c(c-1) pairs whether or not they differ significantly. A convenient way to represent the results is by ranking the c means and by underlining them in such a way that means which have a common underlining do NOT differ significantly.

When added by us, this test is performed at the 95% confidence level for all the differences together.

Beta

BMCT

Chi² CHI-SQUARE

Type: test statistic

Range: $[0; Ne^{*}(min(c,r)-1)]$, where c and r are the number of columns and rows respectively in a cross

tabulation of Ne sample elements.

Meaning:

Chi² <= (c-1) * (r-1) means: no association Chi² >> (c-1) * (r-1) means: strong association

D% DIFFERENCE in PERCENTAGES

Type: descriptive statistic only.

Measurement level: Correlate level: dichotomous, but nominal or ordinal theoretically possible as well.

Happiness level: dichotomous

Range: [-100; +100]

Meaning: the difference of the percentages happy people at two correlate levels.

DM DIFFERENCE of MEANS

Type: descriptive statistic only.

Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric

Range: depending on the happiness rating scale of the author; range symmetric about zero.

Meaning: the difference of the mean happiness, as measured on the author's rating scale, between the

two correlate levels.

DMr DIFFERENCE IN MEAN RIDITS

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Happiness ordinal

Range: [0; +1]

Meaning:

Mr < .50: average happiness in this subgroup lower than in the larger population Mr = .50: average happiness in this subgroup the same as in the larger population

Mr > .50: average happiness in this subgroup higher than in the larger population

'Ridit analysis' compares the distribution of happiness scores in subgroups to its distribution in the entire

sample ("Relative to an Identified Distribution")

Testing for significance can be performed through a "BROSS Confidence Interval" (BCI). If all values the BCI for a subgroup are above/below 0.500, the subgroup is significantly more/less happy than the larger

population.

DMt DIFFERENCE of MEANS AFTER TRANSFORMATION

Type: descriptive statistic only.

Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric

Theoretical range: [-10; +10]

Meaning: the difference of the mean happiness (happiness measured at a 0-10 rating scale) between the

two correlate levels.

E² CORRELATION RATIO (Elsewhere sometimes called h² or ETA)

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: nominal or ordinal, Happiness: metric

Range: [0; 1]

Meaning: correlate is accountable for E² x 100 % of the variation in happiness.

E² = 0 « knowledge of the correlate value does not improve the prediction quality of the happiness rating.

 $E^2 = 1$ « knowledge of the correlate value enables an exact prediction of the happiness rating

 $http://worlddatabase of happiness.eur.nl/hap_cor/top_sub.php?code = F1~(280~of~287)9-9-2009~13:19:33$

F-STATISTIC

G

Type: asymmetric standard test statistic.

Range: nonnegative unlimited

Meaning: the test statistic is also called the "Variance Ratio" and is the ratio of two independent estimators of the same variance with n1 and n2 degrees of freedom respectively. The critical values of its probability distribution are tabulated extensively in almost any textbook on Statistics

GOODMAN & Kruskal's GAMMA

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happinessl: ordinal

Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:

G = 0 « no rank correlation

G = +1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness ratings.

G = -1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness

ratings.

gH Hedges's COEFFICIENT FOR GROUP DIFFERENCES

Type: descriptive statistic only

Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric

Range (theoretical): unlimited

Meaning: effect size indicator for difference of means.

MCT Multiple Comparison Test, variant not specified.

Possible variants: Scheffe, Tukey, Student/Newman/Keuls, Bonferoni (BMCT)

mr Mean correlation coefficient (r).

For r, see PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION

PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION COEFFICIENT (Also "Pearson's correlation coefficient" or simply

'correlation coefficient')
Type: test statistic.

Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric

Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:

r = 0 « no correlation ,

r = 1 « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness values, and

r = -1 « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness values.

Ra² ADJUSTED COEFFICIENT OF MULTIPLE CORRELATION

Type: descriptive statistic only

Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness: metric

Range: [0;1]

Meaning:

Ra = 0 « not any association

Ra = 1 « strongest possible association

rpc PARTIAL CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric

Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning: a partial correlation between happiness and one of the correlates is that correlation, which remains after accounting for the contribution of the other influences, or some of them, to the total

variability in the happiness scores.

Under that conditions

rpc > 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with a higher happiness rating, rpc < 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with a lower happiness rating,

SPEARMAN'S RANK CORRELATION COEFFICIENT

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness: ordinal.

Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:

rs

rs = 0 « no rank correlation

rs = 1 « perfect rank correlation, where high correlate values are associated with high happiness ratings rs =-1 « perfect rank correlation, where high correlate values are associated with low happiness ratings

R² COEFFICIENT of DETERMINATION

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness: metric

Range: [0; 1]

Meaning:

 $R^2 = 0$ « no influence of any correlate in this study has been established.

 $R^2 = 1$ « the correlates determine the happiness completely.

SNR Statistic Not Reported

tau GOODMAN & Kruskal's TAU

Type: descriptive statistic only.

Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: ordinal

Range: [0; +1]

Meaning:

tau = 0 « knowledge of the correlate value does not improve the prediction quality

of the happiness rating.

tau = 1 « knowledge of the correlate value enables a perfect (error-free) prediction of the happiness

rating.

CRAMéR's V

Type: test statistic

Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: ordinal

Range: [0; 1]

Meaning:

V = 0 « no association

V = 1 « strongest possible association

Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness

Structure of the collections

The World Database of Happiness is an ongoing register of scientific research on the subjective enjoyment of life. It brings together findings that are scattered throughout many studies and provides a basis for synthetic work.

World literature on Happiness

Selection on subject



Bibliography and Directory

Selection of empirical studies



Selection on valid measurement: <u>Item Bank</u>

Abstracting and classification of findings





How happy people are, distributional findings Happiness in Nations, Happiness in Publics What goes together with happiness Correlational Findings



Listing of comparable findings in Nations



States of Nations , Trends in Nations

Size of the collections

1226 Happiness measures (Item Bank)

4258 Nations surveys in 206 Nations

149 Distinguished publics in 1199 studies

12032 Correlational findings in 1196 studies

Appendix 4 Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness

Main Subjects	Subject Description	Number of Studies
A1	ACTIVITY: LEVEL (how much one does)	58
A2	ACTIVITY: PATTERN (what one does)	32
A3	AFFECTIVE LIFE	48
A4	AGE	400
A5	AGGRESSION	12
A6	ANOMY	32
A7	APPEARANCE (good looks)	15
A8	ATTITUDES	6
A9	AUTHORITARIANISM	4
B1	BIRTH CONTROL	1
B2	BIRTH HISTORY (own birth)	201
B3	BODY	77
C1	CHILDREN	1
C2	CHILDREN: WANT FOR (Parental aspirations)	6
C3	CHILDREN: HAVING (parental status)	195
C4	CHILDREN: CHARACTERISTICS OF ONE'S CHILDREN	25
C5	CHILDREN: RELATION WITH ONE'S CHILDREN	8

C6	CHILDREN: REARING OF ONE'S CHILDREN (parental behavior)	26
C7	COMMUNAL LIVING	9
C8	CONCERNS	18
C9	COPING	43
C10	CREATIVENESS	6
C11	CULTURE (Arts and Sciences)	8
D1	DAILY JOYS & HASSLES	5
E1	EDUCATION	302
E2	EMPLOYMENT	363
E3	ETHNICITY	98
E4	EXPRESSIVE BEHAVIOR	12
F1	FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)	236
F2	FAMILY OF PROCREATION	58
F3	FAMILY OF RELATIVES	157
F4	FARMING	25
F5	FREEDOM	32
F6	FRIENDSHIP	152
G1	GENDER	370
G2	GRIEF	1
H1	HABITS	1
H2	HANDICAP	25
H3	HAPPINESS: VIEWS ON HAPPINESS	49
H4	HAPPINESS: DISPERSION OF HAPPINESS	10
H5	HAPPINESS: CAREER	191
H6	HAPPINESS: CORRESPONDENCE OF DIFFERENT MEASURES	310
H7	HAPPINESS OF OTHERS	C
H8	HAPPINESS: REPUTATION OF HAPPINESS	19
H9	HEALTH-BEHAVIOR	25
H10	HELPING	5
H11	HOPE	8
H12	HOUSEHOLD: COMPOSITION	137
H13	HOUSEHOLD: WORK	32
H14	HOUSING	106
I 1	INCOME	552
12	INSTITUTIONAL LIVING	43
13	INTELLIGENCE	71
14	INTERESTS	8
15	INTERVIEW	73
16	INTIMACY	103
L1	LANGUAGE	2
L2	LEADERSHIP	8
L3	LEISURE	206
L4	LIFE APPRAISALS: OTHER THAN HAPPINESS	368
L5	LIFE CHANGE	35
L6	LIFE EVENTS	86
L7	LIFE GOALS	75
L8	LIFE HISTORY	2
19	LIFE STYLE	22

L10	LOCAL ENVIRONMENT	374
L11	LOTTERY	8
L12	LOVE-LIFE	31
M1	MARRIAGE: MARITAL STATUS CAREER	64
M2	MARRIAGE: CURRENT MARITAL STATUS	543
M3	MARRIAGE: RELATIONSHIP	115
M4	MARRIAGE: PARTNER	46
M5	MEANING	23
M6	MEDICAL TREATMENT	81
M7	MENTAL HEALTH	218
M8	MIGRATION: TO OTHER COUNTRY	29
M9	MIGRATION: MOVING WITHIN COUNTRY (residential mobility)	17
M10	MIGRATION: MIGRANT WORK	3
M11	MILITARY LIFE	7
M12	MODERNITY	6
M13	MOOD	246
M14	MOTIVATION	7
N1	NATION: NATIONALITY	29
N2	NATION: ERA (temporal period)	41
N3	NATION: NATIONAL CHARACTER (modal personality)	29
N4	NATION: CONDITION IN ONE'S NATION	430
N5	NATION: POSITION OF ONE'S NATION	1
N6	NATION: ATTITUDES TO ONES NATION	152
N7	NATION: LIVABILITY OF ONE'S NATION	17
N8	NATION i: ATTITUDES IN	1
N9	REGION IN NATION	59
N10	NUTRITION	23
N21	ERA	0
01	OCCUPATION	178
O2	ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION	17
P1	PERSONALITY: HISTORY	48
P2	PERSONALITY: CHANGE	10
P3	PERSONALITY: CURRENT ORGANIZATION	7
P4	PERSONALITY: CURRENT TRAITS	462
P5	PERSONALITY: LATER	23
P6	PHYSICAL HEALTH	427
P7	PLANNING	11
P8	POLITICAL BEHAVIOUR	231
P9	POPULARITY	26
P10	POSSESSIONS	60
P11	PRISON	1
P12	PROBLEMS	25
P13	PSYCHO-SOMATIC COMPLAINTS	62
P14	PETS	3
R1	RELIGION	251
R2	RESOURCES	9
R3	RETIREMENT	89
R4	ROLES	23

S1	SCHOOL	129
S2	SELF-IMAGE	237
S3	SEX-LIFE	61
S4	SLEEP	16
S5	SOCIAL MOBILITY	17
S6	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: PERSONAL CONTACTS	69
S7	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: VOLUNTARY ASSOCIATIONS	131
S8	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: TOTAL (personal + associations)	34
S9	SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS	154
S10	SOCIAL SUPPORT: RECEIVED	62
S11	SOCIAL SUPPORT: PROVIDED	6
S12	SPORTS	38
S13	STIMULANTS	49
S14	SUICIDE	8
S15	SUMMED DETERMINANTS	92
T1	TIME	53
T2	THERAPY	38
T3	TOLERANCE	37
V1	VALUES: CAREER	8
V2	VALUES: CURRENT PREFERENCES (own)	73
V3	VALUES: CLIMATE (current values in environment)	7
V4	VALUES: SIMILARITY (current fit with others)	12
V5	VICTIM	14
W1	WAR	5
W2	WISDOM	2
W3	WORK: CAREER	2
W4	WORK: CONDITIONS	68
W5	WORK: ATTITUDES	347
W6	WORK: PERFORMANCE (current)	29
W7	WORRIES	31
XX	UNCLASSIFIED	25

Appendix 5: Related Subjects

Subject		Related S	ubject(s)
F1	FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)	H12	HOUSEHOLD: COMPOSITION
F1.1.2	Recent change in family situation	L6.2	Current life-events (past few years)
F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)	L6.1.1	Earlier life-events
F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)	L6.2	Current life-events (past few years)
F1.2.3	Mixed kin sibblings	F1.3.3	Non-biological child
F1.2.4	Gender of sibblings	F1.6.2	Characteristics of siblings
F1.3.3	Non-biological child	F1.1.1	Earlier family situation
F1.3.3	Non-biological child	F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)
F1.3.3	Non-biological child	C3.2.3	Non-biological children

F1.4	Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young)	16	INTIMACY
F1.4	Family climate (earlier for adults, current for young)	S6	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: PERSONAL CONTACTS
F1.4.1	Relations with siblings	F3.1.4	Later family-life
F1.4.2.1	. closeness to parents	16	INTIMACY
F1.4.3	Relation between parents	F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)
F1.5.1	Presence of parents	F1.2.2	Number of parents (broken home)
F1.5.1	Presence of parents	F1.10	Working mother
F1.5.1	Presence of parents	L9.2.2.2	. Famly life style
F1.5.2.3	. permissive vs dominant	F5.3	Current absence of restrictions (social freedom)
F1.5.2.4	. supportive	S10	SOCIAL SUPPORT: RECEIVED
F1.5.3	Abuse by parents	V5	VICTIM
F1.6.1.1	. attitudes of parents	A8	ATTITUDES
F1.6.1.3	. personality of parents	F1.5.2	Rearing-style of parents
F1.6.1.4	. happiness of parents	H7	HAPPINESS OF OTHERS
F1.6.2.1	. attitudes of siblings	A8	ATTITUDES
F1.6.2.4	. happiness of siblings	H7	HAPPINESS OF OTHERS
F1.7	Socio-economic background (earlier for adults, current for young)	S9	SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS
F1.7.3	Parents occupation	F1.10	Working mother
F1.8.1	Religious upbringing	R1	RELIGION
F1.8.2	Rural upbringing	L10.2.1.2	. rural vs urban dwelling
F1.10	Working mother	E2.2.1	Full-time home maker

A report of the World Database of Happiness, Correlational Findings