

STELLINGEN/PROPOSITIONS

Improving Tuberculosis Case Finding in Indonesia

1. The care seeking behavior of TB suspects in Jogjakarta province, Indonesia, is favorable because of the extensive network of medical health providers. (this thesis)
2. An extensive network of medical health providers can result in a longer diagnostic delay if not managed effectively. (this thesis)
3. A health system needs ongoing vigorous attention to maintain an effective TB control program. (this thesis)
4. The TB-HIV epidemic in Indonesia can be controlled through the existing health system. (this thesis)
5. The WHO guidelines for the Public Private Mix (PPM) assessment and implementation should be adapted to the local context. (this thesis)
6. Evaluation of health system interventions should shift from merely randomized controlled trials and cost effectiveness studies to a health system research approach. (de Savigny D et al., 2009)
7. Public health is at the crossroads. A broad focus on the underlying social and economic causes of health would have more impact than the conventional narrow medical focus. (Beaglehole R & Bonita R, 2004)
8. There is a risk that country spending-patterns will be dictated by the global initiative rather than by national priorities. (Caines K et al., 2005)
9. Poverty leads to poor health, which in turn aggravates poverty and reduces productivity.
10. Anyone who has ever struggled with poverty knows how extremely expensive it is to be poor. (James A Baldwin)
11. The only place where success comes before work is in the dictionary. (Vidal Sassoon)

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Tuesday December 6, 2011