Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Correlate Code: L 7

<table>
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<tr>
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<td>. children as planned</td>
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<td>. realization of employment goals</td>
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<td>Satisfaction with goal-achievement</td>
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<td>L 7.4</td>
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<td>L 7.4.1</td>
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<td>L 7.4.2</td>
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Appendix 1: Happiness queries used
Appendix 2: Statistics used
Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness
Appendix 4: Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness
Appendix 5: Related Topics

Cite as: Veenhoven, R.: Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS
World Database of Happiness. Internet: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Erasmus University Rotterdam, 2003, Netherlands
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Study

VENTE 1995

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.
Livskvalitet i Danmark. (Quality of Life in Denmark)
Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark,
ISBN 8790190017

Population: 18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 39%

N: 1494

Measured Correlate

Class: LIFE-GOALS Code: L 7

Measurement:
Expression of life potentials
1: very bad
2: bad
3: neither good nor bad
4: good
5: very good


Error Estimates:

Remarks: Expression of life-potentials is calculated as weighted mean of 23 questions about satisfaction with 5 domains: partner, children and parents, friends, external environment and self.
See Chapter 8 of "Measuring the Quality of Life”, Ventegodt 1996

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query | Statistics | Remarks
--- | --- | ---
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a | \( r = +.33 \) \( p < .00 \) | Expression of life-potentials is calculated as weighted mean of 23 questions about satisfaction with 5 domains: partner, children and parents, friends, external environment and self. See Chapter 8 of ”Measuring the Quality of Life”, Ventegodt 1996

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h | \( r = +.39 \) \( p < .00 \) |
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

<table>
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<th>r</th>
<th>p</th>
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<td>1.</td>
<td>Mt = 5.68</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Mt = 6.48</td>
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<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Mt = 7.76</td>
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<td>4.</td>
<td>Mt = 9.04</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Mt =</td>
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<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>Mt =</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

Study VENTE 1996

Reported in: Ventegodt, S.
Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds)
Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet,
Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996,
ISBN 8790190068

Population: Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 39%

N: 4500

Measured Correlate

Class: LIFE-GOALS Code: L 7

Measurement: expression of life's potentials
1: very bad
2: bad
3: neither good nor bad
4: good
5: very good

Measured Values: N: 4585; 1:0,7; 2:6,5; 3:33,5; 4:52,9; 5:6,4

Error Estimates:

Remarks: Expression of life-potentials is calculated as weighted mean of 23 questions about satisfaction with 5 domains: partner, children and parents, friends, external environment and self.
See Chapter 8 of "Measuring the Quality of Life", Ventegodt 1996

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query Statistics Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a r=+.42 p<.00 1: Ms =6. 25
2: Ms =5. 54
3: Ms =6. 99
4: Ms =8. 33
5: Ms =9. 20

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e r=+.47 p<.00 1: Ms =5. 96
2: Ms =4. 99
3: Ms =6. 05
4: Ms =7. 70
5: Ms =8. 65

Expression of life-potentials is calculated as weighted mean of 23 questions about satisfaction with 5 domains: partner, children and parents, friends, external environment and self.
See Chapter 8 of "Measuring the Quality of Life", Ventegodt 1996
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Study

**PORTE 1967**

*Reported in:* Porter J.

Sex-role concepts, their relationships to psychological well-being and to future plans
Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1967, University of Rochester, New York, USA

*Population:* Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66

*Sample:* 

*Non-Response:* 8%; unaffected by place of residence

*N:* 162

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* . object of earlier goals  Code: L 7.1.1.2

*Measurement:* Closed questions on subjective relevance of each of the goals mentioned, rated on 7-point scales ranging from "not at all important" to "extremely important goal". (Perceived Instrumentality of College Test; see Constantinople 1965, 1970). Assessed at T1.

a. Acquiring an appreciation of ideas
b. Establishing own personal, social and academic values
c. Developing relationships with the opposite sex
d. Contributing in a distinguished and meaningful manner to some campus group
e. Developing the ability to get along with different kinds of people
f. Becoming self-confident
g. Personal independence
h. Finding a spouse
i. Achieving academic distinction
j. Having many good friends
k. Discovering own strong points and limitations
l. Preparing for a career which begins right after graduation
m. Preparing for a career which requires further study beyond the B.A. or B.S
n. Learning how to learn from books and teachers

*Measured Values:* 

*Error Estimates:* 

*Remarks:* T2 happiness by T1 goals. T1 data also presented in CONST 1965 and CONST 1970.
See also under "Attitudes towards School" (E 1.2.1).

**Observed Relation with Happiness**
### Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

T2 happiness by T1 goals. T1 data also presented in CONST 1965 and CONST 1970. See also under "Attitudes towards School" (E 1.2.1).

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<td>a.</td>
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<td>r= ns</td>
<td>b.</td>
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<td>r= ns</td>
<td>n.</td>
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Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:*

*Non-Response:* Attrition in 1972:
25%

*N:* 1928 N=671:
1972 N=430

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* . object of earlier goals Code: L 7.1.1.2

*Measurement:*

Retrospective selfrating of ambitions
- between age 30-40
- since age 40

- Excellence in work
  a. age 30-40
  b. since age 40

- Recognition
  c. age 30-40
  d. since age 40

- Vocational advancement
  e. age 30-40
  f. since age 40

- Financial gain
  g. age 30-40
  h. since age 40

Assessed in 1960

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*


---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**
### Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
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<td>a. Earlier retrospective ambitions (1960) by present happiness (1972).</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV=+ p&lt;.00</td>
<td>b.</td>
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<td>AoV= ns</td>
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| M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b | Chi²=+ p<.00 | a. |
|                | Chi²=- p<.00 | b. |
| Chi²= ns       | c.         |
| Chi²= ns       | d.         |
| Chi²= ns       | e.         |
| Chi²= ns       | f.         |
| Chi²= ns       | g.         |
| Chi²= ns       | h.         |

See also L 7.1.2 for relation of happiness to change in ambition.
Findings on Happiness & LIFE- GOALS

Correlate Code: L 7

Study
SEARS 1977A

Reported in:
Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

Population:
"Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample:
Non-Response:
Attrition in 1972:
25%

N:
1928 N=671:
1972 N=430

Measured Correlate

Class:
.object of earlier goals Code: L 7.1.1.2

Measurement:
Direct questions: "How important was each of these goals in life
in the plans you made for yourself in early adulthood".

a. Occupational succes
b. Family life
c. Friendships
d. Richness of cultural life
e. Service to society
f. Joy in living

Assessed retrospectively in 1972.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:
1972 ratings by 1972 happiness.

Observed Relation with Happiness

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<th>Remarks</th>
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Print date: 7-2-2003
World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
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Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

**Reported in:** Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.

**Population:** "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:** Attrition in 1972: 25%

**N:** 1928 N=671;
1972 N=430

**Measured Correlate**

**Class:** object of earlier goals Code: L 7.1.1.2

**Measurement:** Direct questions:

a. 'Did you want children?' Assessed in 1940

b. If life lived over how many children? Assessed in 1950

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:** Earlier wants (1940, 1950) by present happiness (1972).

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
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### Study

**Study** | **SEARS 1977A**  
--- | ---  
**Reported in:** | Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.  
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The  
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72  
**Population:** | "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72  
**Sample:** |  
**Non-Response:** | Attrition in 1972:  
25%  
**N:** | 1928 N=671:  
1972 N=430  

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** | . object of earlier goals  
Code: L 7.1.1.2  
**Measurement:** | 0 Prefers duty of housewife  
1 Other occupation.  
Assessed in 1922.  

### Measured Values

**Statistics**

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<th>Remarks</th>
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<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>Earlier preference (1922) by present happiness (1972).</td>
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<td>Earlier preference (1922) by present happiness (1972).</td>
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Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Correlate Code: L 7

Study

SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
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Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample:

Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%
N: 1928 N=671; 1972 N=430

Measured Correlate

Class: . object of earlier goals Code: L 7.1.1.2

Measurement:
Ss were asked to rate retrospectively their ambitions in two periods. Change in importance was computed afterwards.
- age 30-40
- after age 40

- Excellence
- Recognition
- Vocational advancement
- Financial gain

Assessed in 1960

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query Statistics Remarks

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b

Chi²= ns a.

Chi²= ns b.

Chi²= ns c.

Chi²= ns d.

Chi²= ns e.
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Chi² = ns  f.

Chi² = ns  g.

Chi² = ns  h.

See also L 7.1.2 for relation of happiness to change in ambition.
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.

*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:* Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%
N: 1928 N=671: 1972 N=430

*Measured Correlate*

*Class:* acceptance of earlier life-goals  Code: L 7.1.1.3

*Measurement:*

a. Becoming more like father (or mother).
b. Father's choice of vocation for subject.
c. Mother's choice of vocation for subject.
d. Conflict with father regarding career choice.
e. Conflict with mother regarding career choice.

Assessed retrospectively in 1950.

*Observed Relation with Happiness*

<table>
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<td>d.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>e.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Earlier retrospective rating (1950) by present happiness (1972).
Study: SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample:
Non-Response: Attrition in 1972:
25%
N: 1928 N=671:
1972 N=430

Measured Correlate

Class: . acceptance of earlier life-goals Code: L 7.1.1.3

Measurement:

a. Teachers comparison with average in arithmetic.
b. Teacher rates math as best (vs worst) subject.
c. Parent report on special ability in math.
d. Arithmetic quotient on Stanford Achievement Test.

Assessed in 1922.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<td>Chi²= ns</td>
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</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

**Reported in:** Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.


**Population:** "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:** Attraction in 1972: 25%

**N:** 1928 N=671:

1972 N=430

---

**Measured Correlate**

**Class:** Change in life-goals Code: L 7.1.2

**Measurement:** Ss were asked to rate retrospectively their ambitions in two periods. Change in importance was computed afterwards.

- age 30-40
- after age 40

a. Excellence
b. Recognition
c. Vocational advancement
d. Financial gain

Assessed in 1960

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:** Earlier perceived change (1960) by present happiness (1972).

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
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<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>b.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>d.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Earlier perceived change (1960) by present happiness (1972).
### Study

**SEARS 1977A**  
*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.  
*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72  
*Sample:*  
*Non-Response:* Attrition in 1972: 25%  
*N:* 1928 N=671; 1972 N=430

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Change in life-goals  
*Measurement:* *Selfrating of increase in responsibilities and workpressures.*  
*Assessed in 1960.*  
*Measured Values:*  
*Error Estimates:*  
*Remarks:*  

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b</td>
<td>Chi²= ns</td>
<td>a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chi²= ns</td>
<td>b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chi²= ns</td>
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<td>Chi²= ns</td>
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Print date: 7-2-2003  
World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

**Study**

**CANTR 1965/1**

*Reported in:* Cantril, H.
The pattern of human concerns.
New Brunswick, Rutgers University Press, New Jersey, 1965

*Population:* Adults, general public, 14 countries ±1960

*Sample:
Non-Response: -

*N:* 18,653 (See “Remarks”)

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Object of life-goals Code: L 7.2.2

*Measurement:* Content-analysis of an open-ended question on personal wishes and hopes for the future. Responses rated for reference to:

1. **Values and character:**
   - Emotional stability and maturity; be a normal, decent person; self-development or improvement; acceptance by others; achieve sense of own personal worth; resolution of own religious, spiritual or ethical problems; lead a disciplined life; etc.

2. **Economic conditions:**
   - Improved or decent standard of living for self or family; have own business, own land, own farm; have own house; have modern convenience; have wealth; etc.

3. **Job or work situation:**
   - Good job, congenial work, employment, success in one’s work, etc., for self, spouse, or other family members.

4. **Health of self or family:**
   - Concerning one’s own health and health of family.

5. **Family matters:**
   - Happy family life; concern and hopes for relatives, children; etc.

6. **Political matters:**
   - Freedom and other aspiration having to do with the political situation.
7. **Social problems:**
   Social justice; future generations; social security; etc.

8. **International situations:**
   Peace; a better world, etc.

9. **Want status quo:**
   Happiness with things as they are now.

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a</td>
<td>G=+.21</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G=-.27</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G=-.01</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G=+.29</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Correlate Code: L 7

G=+.11  p<.01

G=+.07  ns

G=+.06  p<.05

G=+.44  p<.05

G=+.49  p<.05
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study</th>
<th>MOLLE 1988</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reported in:</strong></td>
<td>Moller, V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population:</strong></td>
<td>Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural KwaZulu, South Africa, 1983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sample:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-Response:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>N:</strong></td>
<td>253</td>
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</table>

### Measured Correlate

| **Class:** | Object of life-goals Code: L 7.2.2 |
| **Measurement:** | 0: no |
| | 1: yes |

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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</thead>
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<td>O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d</td>
<td>r=+.21 p&lt;.01</td>
<td>8 controlled for:</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Beta=+.1 p&lt;.01</td>
<td>1 Satisfied with health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 Voluntary retirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>3 More active person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4 No pension income</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>5 Has a confidant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>6 Higher standard income</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7 Community elder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8 Satisfied with job while working</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9 Enjoys aspects of retirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10 Retired suddenly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>11 Is happy as grandparents were</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12 Agrees: planning is key to success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13 Higher modernity score</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study</th>
<th>PORTE 1967</th>
<th>Page in Report: 96</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reported in:</td>
<td>Porter J.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Sex-role concepts, their relationships to psychological well-being and to future plans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1967, University of Rochester, New York, USA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population:</td>
<td>Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Response:</td>
<td>8%; unaffected by place of residence</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>N:</td>
<td>162</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Measured Correlate**

**Class:** Object of life-goals  Code: L 7.2.2

**Measurement:** Closed question on subjective relevance of each of the goals mentioned, rated on 7-points scales ranging from "not at all important" to "extremely important goal". Perceived instrumentality of College Test: see Constantinople 1965, 1970. Assessed at T2

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:** T2 happiness by T2 goals. See also "Attitudes towards school" (E 1.2.1)

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a</td>
<td>r= ns</td>
<td>Finding a spouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r= ns</td>
<td>Achieving academic distinction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r= ns</td>
<td>Preparing for a career which begins right after graduation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r= ns</td>
<td>Preparing for a career which requires further study beyond the B.A. or B.S.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

Study

**ALLAR 1973/1**

*Reported in:* Allardt, E.  
*About dimensions of wellfare: an explanatory analysis of a comparative Research Reports, no.1, 1973; research group for comparativesociology, University of Helsinki.*

*Population:* 15-64 aged, general public, Denmark, 1972

*Sample:*

*Non-Response:*

*N:* 1000

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Perceived chances for realization  
*Code:* L 7.3.2.1

*Measurement:* Question if the respondent feels he has chances to succeed. 4-point scale ranging from "wholly agree" to "not important"

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

*Happiness Query*  

*Statistics*  

*Remarks*

| O-HL/c/sq/v4/a | $r_{pc}=+.29$ | Controlled for: Income, housing density, education, social status, chronic illness, anxiety, frequency of meetings with relatives, number of friends, opportunities to make personal contacts, possibilities to decide on matters concerning one's own personal life, number of memberships in clubs and associations, interesting life, easyness of life, loneliness, feelings of being liked, feeling of being able to use knowledge and skills, gets sufficient attention, satisfaction with income, age, gender, no. of communities in which lived. |

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Study

ALLAR 1973/2

Reported in: Allardt, E.
About dimensions of wellfare: an explanatory analysis of a comparative Research Reports, no.1, 1973; research group for comparativesociology , University of Helsinki.

Population: 15-64 aged, general public, Finland, 1972

Sample:

Non-Response:

N: 1000

Measured Correlate

Class: Perceived chances for realization Code: L 7.3.2.1

Measurement: Question if the respondent feels he has chances to succeed. 4-point scale ranging from "wholly agree" to "not important"

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query Statistics Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/a rpc=+.19 Controlled for: Income, housing density, education, social status, chronic illness, anxiety, frequency of meetings with relatives, number of friends, opportunities to make personal contacts, possibilities to decide on matters concerning one's own personal life, number of memberships in clubs and associations, interesting life, easyness of life, loneliness, feelings of being liked, feeling of being able to use knowledge and skills, gets sufficient attention, satisfaction with income, age, gender, no. of communities in which lived.
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**ALLAR 1973/3**

*Reported in:* Allardt, E.

*About dimensions of welfare: an explanatory analysis of a comparative
Research Reports, no.1, 1973; research group for comparativesociology, University of Helsinki.*

*Population:* 15-64 aged, general public, Norway, 1972

*Sample:*

*N:* 1000

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Perceived chances for realization  
*Code:* L 7.3.2.1

*Measurement:* Question if the respondent feels he has chances to succeed. 4-point scale ranging from "wholly agree" to "not important"

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-HL/c/sq/v/4/a</td>
<td>rpc=.15</td>
<td>Controlled for: Income, housing density, education, social status, chronic illness, anxiety, freq. of meetings with relatives, opportunities to make personal contacts, possibilities to decide on matters concerning one’s own personal life, no. of memberships in clubs and associations, interesting life, easyness of life, loneliness, feeling of being liked, feeling of being able to use knowledge and skills, feeling of chance to succeed, gets sufficient attention, satisfaction with income, age, gender, no. of communities in which lived.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**ALLAR 1973/4**

*Reported in:* Allardt, E.

*About dimensions of welfare: an explanatory analysis of a comparative Research Reports, no.1, 1973; research group for comparativesociology, University of Helsinki.*

*Population:* 15-64 aged, general public, Sweden, 1972

*Sample:* 1000

**Non-Response:**

*N:* 1000

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Perceived chances for realization  
*Code:* L 7.3.2.1

*Measurement:* Question if the respondent feels he has chances to succeed. 4-point scale ranging from "wholly agree" to "not important"

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-HL/c/sq/v/4/a</td>
<td>rpc==+.28</td>
<td>Controlled for: income, housing density, education, social status, chronic illness, anxiety, opportunities to make personal contacts, possibilities to decide on matters concerning one's own personal life, no. of friends, no. of memberships in clubs and associations, interesting life, easyness of life, loneliness, feeling of being liked, feeling of being able to use knowledge and skills, gets sufficient attention, satisfaction with income, gender, age, no. of communities in which lived, freq. of meetings with relatives.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Study

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:*

*Non-Response:* Attrition in 1972:
25%

*N:*
1928 N=671:
1972 N=430

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Perceived chances for realization  Code: L 7.3.2.1

**Measurement:**
Sumscore Ss were asked to indicate how successful they have been in attaining goals they made for themselves in early adulthood in the following six areas.

a. Occupational success
b. Family life
c. Friendships
d. Richness of cultural life
e. Service to society
f. Joy in living

CON 3. The happiness indicator used here is part of this measure (Joy-in-living satisfaction: MIX 3.1)
Assessed retrospectively in 1972.

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

**Happiness Query**  **Statistics**  **Remarks**

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b  AoV=+  p<.00  1972 satisfaction by 1972 happiness.
## Study

**HEADE 1989**

**Reported in:** Headey, B & Veenhoven, R.

Does happiness induce a rosy outlook?

In: R. Veenhoven, ed. 'How harmful is happiness?'. UniversitairePers Rotterdam, Rotterdam, the Netherlands, 1989, p.106-127

**Population:** 18-65 aged, general public, followed 6 years, Melbourne, Australia, 1981-87

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:** Attrition T1-T4: 31%

**N:** 649

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Perceived realization of life-goal set **Code:** L 7.3.2.2

**Measurement:** Two identical indices consisting of four closed identical questions concerning the life the Ss expected (1), aspired (2), deserved (3) and the actual present life (4), all rated on a 20 step ladder-scale. 0: the worst possible life you could imagine, 20: the best possible life.

The score on question 4 was then subtracted from the mean of questions 1+2+3.


### Observed Relation with Happiness

**Happiness Query**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| O-DT/u/sqt/v/10/a | \( \beta_L = -0.06 \) ns  
| \( \beta_L = +0.17 \) p<0.05 | Estimated same-time causal EFFECT ON HAPPINESS of perceived unfulfilled aspirations (bottom-up).  

Effect assessed at T1, T2, T3 and T4. Effects assumed to be identical at all times. \( \beta_L \) is the path-coefficient in a four wave LISREL model. T1 sex, age, SES, extraversion and neuroticism are controlled.
### Study

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.  
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women.  Chapter 3 in: 'The  
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:* Attribition in 1972: 25%

*N:* 1928 N=671; 1972 N=430

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Perceived realization of life-goal set  
*Code:* L 7.3.2.2

*Measurement:* Sumscore Ss were asked to indicate how succesfull they have been in attaining goals they made for themselves in early adulthood in the following six areas.

- a. Occupational succes
- b. Family life
- c. Friendships
- d. Richness of cultural life
- e. Service to society
- f. Joy in living

**CON 3. The happiness indicator used here is part of this measures (Joy-in-living satisfaction: MIX 3.1)**  
Assessed retrospectively in 1972.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b</td>
<td>AoV=+</td>
<td>p&lt;.00 1972 satisfaction by 1972 happiness.</td>
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</table>

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**Study**

**SHICH 1984**

*Reported in:* Shichman, S.; Cooper, E.
Life Satisfaction and Sex-Role Concept
Sex Roles, Vol 11, 1984, p.227-240

*Population:* Adults, students and churchmembers,
USA, 198?

*Sample:

| Non-Response: | 5.9 % |
| N: | 217 |

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Perceived realization of life-goal set  Code: L 7.3.2.2

*Measurement:* Single direct questions on both satisfaction and dissatisfaction with achieving goals.

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-SLu/u/sq/v/4/a</td>
<td>r=+.36 p&lt;.00</td>
<td>satisfaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r=-.41 p&lt;.00</td>
<td>dissatisfaction</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Print date: 7-2-2003  World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness  Page 32 of 88
## Study

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page in Report</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L 7</td>
<td>WEISSM 1956</td>
<td>210</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Reported in:**
Wessman, A.E.
A psychological inquiry into satisfaction and happiness

**Population:**
21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1946

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:**
-

**N:** 2377

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Perceived realization of life-goal set  Code: L 7.3.2.2

**Measurement:**
Open-ended question:
0 Not mentioned
1 Mentioned

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-HL/g/sq/v/3/c</td>
<td>G = -.23</td>
<td>p &lt; .01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Here are some things that are important to many workers. Which of these things:

1. you do not want
   (4+3 positive outcome)
2. you want but are not confident to accomplish
3. you want and are confident to accomplish
4. you have accomplished

(a) Paying enough lobola (bride wealth)
(b) Educating your children properly
(c) Building a solid house for yourself
(d) Building up a herd of cattle
(e) Becoming a man of sufficient money
(f) Being able to stop work in town and go home to rest while you are still in good health
(g) Securing a good plot of land to cultivate when you are older
(h) Starting a small business of your own

Population: Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural KwaZulu, South Africa, 1983
Sample:
Non-Response: N: 253

Measured Correlate

Class: Perceived realization of specific life-goals Code: L 7.3.3
Measurement:

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks: Direction of correlation unclear in original report. Sign in table is negative, but text indicates positive relationship. Present version approved by author.

Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a</td>
<td>r=+.17</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r=+.43</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r=+.32</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r=+.27</td>
<td>p&lt;.01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direction of correlation unclear in original report. Sign in table is negative, but text indicates positive relationship. Present version approved by author.
### Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Correlate Code: L 7

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Correlation</th>
<th>Significance</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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<td>$p &lt; .01$</td>
<td>e</td>
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<td>f</td>
</tr>
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<td>$r = +.27$</td>
<td>$p &lt; .01$</td>
<td>g</td>
</tr>
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<td>$r = -.14$</td>
<td>$p &lt; .05$</td>
<td>h</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Study

**MOLLE 1988**

**Reported in:** Moller, V.

Quality of life in retirement: a case study of zulu return migrants

Social Indicators Research, Vol. 20, 1988, pp. 621-658

**Population:** Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural KwaZulu, South Africa, 1983

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:**

\[ N: 253 \]

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Perceived realization of specific life-goals  
**Code:** L 7.3.3

**Measurement:** Here are some things that are important to many workers. Which of these things:

4. have you accomplished in your life
3. are you confident that you will accomplish
2. are you not confident that you will accomplish
1. you do not want

E Becoming a man of sufficient money
(one item from a longer list)
(4+3 vs 2+1)

### Measured Values:

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a</td>
<td>Beta=-.1 p&lt;.05</td>
<td>Direction of correlation unclear in original report. Sign in table is negative, but text indicates positive relationship. Present version approved by author.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **65 years old**
- **8 controlled for:**
  1. Satisfied with health
  2. Higher monthly income
  3. Religious traditionalist
  4. Grows cash crop
  5. Feels land is secure
  6. Retired for many years
  7. Worked for many years in jobs
  8. No desire to return to work
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Study: WESSM 1956

Reported in: Wessman, A.E.
A psychological inquiry into satisfaction and happiness

Population: 21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1946

Sample:

Non-Response: -

N: 2377

Measured Correlate

Class: Perceived realization of specific life-goals Code: L 7.3.3

Measurement: Open-ended direct question: other aspirations vs aspirations mentioned

a. Travel, vacation
b. New home, build home, own home
c. Material possessions (cars, coats)
d. Education, follow a talent
e. Money
f. New job, business of own
g. Move to country, become farmer
h. Marriage, children, husband

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks: Computed for those who have unfulfilled aspirations only (N = 1646)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query | Statistics | Remarks
--- | --- | ---
O-HL/g/sq/v/3/c | G=+.07 ns | a. Computed for those who have unfulfilled aspirations only (N = 1646)
G=-.01 ns | b. |
G=+.11 ns | c. |
G=+.06 ns | d. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Correlate Code</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Significance</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>L 7</td>
<td>e.</td>
<td>G=-.07</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>f.</td>
<td>G=+.01</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>g.</td>
<td>G=+.00</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>h.</td>
<td>G=-.27</td>
<td>p&lt;.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.


*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:*

*Non-Response:* Attrition in 1972:

25%

*N:* 1928 N=671:

1972 N=430

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* children as planned  Code: L 7.3.3.1

*Measurement:* Number of children same as planned.

Assessed in 1950.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>Earlier congruence (1950) by present happiness (1972).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b</td>
<td>Chi²= ns</td>
<td>Earlier congruence (1950) by present happiness (1972).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**  
SEARS 1977A

**Reported in:** Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.  

**Population:** "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:** Attrition in 1972: 25%

**N:** 1928 N=671; 1972 N=430

**Measured Correlate**

**Class:** children as planned  
**Code:** L 7.3.1

**Measurement:**

a. Actual number in 1972 (including adopted and stepchildren).

b. Same as planned (Assessed in 1950).

c. Number wanted if life lived over (Assessed in 1950).

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b</td>
<td>Chi² = ns</td>
<td>a. 1972 number by 1972 happiness.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chi² = ns</td>
<td>b. Earlier congruence (1950) by present happiness (1972).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chi² = ns</td>
<td>c. Earlier wish (1950) by present happiness (1972).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Print date: 7-2-2003  
World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Study: SEARS 1977A

Reported in: Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.
Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The
Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72

Population: "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample:
Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%
N: 1928 N=671:
1972 N=430

Measured Correlate

Class: children as planned Code: L 7.3.3.1

Measurement:
a. Actual number in 1972 (including adopted and stephchildren).
b. Same as planned (Assessed in 1950).
c. Number wanted if life lived over (Assessed in 1950).

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C-ASG/h/mg/v/5/a</td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>a. 1972 number by 1972 happiness.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


AoV= ns c. Earlier wish (1950) by present happiness (1972).
### Study

**ANDRE 1976/4**

- **Reported in:** Andrews, F.M. & Withey, S.B.  
  Social Indicators of Well-being: Americans' Perceptions of Life Quality  
  Plenum Press, 1976, New York, USA
- **Population:** 18+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973/3
- **Sample:**
  - **Non-Response:** 26%
  - **N:** 1433

### Measured Correlate

- **Class:** Realization of employment goals  
  Code: L 7.3.3.2
- **Measurement:** Closed question: "How do you feel about the extent to which you are achieving success and getting ahead?"  
  Rated on a 7-point scale: terrible/ unhappy/ mostly dissatisfied/ mixed/ mostly satisfied/ pleased/ delighted

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a</td>
<td>$E^2 = +.51$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Study

**ANDRE 1976/5**

**Reported in:** Andrews, F.M. & Withey, S.B.
Social Indicators of Well-being: Americans' Perceptions of Life Quality
Plenum Press, 1976, New York, USA

**Population:** 18+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973/7

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:**

**N:** 222

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** . realization of employment goals  
**Code:** L 7.3.3.2

**Measurement:** 3-item index of questions "How do you feel about .....?"
1. the extent of achieving succes and getting ahead
2. what you are accomplishing
3. the extent of developing yourself and broadening your life.
Rated on a 7-point scale: terrible/unhappy/mostly dissatisfied/mixed/mostly satisfied/pleased/delighted

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a</td>
<td>r=+.68</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Study**

*SHICH 1984*

*Reported in:* Shichman, S.; Cooper, E.
Life Satisfaction and Sex-Role Concept
Sex Roles, Vol 11, 1984, p.227-240

*Population:* Adults, students and churchmembers,
USA, 198?

*Sample:*
*Non-Response:* 5.9 %
*N:* 217

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* realization of employment goals  Code: L 7.3.3.2

*Measurement:* small divergence
big divergence

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O-SLu/u/sq/v/4/a</td>
<td>SNR= ns</td>
<td>The special structure of the sample - composed mainly of working students limits the analysis and generalizability of the findings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Study | ANDRE 1976/4
---|---
**Reported in:** | Andrews, F.M. & Withey, S.B.
| Social Indicators of Well-being: Americans' Perceptions of Life Quality
| Plenum Press, 1976, New York, USA
**Population:** | 18+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973/3
| Sample: | 
| Non-Response: | 26%
| N: | 1433

**Measured Correlate**

| Class: | . realization of educational goals Code: L 7.3.3.3
| Measurement: | Closed question: "How do you feel about the extent to which you are developing yourself and broadening your life?"
| Rated on a 7-point scale: terrible/ unhappy/ mostly dissatisfied/ mixed/ mostly satisfied/ pleased/ delighted

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| O-DT/u/sqrt/v/7/a | $E^2=+.47$ | 8 controlled for 7 criterion satisfactions (physical needs met, yourself, how fairly treated, fun and enjoyment, interesting daily life, adjust to changes, financial security).
| Beta=+.0 | | 8 controlled for sociodemographic variables (family life-cycle, age, family income, education, race, sex) and 7 criterion satisfactions. (see above)
| Beta=+.1 | |
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS  

Study  
**GRANE 1973B**  
*Reported in:* Graney, M.J. & Graney, E.E.  
Scaling adjustment in older people.  
*Population:* 62-89 aged females, USA, 1971  
*Sample:*  
*Non-Response:* 27%; 24% unattainable, 3% incomplete.  
*N:* 44

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* realization of participation goals  
*Measurement:* Degree of correspondence between orientation towards social participation and actual social participation mode.

1. **Orientation towards social participation** was measured by the adapted Dye (1963) Localism - Cosmopolitan Scale (see S 4.5, GRANE 1973A).

2. **Actual social participation** was measured by 9 social communications activities, which were arrayed according to their degree of 'cosmopolitan characteristics of the people who are (in)active in them:
   - 'cosmopolitan' mode of social participation defined as: visiting neighbours, friends and relatives and reading.
   - 'intermediate' mode of social participation defined as: church attendance, television viewing, and number of memberships in voluntary associations.
   - 'local' mode of social participation defined as: radio-listening, telephone use, and participation in voluntary associations.

### Measured Values:

### Error Estimates:

### Remarks:

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Print date: 7-2-2003  
World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness  
Page 46 of 88
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A-BB/cm/mg/v/2/a</td>
<td>tb=-.02</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ss were first asked to characterize their worklife into one of four possible patterns:
- I have been primarily homeworker.
- I have pushed a career most of my adult life.
- I have pushed a career except during the period when I was raising a family.
- I have done considerable work needed for income but I would not call it a career.

Ss were next invited to indicate which pattern they would choose now.

Satisfaction is the correspondence between 'As it was' and 'As I now would choose'.

Assessed in 1972

"Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

Sample:
Non-Response: Attrition in 1972: 25%
N: 1928 N=671: 1972 N=430

Measured Correlate
Class: Attitudes to earlier life-goals Code: L 7.4.1

Measurement: Ss were first asked to characterize their worklife into one of four possible patterns;
- I have been primarily homeworker.
- I have pushed a career most of my adult life.
- I have pushed a career except during the period when I was raising a family.
- I have done considerable work needed for income but I would not call it a career.

Ss were next invited to indicate which pattern they would choose now.

Satisfaction is the correspondence between 'As it was' and 'As I now would choose'.

Assessed in 1972

Measured Values:
Error Estimates:
Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query Statistics Remarks
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a AoV=+ p<.00 1972 satisfaction by 1972 happiness.
M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Chi²=+ p<.00

Print date: 7-2-2003 World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness Page 48 of 88
### Study
**GREEN 1974**

**Reported in:** Greenhaus, J.H.

**Population:** College students, East USA, 197?

**Sample:**

**Non-Response:** 203

**N:** 203

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Attitudes to current life-goals  
**Code:** L 7.4.2

**Measurement:** 5-item index reflecting satisfaction with the appropriateness of stated occupational preference.

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M-AO/u mq v/5/c</td>
<td>r = +.26</td>
<td>p &lt; .05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>r = +.30</td>
<td>p &lt; .01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Males:
- **Priority of work and career**
  - low: $r = +.13$ (ns)
  - high: $r = +.39$ (01)
- **General attitude to work**
  - low: $r = +.22$ (ns)
  - high: $r = +.30$ (05)
- **Career advancement and planning**
  - low: $r = +.04$ (ns)
  - high: $r = +.40$ (01)

#### Females:
- **Priority of work and career**
  - low: $r = +.18$ (ns)
  - high: $r = +.31$ (05)
- **General attitude to work**
  - low: $r = +.36$ (01)
  - high: $r = +.13$ (ns)
- **Career advancement and planning**
  - low: $r = +.17$ (ns)
  - high: $r = +.53$ (01)
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Study

Reported in: PORTE 1967

Population: Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66

Sample: Measured Values:

Non-Response: 8%; unaffected by place of residence

N: 162

Measured Correlate

Class: Attitudes to current life-goals Code: L 7.4.2

Measurement: Closed question: on "the extent to which S's present plans for further education, career, or job fulfill her need to achieve, to fully utilize her capacities" rated on a 7-point scale, ranging from "highly unsatisfactory" to "highly satisfactory".

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query Statistics Remarks
A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a r=.17 p<.05 Both variables assessed at T2.

Page 50 of 88
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study</th>
<th>PORTE 1967</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reported in:</td>
<td>Porter J.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex-role concepts, their relationships to psychological well-being and to future plans</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1967, University of Rochester, New York, USA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population:</td>
<td>Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Response:</td>
<td>8%; unaffected by place of residence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N:</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Measured Correlate**

- **Class:** Attitudes to current life-goals Code: L 7.4.2
- **Measurement:** Closed question: on "the extent to which one's present plans for further education, career, or job fulfill her need to achieve, to fully utilize her capacities", rated on a 7-point scale ranging from "highly unsatisfactory" to "highly satisfactory".
- **Measured Values:**
- **Error Estimates:**
- **Remarks:**

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a</td>
<td>r=.17</td>
<td>p&lt;.05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Print date: 7-2-2003 World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness Page 51 of 88
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Study

**PORTE 1967**

Reported in: Porter J.

Sex-role concepts, their relationships to psychological well-being and to future plans

Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1967, University of Rochester, New York, USA

Population: Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66

Sample: 

Non-Response: 8%; unaffected by place of residence

N: 162

Measured Correlate

Class: Attitudes to current life-goals Code: L 7.4.2

Measurement: Closed question: on "the extent to which S's present plans for further education, career, or job fulfill her need to achieve, to fully utilize her capacities", rated on a 7-point scale ranging from "highly unsatisfactory" to "highly satisfactory".

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a</td>
<td>r=.17 p&lt;.05</td>
<td>Both variables assessed at T2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BENNE 1971

Avowed happiness in communities of religious women
Unpublished Phd. dissertation, University of Utah, 1971, USA

Population: Nuns, Catholic congregations, USA, 1969

Sample: Non-Response: 11.5%
N: 963

Measured Correlate

Class: Acceptance of one's life-goals by others Code: L 7.6

Measurement: Single direct question: "How did your family accept your entrance into religious life?". Strongly opposed, somewhat opposed, mixed reaction, approved and strongly approved.

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query

Statistics

Remarks

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f $r = -0.14$ ns
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**SEARS 1977A**

*Reported in:* Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H.


*Population:* "Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72

*Sample:*

Attrition in 1972: 25%

N: 1928 N=671:

1972 N=430

---

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Acceptance of one's life-goals by others  

*Code:* L 7.6

*Measurement:*

Direct questions:

a. Becoming more like father (or mother).

b. Father's choice of vocation for subject.

c. Mother's choice of vocation for subject.

d. Conflict with father regarding career choice.

e. Conflict with mother regarding career choice.

Assessed retrospectively in 1950.

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

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<tr>
<td>C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a</td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>b.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>c.</td>
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<td>AoV= ns</td>
<td>d.</td>
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<td>AoV= ns</td>
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<tr>
<td>M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b</td>
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<td>a.</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Chi²</th>
<th>ns</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>b.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>d.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>e.</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Discrepancy between Homestead Food Production and Homestead Production Value

VALUE of homestead production, measured by reported importance of:
1. growing own food, 2. wearing clothes, made in your own home, 3. growing/eating organic food.

PERFORMANCE is the percentage of a family's food, that the respondents claimed was produced for their smallholding. The Homestead Food Production index has a range between 0 and 100 per cent.

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and the performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:

a. No gap low values-low HFP
b. gap high values-low HFP
c. gap low values-high HFP
d. no gap high values-high HFP

Measured Correlate

Class: Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1

Measurement: Discrepancy between Homestead Food Production and Homestead Production Value

VALUES, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an elaboration of multiple discrepancies theory

Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.

'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA, 1989

Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 58.2%

N: 565

Print date: 7-2-2003 World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

- high Country Asceticism  $r = -.33 \ p < .005$
- high Homestead Production  $r = -.23 \ p < .005$
- high Ecological Sensitivity  $r = -.25 \ p < .005$
**Study**  
**JACOB 1997**  
*Reported in:* Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.  
Values, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an Social Indicators Research: , 1997, vol 42, pag 171-204

*Population:* 'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA, 1989

*Sample:* Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

*Non-Response:* 58.2%

*N:* 565

---

### Measured Correlate

**Class:** Actual realization of lifegoals  
**Code:** L 7.3.1

**Measurement:** Discrepancy between valued and realized self-reliance.  
Technological Self Reliance. Performance index is calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools. The tools are: 1. garden, 2. greenhouse, 3. root cellar, 4. fish pond, 5. solar heat, 6. pigs, 7. wood lot, 8. wood stove heat, 9. wood stove cooking, 10. composting privy, 11. hydro-electric system, 12. graywater (waste water) 13. solar water heater, 14. chickens, 15. goats, 16. beef cattle, 17. milk cow(s) 18. sheep, 19. wind power, 20. weeder geese, 21. bees, 22. fruit trees, 23. butcher larger animals, 24. photo voltaic power, 45. work horses.  
Efficiency is evaluated by asking the respondents about the effectiveness of the tool items of 'providing your family with independence or self-reliance from a one (not at all effective) to four (very effective) point sequence. The TSR index-scores have a theoretical range between 0-100


GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:

- a. No gap, low values-low TSR
- b. gap, high values-low TSR
- c. gap, low values-high TSR
- d. no gap, high values-high TSR

**Measured Values:**

**Error Estimates:**

**Remarks:**

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS
Correlate Code: L 7

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>Ss, who value technical self reliance high, irrespective of their performance (N=±280)</td>
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<td>· high Ecological Sensitivity r=-.21 p&lt;.005</td>
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<td>Ss, who value Homestead Food Production high, irrespective their performance, (N=±280)</td>
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<td>· high Ecological Sensitivity r=-.21 p&lt;.005</td>
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</table>
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS  

Correlate Code: L 7

Discrepancy between Technical Self Reliance (TSR) and Country Asceticism (CA).

Technological Self Reliance is calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


Efficiency is evaluated by asking the respondents about the effectiveness of the tool items of 'providing your family with independence or self-reliance from a one (not at all effective) to four (very effective) point sequence. The TSR index-scores have a theoretical range between 0-100.

Country Asceticism (CA) is importance of not having: 1. a gas or electric clothes dryer; 2. an indoor toilet or bathroom; 3. not living in a modern house; 4. electricity in your home; a microwave oven.

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:

a. No gap, low CA - low TSR  
b. gap, high CA - low TSR  
c. gap, low CA - high TSR  
d. no gap, high CA - high TSR.

Measured Correlate

Class: Actual realization of lifegoals  Code: L 7.3.1

Measurement: Discrepancy between Technical Self Reliance (TSR) and Country Asceticism (CA).

Non-Response: 58.2%
N: 565
**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>-high Country Asceticism  ( r = -0.22 ) ( p &lt; 0.005 )</td>
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<td>-high Homestead Production  ( r = -0.18 ) ( p &lt; 0.005 )</td>
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<td>Ss, who value Homestead Food Production high, irrespective of their performance, (N=±280)</td>
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<td>-high Country Asceticism  ( r = -0.24 ) ( p &lt; 0.005 )</td>
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<tr>
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<td>-high Ecological Sensitivity  ( r = -0.10 ) ns</td>
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Findings on Happiness & LIFE- GOALS  
Correlate Code: L 7

**Study**  
**JACOB 1997**  
*Reported in:* Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.  
Values, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an Social Indicators Research: , 1997, vol 42, pag 171-204

*Population:* 'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA,1989

*Sample:* Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

*Non-Response:* 58.2%

*N:* 565

**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Actual realization of lifegoals  
Code: L 7.3.1

*Measurement:* Discrepancy between valued and achieved Homestead Production.

VALUE of homestead production, measured by reported importance of:  
1. growing own food, 2. wearing clothes, made in your own home,  
3. growing/eating organic food.

PERFORMANCE; the percentage  
of a family's food, that the respondents claimed was produced for  
their smallholding. The Homestead Food Production(HFP) index has a  
range between 0 and 100 per cent.

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing  
the value scale and the performance indexes at their respective  
medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The  
respondents will fall in one of the four categories:

a. No gap low values-low HFP  
b. gap high values-low HFP  
c. gap low values-high HFP  
d. no gap high values-high HFP

*Measured Values:* HFP M=35.96  Med=30.0

*Error Estimates:*  

*Remarks:*  

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

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<td>b-c difference not significant</td>
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<td></td>
<td>b. M=3.13</td>
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<td>c. M=3.31</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>d. M=3.43</td>
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World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

Discrepancy between valued and achieved country asceticism.
VALUE of country asceticism measured by reported importance of not having: 1. gas or electric clothesdryer, 2. indoor toilet or bathroom, 3. electricity in your own home, 4. microwave oven, 5. not living in a modern house

PERFORMANCE: Home Food Production (HFP). Index calculated by measuring the percentage of family's food that the respondents claimed was produced from their smallholding.

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:

a. No gap, low values-low TSR
b. gap, high values-low TSR
c. gap, low values-high TSR
d. no gap, high values-high TSR.

Measured Correlate
Class: Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1
Measurement: Discrepancy between valued and achieved country asceticism.

VALUES, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an elaboration of multiple discrepancies theory
Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.

‘Back to the land’ mini farmers, USA, 1989
Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)
58.2%
N: 565

Observed Relation with Happiness
Happiness Query Stats Remarks
O-H?/??sq/v4/a DM=+ a. M=3.22
b. M=3.05
c. M=3.30
d. M=3.50
b-c difference significant p<.05
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

JACOB 1997

Reported in: Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.  
Values, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an 
Social Indicators Research: , 1997, vol 42, pag 171-204

Population: 'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA.1989
Sample: Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)
Non-Response: 58.2%
N: 565

Measured Correlate

Class: Actual realization of lifegoals  Code: L 7.3.1

Measurement:

Discrepancies between valued and achieved ecological sensitivity
Value of Ecological Sensitivity (VES), measured by reported importance of:
1. the expansion of wilderness area, 2. Preserving old growth forests, 3. providing habitat for endangered species,
4. recycling newspapers, 5. reducing personal energy consumption.

PERFORMANCE scale is: Technological Self Reliance (TSR). Index calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


Efficiency is evaluated by asking the respondents about the effectiveness of the tool items of 'providing your family with independence or self-reliance from a one (not at all effective) to four (very effective point sequence. The TSR index-scores have a theoretical range between 0-100

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:
  a. No gap, low values-low TSR
  b. gap, high values-low TSR
  c. gap, low values-high TSR
  d. no gap, high values-high TSR.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Print date: 7-2-2003 World Database of Happiness: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness Page 64 of 88
Remarks:

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| O-H?/?/sq/v/4/a  | DM=+      | a. M=3.20  
b. M=3.16  
c. M=3.34  
d. M=3.36 |

b-c difference not significant
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

Discrepancy between valued and achieved homestead production.
VALUE of Homestead Production (HPF), measured by importance of
1. growing own food, 2. wearing clothes, made in your own home,
3. growing, eating organic food.

PERFORMANCE scale is: Technological Self Reliance (TSR). Index calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


Efficiency is evaluated by asking the respondents about the effectiveness of the tool items of 'providing your family with independence or self-reliance from a one (not at all effective) to four (very effective) point sequence. The TSR index-scores have a theoretical range between 0-100

GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:
a. No gap, low values-low TSR
b. gap, high values-low TSR
c. gap, low values-high TSR
d. no gap, high values-high TSR.

JACOB 1997

Values, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an elaboration of multiple discrepancies theory
Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M.

'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA, 1989
Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)
58.2%
565

Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1

Discrepancy between valued and achieved homestead production.
VALUE of Homestead Production (HPF), measured by importance of
1. growing own food, 2. wearing clothes, made in your own home,
3. growing, eating organic food.

PERFORMANCE scale is: Technological Self Reliance (TSR). Index calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


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b. gap, high values-low TSR
c. gap, low values-high TSR
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Measured Correlate

Class: Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1
Measurement: Discrepancy between valued and achieved homestead production.
VALUE of Homestead Production (HPF), measured by importance of
1. growing own food, 2. wearing clothes, made in your own home,
3. growing, eating organic food.

PERFORMANCE scale is: Technological Self Reliance (TSR). Index calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


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GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing the value scale and performance indexes at their respective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories:
a. No gap, low values-low TSR
b. gap, high values-low TSR
c. gap, low values-high TSR
d. no gap, high values-high TSR.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:
**Remarks:**

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| O-H??/?/sq/v4/a  | DM=+       | a. M=3.21  
b. M=3.17  
c. M=3.28  
d. M=3.37  |

b-c difference not significant
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS Correlate Code: L 7

Study

JACOB 1997


Population: 'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA, 1989

Sample: Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)

Non-Response: 58.2%

N: 565

Measured Correlate

Class: Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1

Measurement: Discrepancy between valued and achieved country asceticism.

VALUE of Country Asceticism (VCA) measured by reported importance of not having: 1. gas or electric clothes dryer, 2. indoor toilet or bathroom, 3. electricity in your own home, 4. micro-wave oven, 5. not living in an modern house

PERFORMANCE scale is: Technological Self Reliance (TSR). Index calculated by multiplying tools or technology, possessed by a respondent by the efficiency rating claimed for the particular technology, resulting in the sum of the efficiency rating for each of the 25 tools.


Efficiency is evaluated by asking the respondents about the effectiveness of the tool items of 'providing your family with independence or self-reliance from one (not at all effective) to four (very effective) point sequence. The TSR index-scores have a theoretical range between 0-100

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a. No gap, low values-low TSR
b. gap, high values-low TSR
c. gap, low values-high TSR
d. no gap, high values-high TSR.

Measured Values:
### Error Estimates:

**Remarks:**

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<table>
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<th>Happiness Query</th>
<th>Statistics</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
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</table>
| O-H/?/?/sq/v/4/a | DM=+       | a. M=3.22  
b. M=3.15  
c. M=3.34  
d. M=3.38  |

b-c difference significant p<.05
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS 
Correlate Code: L 7

Study 
**JACOB 1997** 

*Reported in:* Jacob, J. & Brinkerhoff, M. 
Values, performance and subjective well-being in the sustainability movement; an 
Social Indicators Research: , 1997, vol 42, pag 171-204

*Population:* 'Back to the land' mini farmers, USA,1989 

*Sample:* Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified) 

*Non-Response:* 58.2% 

*N:* 565 

**Measured Correlate** 

**Class:** Actual realization of lifegoals Code: L 7.3.1 

**Measurement:** Discrepancy between Homestead food production and country asceticism 

**VALUE** 
Country Asceticism is importance of not having: 1. a gas or electric clothes dryer; 2. an indoor toilet or bathroom; 3. Not living in a modern house; 4. Electricity in your home; 5. A microwave oven. 

**PERFORMANCE is the percentage** 
of a family's food, that the respondents claimed was produced for their smallholding. The Homestaed Food Production index has a range between 0 and 100 per cent. 

**GAP between value and performance is constructed by dichotomizing** 
the value scale and the performance indexes at their repsective medians and to cross these indicators with each other. The respondents will fall in one of the four categories: 

a. No gap low values-low HFP 
b. Gap high values-low HFP 
c. Gap low values-high HFP 
d. No gap high values-high HFP 

**Measured Values:** 

**Error Estimates:** 

**Remarks:** 

**Observed Relation with Happiness** 

**Happiness Query** 

O-H?/?sq/v/4/a 

**Statistics** 

r=-

**Remarks** 

Ss, who value technical self reliance high, irrespective of their performance (N=±280) 

- high Country Asceticism r=-.26 p<.005 

- high Homestead Production r=-.17 p<.01 

- high Ecological Sensitivity r=-.12 ns
Ss, who value Homestead Food Production high, irrespectible their performance, (N=±280)
- high Country Asceticism $r = -.28 \ p < .005$
- high Homestead Production $r = -.18 \ p < .01$
- high Ecological Sensitivity $r = -.13 \ p < .05$
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

**Study**

**HOLAH 1999**

Self-Appraisal, Life Satisfaction, and Retrospective Life Choices Across One and Psychology and Aging 1999; Vol.14, No.2, pp 238-244 ISSN 0882-7974

Population: "Gifted (IQ>135) followed unto old age, USA, 1960-1992

Sample: Non-probability purposive-quota sample

Non-Response:

N: 383

**Measured Correlate**

Class: . realization of earlier goals Code: L 7.1.1.4

Measurement: Discrepancy between recalled goals in early adulthood and current satisfaction in goal fields.
Participants were asked to rate the importance of their life-goals in the plans they made in early adulthood for: 'occupational succes', 'family life' and 'joy in living'. They were also asked to rate their current (age 61) satisfaction in these domains. Next scores were subtracted.
Assessed at T2 (1972)

**Measured Values:**

Error Estimates:


**Observed Relation with Happiness**

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<th>Statistics</th>
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<td>βL=+58 p&lt;.01</td>
<td>T2 goal realization by T3 happiness Controlled for T1 T1:1960, T2:1972, T3:1992</td>
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</table>
## Appendix 1 Queries on Happiness used in reported Studies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Query Text</th>
<th>Full Text</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a | Selfreport on single question: | "Mood is usually applied to states lasting for minutes or hours, but most people can estimate their average or typical mood over a long period of time. Using the following scale, please indicate which statement best describes your typical mood for the current spring semester. Draw a circle around the number of the statement which best describes your average level of happiness or unhappiness during this semester.

- 10 Complete elation, rapturous joy and soaring ecstasy
- 9 Very elated and in very high spirits. Tremendous delight and buoyancy
- 8 Elated and in high spirits
- 7 Feeling very good and cheerfull
- 6 Feeling pretty good, "OK"
- 5 Feeling a little bit low. Just so-so
- 4 Spirits low and somewhat "blue"
- 3 Depressed and feeling very low. Definitely "blue"
- 2 Tremendously depressed. Feeling terrible, really miserable, "just awful"
- 1 Utter depression and gloom. Completely down. All is black and leaden. Wish it were all over. |
| A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a | Single direct question: | 'How are you feeling now....?' |
| | | 5 very good |
| | | 4 good |
| | | 3 neither good nor poor |
| | | 2 poor |
| | | 1 very poor |
| Original text in Danish: | 'Hvordan har du det for tiden?' |
| | 5 meget godt |
| | 4 godt |
| | 3 hverken godt eller darligt |
| | 2 dårligt |
| | 1 meget dårligt |
| A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a | Selfreport on 10 questions: | "During the past few weeks, did you ever feel ....?" (yes/no) |
| A | Particularly exited or interested in something? |
| B | So restless that you couldn't sit long in a chair? |
| C | Proud because someone complimented you on something you had done? |
| D | Very lonely or remote from other people? |
| E | Pleased about having accomplished something? |
| F | Bored? |
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

G  On top of the world?
H  Depressed or very unhappy?
I  That things were going your way?
J  Upset because someone criticized you?

Answer options and scoring:
yes = 1
no  = 0

Summation:
- Positive Affect Score (PAS): A+C+E+G+I
- Negative Affect Score (NAS): B+D+F+H+J
- Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range: -5 to +5

Name: Bradburn's 'Affect Balance Scale' (standard version)

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a Selfreport on 2 questions:

A. "How important was each of the following goals in life in the plans you made for yourself in early adulthood?"
   - occupational success
   - family life
   - friendships
   - richness of cultural life
   - total service to society.
   1 less important to me than to most people
   2
   3
   4
   5  of prime importance to me

B. "How succesfull have you been in the persuit of these goals?"
   1  little satisfaction in this area
   2
   3
   4
   5  had excellent fortune in this respect

Computation: General Satisfaction 5 is the quotient obtained by multiplying the planned goal (early adulthood) by the reported success in attaining that goal, adding the five of these multiplied areas and dividing them by the sum of the planned goals for each of the areas.

\[
\frac{Pa \times Sa + Pb \times Sb + Pc \times Sc + Pd \times Sd + Pe \times Se}{Pa + Pb + Pc + Pd + Pe}
\]

Pa = planned goal a (1-5)
Sa = success goal a (1-5)

M-AO/u/mq/v/5/c Selfreport on 2 questions:

A  "Taking all aspects of yourself and your life into account, which of the following best describes your own feelings of satisfaction with your life......?"
5 I am extremely satisfied with my life.
4 I am satisfied with my life.
3 I am somewhat satisfied with my life.
2 I am only slightly satisfied with my life.
1 I am not at all satisfied with my life.

B "In very general terms, about what proportion of the time do you feel satisfied with your life.....?"
4 all of the time
3 most of the time
2 some of the time
1 never

Summation: not reported

M-PL/h/sq/v/5/b Selfreport on single question: following enumeration of lifegoals in six areas, the last of which was 'joy in living'

"How successfull have you been in pursuit of that goal.....?"
(joy in living)
5 had excellent fortune in this respect
4
3
2
1 found little satisfaction in this area

O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a Selfreport on single question:

"Here is a picture of a ladder. Suppose we say that the top of the ladder respresents the best possible life for you and the bottom represents the worst possible life for you. Where on the ladder do you feel you personally stand at the present time?"

[  10  ] best possible life
[    9  ]
[    8  ]
[    7  ]
[    6  ]
[    5  ]
[    4  ]
[    3  ]
[    2  ]
[    1  ]
[    0  ] worst possible life

Preceded by 1) open questions about what the respondent imagines as the best possible life and the worst possible life. 2) ratings on the ladder of one’s life five years ago and where on the ladder one expects to stand five years from now.

Name: Cantril's selfanchoring ladder rating of life (original)

O-DT/u/sq/v/10/a Selfreport on single question asked twice in interview,

"How do you feel about your life as a whole......?"
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>terrible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Summation: mean

Name: Andrews & Withey's 'Delightfull-Terrible Scale' (modified version)

O-DT/u/sqt/v/7/a Selfreport on single question, asked twice in interview:

"How do you feel about your life as a whole......?"
7 delighted
6 pleased
5 mostly satisfied
4 mixed
3 mostly dissatisfied
2 unhappy
1 terrible

Summation: arithmetic mean

Name: Andrews & Withey's "Delighted-Terrible Scale" (original version)

O-H?/?/sq/v/4/a Selfreport on single question:

Lead item not reported
Response options:
4 very happy
3 quite happy
2 not very happy
1 not at all happy

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f Selfreport on single question:

"Considering everything that has happened to you recently, how would you say things are with you - would you say you are......?"
3 very happy
2 pretty happy
1 not too happy

O-HL/c/sq/v/4/a Selfreport on single question:

"Do you feel your life at present is.....?"
4 very happy
3 quite happy
2 quite unhappy
1 very unhappy

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a Selfreport on single question:
"Taking all things together in your life, how would you say things are these days? Would you say you are ....?"

5  very happy  
4  happy  
3  neither happy nor unhappy  
2  unhappy  
1  very unhappy

O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h  Selfreport on single question

'How happy are you now?'

5  very happy  
4  happy  
3  neither happy nor unhappy  
2  unhappy  
1  very unhappy

Original text in Danish:  
'Hvor lykkelig er du for tiden?'

5  meget lykkelig  
4  lykkelig  
3  hverken eller  
2  ullykkelig  
1  meget ullykkelig

O-HL/g/sq/v/3/c  Selfreport on single question:

"In general, how happy would you say you are.....?"

3  very happy  
2  fairly happy  
1  not too happy

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e  Selfreport on single question:

'How satisfied are you with your life now?'

5  very satisfied  
2  satisfied  
3  neither satisfied nor dissatisfied  
2  dissatisfied  
1  very dissatisfied

Original text in Danish:  
'Hvor tilfreds er du med dit liv for tiden?'

5  meget tilfreds  
4  tilfreds  
3  hverken tilfreds eller utilfreds  
2  utilfreds  
1  meget utilfreds

O-SLu/u/sq/v/4/a  Selfreport on single question:

"Overall, how satisfied are you with your life.....?"

4  very satisfied  
3  satisfied
2 dissatisfied
1 very dissatisfied.

O-SLW/c/sq/n/9/a Selfreport on single question:

‘All things considered, how satisfied are you with your life these days?’
1 completely dissatisfied
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9 completely satisfied

O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d Selfreport on single question:

"Taking your life as a whole, are you .......?"
5 very satisfied
4 quite satisfied
3 more satisfied than discontented
2 more discontented than satisfied
1 quite dissatisfied

In German:
"Wenn Sie Ihr Leben jetzt alles in allem betrachten, sind Sie.....?"
5 sehr zufrieden
4 ziemlich zufrieden
3 eher zufrieden
2 eher unzufrieden
1 ziemlich unzufrieden

On the web you will find an overview of valid queries on happiness and an explanation of the classification used. Go to: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_quer/hqi_fp.htm. This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Happiness Queries.
## Appendix 2  Statistics used in reported studies

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<td>DIFFERENCE of MEANS</td>
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<tr>
<td>E²</td>
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### AoV  ANALYSIS of VARIANCE (ANOVA)

**Type:** statistical procedure  
**Measurement level:** Correlate(s): nominal, Happiness: metric.  
In an ANOVA, the total happiness variability, expressed as the sum of squares, is split into two or more parts, each of which is assigned to a source of variability. At least one of those sources is the variability of the correlate, in case there is only one, and always one other is the residual variability, which includes all unspecified influences on the happiness variable. Each sum of squares has its own number of degrees of freedom (df), which sum up to Ne -1 for the total variability. If a sum of squares (SS) is divided by its own number of df, a mean square (MS) is obtained. The ratio of two correctly selected mean squares has an F-distribution under the hypothesis that the corresponding association has a zero-value.

**NOTE:** A significantly high F-value only indicates that, in case of a single correlate, the largest of the c mean values is systematically larger than the smallest one. Conclusions about the other pairs of means require the application of a Multiple Comparisons Procedure (see e.g. BONFERRONI's MULTIPLE COMPARISON TEST, DUNCAN's MULTIPLE RANGE TEST or STUDENT-NEWMAN-KEULS).

### Beta  (8) STANDARDIZED REGRESSION COEFFICIENT

**Type:** test statistic.  
**Measurement level:** Correlates: all metric, Happiness: metric.  
**Range:** [-1 ; +1]

**Meaning:**  
- beta > 0  «  a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating.  
- beta < 0  «  a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.  
- beta = 0  «  no correlation.  
- beta = + 1 or -1  «  perfect correlation.

### Chi²  CHI-SQUARE

**Type:** test statistic  
**Range:** [0; Ne*(min(c,r)-1)], where c and r are the number of columns and rows respectively in a cross tabulation of Ne sample elements.

**Meaning:**  
- Chi² <= (c-1) * (r-1) means: no association  
- Chi² >> (c-1) * (r-1) means: strong association

### DM  DIFFERENCE of MEANS

**Type:** descriptive statistic only.  
**Measurement level:** Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric  
**Range:** depending on the happiness rating scale of the author; range symmetric about zero.

**Meaning:** the difference of the mean happiness, as measured on the author's rating scale, between the two correlate levels.

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CORRELATION RATIO (Elsewhere sometimes called h^2 or ETA)
Type: test statistic
Measurement level: Correlate: nominal or ordinal, Happiness: metric
Range: [0; 1]

Meaning: correlate is accountable for $E^2 \times 100\%$ of the variation in happiness.
$E^2 = 0 \ «$ knowledge of the correlate value does not improve the prediction quality of the happiness rating.
$E^2 = 1 \ «$ knowledge of the correlate value enables an exact prediction of the happiness rating.

GOODMAN & Kruskal's GAMMA
Type: test statistic
Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness: ordinal
Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:
$G = 0 \ «$ no rank correlation
$G = +1 \ «$ strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness ratings.
$G = -1 \ «$ strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness ratings.

PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION COEFFICIENT (Also "Pearson's correlation coefficient" or simply 'correlation coefficient')
Type: test statistic.
Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric
Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:
$r = 0 \ «$ no correlation,
$r = 1 \ «$ perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness values, and
$r = -1 \ «$ perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness values.

PARTIAL CORRELATION COEFFICIENT
Type: test statistic
Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric
Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning: a partial correlation between happiness and one of the correlates is that correlation, which remains after accounting for the contribution of the other influences, or some of them, to the total variability in the happiness scores.
Under that conditions
$rpc > 0 \ «$ a higher correlate level corresponds with a higher happiness rating,
$rpc < 0 \ «$ a higher correlate level corresponds with a lower happiness rating.

SNR Statistic Not Reported

βL PATH COEFFICIENT OBTAINED IN A LISREL MODEL.
Range: unlimited, but seldom exceeds [-1, +1].

In the Catalogue of Correlational Findings, this statistic or statistical procedure occurs very rarely only.
The reader is referred to the excerpted publication for detailed information or for further
Findings on Happiness & LIFE-GOALS

KENDALL'S RANK CORRELATION COEFFICIENT TAU-B
Type: test statistic
Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness: ordinal
Range: [-1; +1]

Meaning:
- \(tb = 0\) « no rank correlation
- \(tb = 1\) « perfect rank correlation, where high values of the correlate correspond with high happiness ratings.
- \(tb = -1\) « perfect rank correlation, where high values of the correlate correspond with low happiness ratings.

On the web you will find a text explaining the statistics used in more detail. Go to: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_cor/cor_fp.htm. This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Correlational Findings. An overview of all statistics is in chapter 4.
Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness

The World Database of Happiness is an ongoing register of scientific research on subjective appreciation of life. It brings together findings that are scattered throughout many studies and provides a basis for synthetic analysis. The research literature is processed as follows:

- Literature on happiness
  - Selection on subject
  - Bibliography (1)
  - Directory (2)

- Selection of empirical studies
  - Happiness Queries (3)
    - Testbank
      - Abstracting and classification

- Distributional Findings
  - How happy people are
  - Happiness in Nations (4)
  - Happiness in Publics (6)

- Correlational Findings
  - What goes with happiness


2. DIRECTORY OF INVESTIGATORS Names and addresses of most authors on the subject. Enumerates years of publication. Current contents: 5818 names and 3073 addresses. Part of Bibliography.

3. CATALOG OF HAPPINESS QUERIES (testbank) Presents all indicators that tap happiness as defined here. Current content: 522 measures, mostly single questions. Queries are classified by focus, time reference, mode of observation, rating and wording.

4. CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN NATIONS Presents distributional research findings, in particular responses to questions on happiness in national survey studies. Allows comparison across time and nations. Current content: 1889 surveys in 112 nations, 1946-2000.

5. CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN PUBLICS Distributional findings on happiness in special publics within nations, such as aged people. Current contents: 705 studies. Part of Catalog of Correlational Findings.

## Appendix 4 Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness

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## Appendix 5  Related Topics

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<tr>
<td>L 7</td>
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| L 7.1 | Life-goal career | L 7.4.1 | Attitudes to earlier life-goals |
| L 7.1.1 | Earlier life-goals | L 7.1.1.1 | presence of earlier goals (life-planning) |
| L 7.1.1.2 | object of earlier goals | L 7.1.1.3 | acceptance of earlier life-goals |
| L 7.1.1.4 | realization of earlier goals | L 7.1.2 | Change in life-goals |
| L 7.1.4 | Later life-goals | L 7.2 | Current life-goals |
| L 7.2.1 | Having goals or not (life-planning) | P 7.2.1 | Planning mindedness |
| L 7.2.2 | Object of life-goals | H 10 | HOPE |
|        |            | V 1  | VALUE CAREER |
|        |            | V 2  | VALUES: CURRENT PREFERENCES (own) |

| L 7.2.3 | Clarity of life-goals |
| L 7.2.4 | Involvement in life-goals |
| L 7.2.5 | Organization of life-goals (life-goal set) | V 2.4 | Value set |
| L 7.2.6 | Diversity of lifegoals | V 2.4.1 | Diversity of values |
| L 7.3 | Realization of lifegoals | L 7.1.1.4 | . realization of earlier goals |
| L 7.3.1 | Actual realization of lifegoals | V 1  | VALUE CAREER |
| L 7.3.2 | Perceived realization of life-goals | L 4.5.1.1 | . life compared with one's wants |
|        |            | H 6.3 | Contentment |
|        |            |       | SUCCESS IN LIFE |

<p>| L 7.3.2.1 | Perceived chances for realization |
| L 7.3.2.2 | Perceived realization of life-goal set |
| L 7.3.3 | Perceived realization of specific life-goals |
| L 7.3.3.1 | . children as planned |
| L 7.3.3.2 | . realization of employment goals | C 3.3.2.1 | . number of children as planned |
|        |            | R 3.3.2 | Compulsory retirement (vs free choice) |</p>
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**End of Report**