



World Database of Happiness

Correlational Findings

© on data collected: Ruut Veenhoven, Erasmus University Rotterdam

Findings on Happiness & LOVE-LIFE

Correlate Code: L 12

Classification of Findings

Correlate Code Correlate Name

Number of Studies

on this Subject

L 12	LOVE-LIFE	0
L 12.1	Love-career	0
L 12.1.1	Earlier love-life	3
L 12.1.2	Change in love-life	1
L 12.1.4	Later love-life	0
L 12.2	Current love-life	2
L 12.2.1	Involved in dating	1
L 12.2.2	Steady love-relation	7
L 12.3	Love-feelings	4
L 12.3.1	Feels in love	1
L 12.3.2	Feels loved	1
L 12.4	Attitudes to one's love-life	0
L 12.4.1	Desire to change love-life	1
L 12.4.2	Satisfaction with love-life	5

Appendix 1:	Happiness queries used
Appendix 2:	Statistics used
Appendix 3:	About the World Database of Happiness
Appendix 4:	Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness
Appendix 5:	Related Topics

Cite as: Veenhoven, R.: Findings on Happiness & LOVE-LIFE
World Database of Happiness. Internet: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness
Erasmus University Rotterdam, 2003, Netherlands

Study	VENTE 1995	<i>Page in Report:</i>	286
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet i Danmark.(Quality of Life in Denmark) Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190017		
<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Earlier love-life Code: L 12.1.1		
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "Do you have a partner?" 1: no, and I have never had one 2: no, but I have had one 3: not sure 4: yes		
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: 1:59, 2:264, 3:41, 4:1105		
<i>Error Estimates:</i>			
<i>Remarks:</i>	It is likely that the original sign of the correlation was wrong: this was adjusted here.		

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.16 p<.00	1: Mt=7.38 2: Mt=7.13 3: Mt=6.89 4: Mt=7.96 All Mt=7.76 It is likely that the original sign of the correlation was wrong: this was adjusted here.
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.25 p<.00	1: Mt=6.40 2: Mt=6.00 3: Mt=5.68 4: Mt=7.24 All Mt=6.94
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.19 p<.00	1: Mt=6.98 2: Mt=6.68 3: Mt=6.23 4: Mt=7.69 All Mt=7.44

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	308
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Earlier love-life Code: L 12.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: " How are your current relations with your previous partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither/nor 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:3022; %:1:13,8; 2:17,8; 3:35,3; 4:25,3; 5:7,7
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.08 p<.00	1: Mt=7.45 2: Mt=7.38 3: Mt=7.85 4: Mt=7.71 5: Mt=8.16
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.01 ns	1: Mt=6.96 2: Mt=6.83 3: Mt=7.11 4: Mt=6.88 5: Mt=7.10
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.05 p<.01	1: Mt=7.21 2: Mt=7.06 3: Mt=7.51 4: Mt=7.34 5: Mt=7.60

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	304
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Earlier love-life Code: L 12.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "Do you have a partner?" 1: no, and I never had one 2: no, but I have had one 3: not sure 4: yes
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:4604; %:1:1,9; 2:14,5; 3:2,5; 4:81,1
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.20 p<.00	1: Mt=7.13 2: Mt=6.80 3: Mt=6.63 4: Mt=7.95
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.31 p<.00	1: Mt=5.99 2: Mt=5.60 3: Mt=5.35 4: Mt=5.99
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.23 p<.00	1: Mt=6.45 2: Mt=6.28 3: Mt=6.16 4: Mt=7.69

Study	HEADE 1982/2	Page in Report:	53
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey, B.; Holström, E.; Wearing, A.J. Australians' Priorities, Satisfaction and Well-being: Methodological Issues Monograph in Public Policy Studies, nr.8, University of Melbourne, 1982, Australia		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, general public, Melbourne, Australia, followed 25 months 1978-81		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	0		
<i>N:</i>	184		

Measured Correlate

Class: Change in love-life Code: L 12.1.2

Measurement: Index of 3 single questions on satisfaction with:
a: Your wife/husband
b: Your marriage
c: Your sex life
All scored on a 1-9 D-T rating scale, summation by average.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks: Both Happiness (ABS) and satisfaction with marriage were assessed at T1 and T2 (25 month interval)

Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	Beta=+.2 p<.04	T1-T2 CHANGE in happiness by T1-T2 CHANGE in satisfaction with marriage Both Happiness (ABS) and satisfaction with marriage were assessed at T1 and T2 (25 month interval)

Study	AUSTR 1984/2	<i>Page in Report:</i>	112/116
<i>Reported in:</i>	Austrom, D.R. The consequences of being single Peter Lang Publ., New York, 1984		
<i>Population:</i>	23-59 aged English speaking, Toronto and Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	45%		
<i>N:</i>	1038		

Measured Correlate

Class: Current love-life Code: L 12.2

Measurement: 3-item index. The respondents were asked which of the following described their present situation: 1. involved in a serious romantic relationship, 2. dating more than one person, 3. not dating anyone.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	DMt=- p<.001	NON-MARRIED Ss ONLY. Married (including not formally married cohabitating Ss (considered as married)) left out. - serious romantic relationship: Mt = 8.4 - dating more than one person: Mt = 7.9 - not dating anyone: Mt = 7.4

Study	PORTE 1967	<i>Page in Report:</i>	58
<i>Reported in:</i>	Porter J. Sex-role concepts, their relationships to psychological well-being and to future plans Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1967, University of Rochester, New York, USA		
<i>Population:</i>	Female students college seniors, followed two months, Rochester, USA, 1965-66		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	8%; unaffected by place of residence		
<i>N:</i>	162		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Current love-life Code: L 12.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question: recently terminated relationship / apparently not dating / won't marry present beau / will possibly marry present beau / will fairly certain marry present beau / engaged / married.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a	AoV=+ ns	Both variables assessed at T2. Females who are certain of getting married, who are engaged, or who are married are generally happier than those who are not (05).

Study	BRENN 1970	<i>Page in Report:</i>	108/322
<i>Reported in:</i>	Brenner, B. Social factors in mental well-being at adolescence. Doctoral dissertation, 1970, The American University, Washington D.C., USA		
<i>Population:</i>	Highschool pupils, New York State, USA, 1960		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	1%		
<i>N:</i>	5204		

Measured Correlate

Class: Involved in dating Code: L 12.2.1

Measurement: Open-ended question on number of dates this year.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a	G=+.11 V= .07 p<. 05	
O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b	G=+.23 V= .10 p<. 01	

Study	AUSTR 1984/2	<i>Page in Report:</i>	109/19/20
<i>Reported in:</i>	Austrom, D.R. The consequences of being single Peter Lang Publ., New York, 1984		
<i>Population:</i>	23-59 aged English speaking, Toronto and Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	45%		
<i>N:</i>	1038		

Measured Correlate

Class: Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2

Measurement: Single closed question rated on a 4-point scale: Are you currently in love: 1. yes for the first time, 2. yes but not for the first time, 3. no but I have been in love, 4. I have never been in love.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	$r=+.28$	ALL Ss (married (including not formally married cohabiting Ss (considered as married)) and non-married):

Beta=-.1

β controlled for:
 gender, age, household income, marital status,
 desire to change dating pattern or marital status,
 locus of control, social support (1. instrumental:
 problems managing money, deciding how to spend
 money, not enough money to do things, unsatisfying
 job, not enough money to get by on; 2. expressive:
 no close companions, no one to depend on,
 unsatisfactory sex life, problems communicating,
 dissatisfied with marital status, not enough close
 friends, no one to show love/affection, too
 dependent on others, , not having children, no one
 to understand problems; 3. interpersonal demands:
 too many responsibilities, no one to depend on, too
 many demands on time, problems communicating,
 problems with children, problems with spouse/ex-
 spouse, conflicts with those who are close), and
 satisfaction with: job and financial situation,
 friendships, love relationships and living
 situation.

NON-MARRIED Ss ONLY:

- not in love: Mt = 6.9
 - in love: Mt = 7.4
 Difference Significant: (01)

- males: r = +.12 β = -.09
 - females: r = +.04 β = -.09

Beta's controlled for the same variables as above,
 except gender and marital status.

Study	FORRE 1980	<i>Page in Report:</i>	76
<i>Reported in:</i>	Forrester, N.G. Factors contributing to life satisfaction of divorced women Unpublished PhD dissertation, Arizona State University, USA, 1980		
<i>Population:</i>	21-71 aged divorced women, San Diego, California, USA, 1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	70		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	0 not involved 1 involved
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a	r=+.42 p<. 001	
O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a	r=+.42 p<. 001	

Study	FORRE 1980	<i>Page in Report:</i>	76
<i>Reported in:</i>	Forrester, N.G. Factors contributing to life satisfaction of divorced women Unpublished PhD dissertation, Arizona State University, USA, 1980		
<i>Population:</i>	21-71 aged divorced women, San Diego, California, USA, 1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	70		

Measured Correlate

Class: Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2

Measurement: Not involved vs. involved

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

Study	VENTE 1995	<i>Page in Report:</i>	286
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<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2		
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "Do you have a partner?" 1: no, and I have never had one 2: no, but I have had one 3: not sure 4: yes		
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: 1:59, 2:264, 3:41, 4:1105		
<i>Error Estimates:</i>			
<i>Remarks:</i>	It is likely that the original sign of the correlation was wrong: this was adjusted here.		

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.16 p<.00	1: Mt=7.38 2: Mt=7.13 3: Mt=6.89 4: Mt=7.96 All Mt=7.76 It is likely that the original sign of the correlation was wrong: this was adjusted here.
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.25 p<.00	1: Mt=6.40 2: Mt=6.00 3: Mt=5.68 4: Mt=7.24 All Mt=6.94
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.19 p<.00	1: Mt=6.98 2: Mt=6.68 3: Mt=6.23 4: Mt=7.69 All Mt=7.44

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	304
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "Do you have a partner?" 1: no, and I never had one 2: no, but I have had one 3: not sure 4: yes
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:4604; %:1:1,9; 2:14,5; 3:2,5; 4:81,1
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>		<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.20	p<.00	1: Mt=7.13 2: Mt=6.80 3: Mt=6.63 4: Mt=7.95
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.31	p<.00	1: Mt=5.99 2: Mt=5.60 3: Mt=5.35 4: Mt=5.99
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.23	p<.00	1: Mt=6.45 2: Mt=6.28 3: Mt=6.16 4: Mt=7.69

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	170
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	unemployment wi th/wi thout partner/fri end 0: wi thout partner 1: wi th partner
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N All:3389
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	unempl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 0: Ms=5. 20 6. 41 1: Ms=6. 28 7. 59	empl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 6. 63 7. 36 7. 40 8. 28
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	unempl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 0: Ms=4. 80 5. 25 1: Ms=5. 94 7. 15	empl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 5. 45 5. 93 6. 69 7. 64
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	unempl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 0: Ms=4. 73 5. 75 1: Ms=5. 56 7. 35	empl oyed wi thout wi th fri end fri end 6. 14 6. 80 6. 99 8. 03

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	152-164
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Steady love-relation Code: L 12.2.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	unemployed/employed women and men with/without children/partner 0: no partner 1: with partner
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	children no children	children no children
	employed women	unemployed women
	0: Ms=6.81 7.38	5.89 6.55
	1: Ms=7.98 8.06	7.35 7.38
	children no children	children no children
	employed men	unemployed men
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	0: Mt=6.70 7.28	6.04 6.14
	1: Mt=8.18 8.18	7.33 7.33
	children no children	children no children
	employed women	unemployed women
	0: Mt=5.71 5.90	5.26 5.48
	1: Mt=7.43 7.35	6.94 6.81
	children no children	children no children
	employed men	unemployed men
	0: Mt=5.34 5.80	4.58 5.05
	1: Mt=7.40 7.46	6.76 6.76

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e

	chi l dren	no chi l dren	chi l dren	no chi l dren
	empl oyed	women	unempl oyed	women
0: Mt=6.30	6.85		5.63	6.31
1: Mt=7.78	7.66		7.09	7.25
	chi l dren	no chi l dren	chi l dren	no chi l dren
	empl oyed	men	unempl oyed	men
0: Mt=6.20	6.69		4.49	5.36
1: Mt=7.83	7.88		6.68	6.68

Study	CONST 1965	<i>Page in Report:</i>	59
<i>Reported in:</i>	Constantinople, A.P. Some correlates of happiness and unhappiness in college students. Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1965, University of Rochester, USA.		
<i>Population:</i>	College students, University of Rochester, USA, 1965		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	30% (take home questionnaire).		
<i>N:</i>	952		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Love-feelings Code: L 12.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Wessman & Ricks Love and Sex Scale, scored once for the current academic year.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/cy/sq/v/10/a	r=+ p<.05	Males : r= +.31 (.05) Females: r= +.37 (.05)

Study	CRITE 1977	<i>Page in Report:</i>	721,722
<i>Reported in:</i>	Critelli, J.W. Romantic attraction and happiness Psychological Reports; 1977; vol.41; p.721-722		
<i>Population:</i>	Dating couples, midwest university, USA, 1975		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	61		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Love-feelings Code: L 12.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Dri scoll , et al . ' s measure of General Love (1972)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>						
O-H?/c/sq/v/5/a	r=+	<table> <tr> <td>Mal es</td><td>r=+. 24</td><td>(ns)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Femal es</td><td>r=+. 30</td><td>(01)</td></tr> </table>	Mal es	r=+. 24	(ns)	Femal es	r=+. 30	(01)
Mal es	r=+. 24	(ns)						
Femal es	r=+. 30	(01)						

Study	CRITE 1977	<i>Page in Report:</i>	721,722
<i>Reported in:</i>	Critelli, J.W. Romantic attraction and happiness Psychological Reports; 1977; vol.41; p.721-722		
<i>Population:</i>	Dating couples, midwest university, USA, 1975		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	61		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Love-feelings Code: L 12.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Rubin's Dating Love Scale (1973)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-H?/c/sq/v/5/a	r=+	Mal es r=+. 14 (ns) Femal es r=+. 38 (01)

Study	GORDO 1975	<i>Page in Report:</i>	85
<i>Reported in:</i>	Gordon, R.M. The effects of interpersonal and economic resources upon values and the quality of Unpublished PhD dissertation, Temple University, Pennsylvania, USA, 1975		
<i>Population:</i>	Undergraduate students, Temple University, Pennsylvania, USA, 1973		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	346		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Love-feelings Code: L 12.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Direct question: "I often receive a great deal of warmth and affection now". Rated on a 9-point scale ranging from 1='not at all, never, lowest' to 9='completely, always, highest'
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/a	r=+.58	

Study **KAMMA 1983/2** *Page in Report:*

Reported in: Kammann, R.; Flett, R.
 Sourcebook for Measuring Well-being with Affectometer 2.
 Why Not? Foundation, Dunedin, New Zealand.

Population: 18+ aged, general public, Dunedin, New Zealand, 1983

Sample:

Non-Response: 52%

N: 112

Measured Correlate

Class: Feels in love Code: L 12.3.1

Measurement: Single direct question how one felt during the instructed time period (or otherwise in the past few weeks):
 "How often have you felt loving?"
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from 'not at all' to 'all the time'

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BK/cm/mq/v/5/a	r=+.64 p<.01	
M-FH/c/sq/v/7/a	r=+.38 p<.01	

Study **KAMMA 1983/2** *Page in Report:*

Reported in: Kammann, R.; Flett, R.
Sourcebook for Measuring Well-being with Affectometer 2.
Why Not? Foundation, Dunedin, New Zealand.

Population: 18+ aged, general public, Dunedin, New Zealand, 1983

Sample:

Non-Response: 52%

N: 112

Measured Correlate

Class: Feels loved Code: L 12.3.2

Measurement: Single direct question how one felt during the instructed time period (or otherwise in the past few weeks):
"I feel loved and trusted"
Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from
'not at all' to 'all the time'

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BK/cm/mq/v/5/a	r=+.57 p<.01	
M-FH/c/sq/v/7/a	r=+.35 p<.01	

Study	AUSTR 1984/2	<i>Page in Report:</i>	109/18/19
<i>Reported in:</i>	Austrom, D.R. The consequences of being single Peter Lang Publ., New York, 1984		
<i>Population:</i>	23-59 aged English speaking, Toronto and Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	45%		
<i>N:</i>	1038		

Measured Correlate

Class: Desire to change love-life Code: L 12.4.1

Measurement: Single closed question rated on a 2-point scale: Would you change your present dating pattern or marital status if you could:
0 yes
1 no.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	$r=+.41$	ALL Ss (married (including not formally married cohabitating Ss (considered as married) and non-married):

Beta=-.0

β controlled for:
 gender, age, household income, marital status,
 being in love, locus of control, social support (1.
 instrumental: problems managing money, deciding how
 to spend money, not enough money to do things,
 unsatisfying job, not enough money to get by on; 2.
 expressive: no close companions, no one to depend
 on, unsatisfactory sex life, problems
 communicating, dissatisfied with marital status,,
 not enough close friends, no one to show
 love/affection, too dependent on others, not having
 children, no one to understand problems, ; 3.
 interpersonal demands: too many responsibilities,
 no one to depend on, too many demands on time,
 problems communicating, problems with children,
 problems with spouse/ex-spouse, conflicts with
 those who are close), and satisfaction with: job
 and financial situation, friendships, love
 relationships and living situation.

NON-MARRIED Ss ONLY;

- desire to change: Mt = 6.7
 - maintain present status: Mt = 8.1
- Difference significant (001)

- males: $r = -.28$ $\beta = -.02$
- females: $r = -.24$ $\beta = -.02$

Beta's controlled for the same variables as above,
 except gender and marital status.

Study	AUSTR 1984/2	<i>Page in Report:</i>	222
<i>Reported in:</i>	Austrom, D.R. The consequences of being single Peter Lang Publ., New York, 1984		
<i>Population:</i>	23-59 aged English speaking, Toronto and Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	45%		
<i>N:</i>	1038		

Measured Correlate

Class: Satisfaction with love-life Code: L 12.4.2

Measurement: single closed question (rated on a 11-point scale ranging from completely dissatisfied to completely satisfied):
Indicate how happy you are with your:

- marital status;
- love relationships;
- sex life.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	r=	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - marital status: r = +.48 (001) - love relationships: r = +.54 (001) - sex life: r = +.48 (001)

Study	AUSTR 1984/2	<i>Page in Report:</i>	106/19/20
<i>Reported in:</i>	Austrom, D.R. The consequences of being single Peter Lang Publ., New York, 1984		
<i>Population:</i>	23-59 aged English speaking, Toronto and Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	45%		
<i>N:</i>	1038		

Measured Correlate

Class: Satisfaction with love-life Code: L 12.4.2

Measurement: Factor analysis based on answers to closed questions. The respondents were asked to indicate how satisfied they were with their: 1. marital status, 2. love relationship(s), 3. sex life. Rated on a 11-point scale ranging from completely dissatisfied to completely satisfied.

Measured Values:

Error Estimates:

Remarks:

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	$r=+.47$	ALL Ss (married (including not formally married cohabitating Ss (considered as married) and non-married).

Beta=+.2

β controlled for: gender, age, household income, marital status, being in love, desire to change dating pattern or marital status, locus of control, social support.

1. instrumental: problems managing money, deciding how to spend money, not enough money to do things, unsatisfying job, not enough money to get by on;
 2. expressive: unsatisfactory sex life, problems communicating, dissatisfied with marital status, not enough close friends, no one to show love/affection, too dependent on others, not having children, no one to understand problems;
 3. interpersonal demands: too many responsibilities, no one to depend on, too many demands on time, problems communicating, problems with children, problems with spouse/ex-spouse, conflicts with those who are close), and satisfaction with job and financial situation, friendships and living situation.

NON-MARRIED Ss ONLY:

- -

neutral or dissatisfied: $Mt = 6.6$

- satisfied: $Mt = 7.9$

Difference significant (.001)

- males: $r = +.41$ $\beta = +.27$

- females: $r = +.45$ $\beta = +.21$

Beta's controlled for the same variables as above, except marital status and gender.

Study	BAKKE 1974	<i>Page in Report:</i>	28
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bakker, P. & Berg, N. van de Determinants and correlates of happiness. Unpublished thesis, 1974, Erasmus University Rotterdam, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	20-65 aged, general public, The Netherlands, 1968		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	34% refusal and unattainable.		
<i>N:</i>	1552		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with love-life Code: L 12.4.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question rated on an open graphic scale ranging from 'very dissatisfied' to 'very satisfied'.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HP/g/sq/ol/7/a	G=+.70 p<.05	Lower among age 41-50 and 61-65 Stronger among low S.E.S. No relation among high educational level. Unaffected by sex.

Study	BAKKE 1974	<i>Page in Report:</i>	28
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bakker, P. & Berg, N. van de Determinants and correlates of happiness. Unpublished thesis, 1974, Erasmus University Rotterdam, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	20-65 aged, general public, The Netherlands, 1968		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	34% refusal and unattainable.		
<i>N:</i>	1552		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with love-life Code: L 12.4.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question rated on an open graphic scale ranging from 'very dissatisfied' to 'very satisfied'.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HP/g/sq/ol/7/a	G=+.70 p<.05	Lower for those of age 41-50 and 61-65 Stronger among low S.E.S. No relation at high educational level. Unaffected by sex.

Study	VENTE 1996	<i>Page in Report:</i>	310
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with love-life Code: L 12.4.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How satisfied are you with your present relationship situation?" 1: very dissatisfied 2: dissatisfied 3: neither/nor 4: satisfied 5: very satisfied
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:4559; %:1:5,6; 2:9,8; 3:13,4; 4:32,4; 5:38,8
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.46 p<.00	1: Mt=5.50 2: Mt=6.31 3: Mt=6.83 4: Mt=7.74 5: Mt=8.76
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.61 p<.00	1: Mt=4.36 2: Mt=5.26 3: Mt=5.81 4: Mt=6.89 5: Mt=8.40
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.53 p<.00	1: Mt=4.71 2: Mt=5.70 3: Mt=6.45 4: Mt=7.41 5: Mt=8.61

Appendix 1 **Queries on Happiness used in reported Studies**

Happiness Query Code Full Text

A-AOL/cq/sq/v/10/a

Selfreport on single question:

"Mood is usually applied to states lasting for minutes or hours, but most people can estimate their average or typical mood over a long period of time. Using the following scale, please indicate which statement best describes your typical mood for the current spring semester. Draw a circle around the number of the statement which best describes your average level of happiness or unhappiness during this semester.

- 10 Complete elation, rapturous joy and soaring ecstasy
- 9 Very elated and in very high spirits. Tremendous delight and buoyancy
- 8 Elated and in high spirits
- 7 Feeling very good and cheerful
- 6 Feeling pretty good, "OK"
- 5 Feeling a little bit low. Just so-so
- 4 Spirits low and somewhat "blue"
- 3 Depressed and feeling very low. Definitely "blue"
- 2 Tremendously depressed. Feeling terrible, really miserable, "just awful"
- 1 Utter depression and gloom. Completely down. All is black and leaden. Wish it were all over.

A-AOL/cy/sq/v/10/a

Selfreport on single question:

"In thinking over the past year, indicate how elated or depressed, happy or unhappy you have felt....?"

- 10 Complete elation, rapturous joy and soaring ecstasy
- 9 Very elated and in very high spirits. Tremendous delight and buoyancy.
- 8 Elated and in high spirits.
- 7 Feeling very good and cheerful.
- 6 Feeling pretty good, "OK".
- 5 Feeling a little bit low. Just so-so.
- 4 Spirits low and somewhat "blue".
- 3 Depressed and feeling very low. Definitely "blue".
- 2 Tremendously depressed. Feeling terrible, really miserable, "just awful".
- 1 Utter depression and gloom. Completely down. All is black and leaden. Wish it were all over.

A-AOL/g/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question:

"In general, how would you say you feel most of the time - in good spirits or in low spirits....?"

- 5 very good spirits
- 4 fairly good spirits
- 3 neither good spirits nor low spirits
- 2 fairly low spirits

A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	<p>1 very low spirits. Single direct question: 'How are you feeling now....?'</p> <p>5 very good 4 good 3 neither good nor poor 2 poor 1 very poor</p>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	<p>Original text in Danish: 'Hvordan har du det for tiden?</p> <p>5 meget godt 4 godt 3 hverken godt eller dårligt 2 dårligt 1 meget dårligt</p> <p>Selfreport on 10 questions:</p> <p>"During the past few weeks, did you ever feel?" (yes/no)</p> <p>A Particularly excited or interested in something? B So restless that you couldn't sit long in a chair? C Proud because someone complimented you on something you had done? D Very lonely or remote from other people? E Pleased about having accomplished something? F Bored? G On top of the world? H Depressed or very unhappy? I That things were going your way? J Upset because someone criticized you?</p> <p>Answer options and scoring: yes = 1 no = 0</p> <p>Summation: -Positive Affect Score (PAS): A+C+E+G+I -Negative Affect Score (NAS): B+D+F+H+J -Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS Possible range: -5 to +5</p>
A-BK/cm/mq/v/5/a	<p>Name: Bradburn's 'Affect Balance Scale' (standard version)</p> <p>Selfreport on 40 questions:</p> <p>"Over this time period (the last few weeks) I have had the feeling described by":</p> <p>A My life is on the right track B I seem to be left alone when I don't want to be C I feel I can do whatever I want to D I think clearly and creatively E I feel like a failure F Nothing seems very much fun any more G I like myself</p>

H I can't be bothered doing anything
 I I feel close to people around me
 J I feel as though the best years of my life are over
 K My future looks good
 L I have lost interest in other people and don't care about them
 M I have energy to spare
 N I smile and laugh a lot
 O I wish I could change some parts of my life
 P My thoughts go around in useless circles
 Q I can handle any problems that come up
 R My life seems stuck in a rut
 S I feel loved and trusted
 T I feel there must be something wrong with me

"Over this period (the last few weeks), "how often you felt..."

U Satisfied
 V Lonely
 W Free-and-easy
 X Clear-headed
 Y Helpless
 Z Impatient
 AA Usefull
 AB Depressed
 AC Loving
 AD Hopeless
 AE Optimistic
 AF Withdrawn
 AG Enthusiastic
 AH Good-natured
 AI Discontented
 AJ Confused
 AK Confident
 AL Tense
 AM Understood
 AN Insignificant

Answer options;

0 not at all
 1 occasionally
 2 some of the time
 3 often
 4 all the time

Summation:

- Positive Affect score (PAS): mean positive items
 - Negative Affect Score (NAS): mean negative items
 - Affect balance score (ABS): PAS minus NAS
 Possible range: -4 to +4

M-FH/c/sq/v/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

"Taking all things together, how would you say you have been this period? Check

	<p>the frase that best describes how you have felt."</p> <p>7 very happy</p> <p>6 happy</p> <p>5 somewhat happy</p> <p>4 mixed (about equally happy and unhappy)</p> <p>3 somewhat unhappy</p> <p>2 unhappy</p> <p>1 very unhappy</p>
O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a	<p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"How do you feel about your life as a whole.....?"</p> <p>7 delighted</p> <p>6 pleased</p> <p>5 mostly satisfied</p> <p>4 mixed</p> <p>3 mostly dissatisfied</p> <p>2 unhappy</p> <p>1 terrible</p>
O-H?/c/sq/v/5/a	<p>Name: Andrews & Withey's 'Delighted-Terrible Scale' (original version)</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>Lead item not reported</p> <p>Response options:</p> <p>1 unhappy</p> <p>2 not very happy</p> <p>3 fairly happy</p> <p>4 happy</p> <p>5 very happy</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	<p>Selfreport on single question</p> <p>'How happy are you now?'</p> <p>5 very happy</p> <p>4 happy</p> <p>3 neither happy nor unhappy</p> <p>2 unhappy</p> <p>1 very unhappy</p>
O-HL/g/sq/n/9/a	<p>Original text in Danish:</p> <p>'Hvor lykkelig er du for tiden?'</p> <p>5 meget lykkelig</p> <p>4 lykkelig</p> <p>3 hverken eller</p> <p>2 ullykkelig</p> <p>1 meget ullykkelig</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"Generally, how happy are you.....?"</p> <p>1 not at all</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p>

	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9 completely
	(Originally presented on a horizontal line scale)
O-HL/u/sq/v/4/b	Selfreport on single question:
	"On the whole, how happy would you say you are.....?"
	4 very happy
	3 fairly happy
	2 not very happy
	1 very unhappy
O-HP/q/sq/ol/7/a	Selfreport on single question:
	"Generally speaking are you a happy person.....?"
	Responses were made on an open line scale, and were later coded in 7 categories:
	1 very unhappy
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7 very happy.
	Original text in Dutch:
	"Bent u over het algemeen een gelukkig mens?"
	a zeer ongelukkig
	b
	c
	d
	e
	f
	g zeer gelukkig
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	Selfreport on single question:
	'How satisfied are you with your life now?'
	5 very satisfied
	2 satisfied
	3 neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
	2 dissatisfied
	1 very dissatisfied
	Original text in Danish:
	'Hvor tilfreds er du med dit liv for tiden?'
	5 meget tilfreds
	4 tilfreds

O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a	3 hverken tilfreds eller utilfreds
	2 utilfreds
	1 meget utilfreds
	Selfreport on single question:
	"We have talked about various parts of your life, now I want to ask you about your life as a whole. How satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days.....?"
O-SLW/u/sq/n/11/a	7 completely satisfied
	6
	5
	4 neutral
	3
	2
	1 completely dissatisfied
	Selfreport on single question:
	"All things considered, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your life as a whole?"
	10 completely satisfied
	9
	8
	7
	6
	5
	4
	3
	2
	1
	0 completely dissatisfied

On the web you will find an overview of valid queries on happiness and an explanation of the classification used. Go to: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_quer/hqi_fp.htm. This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Happiness Queries.

Appendix 2 *Statistics used in reported studies*

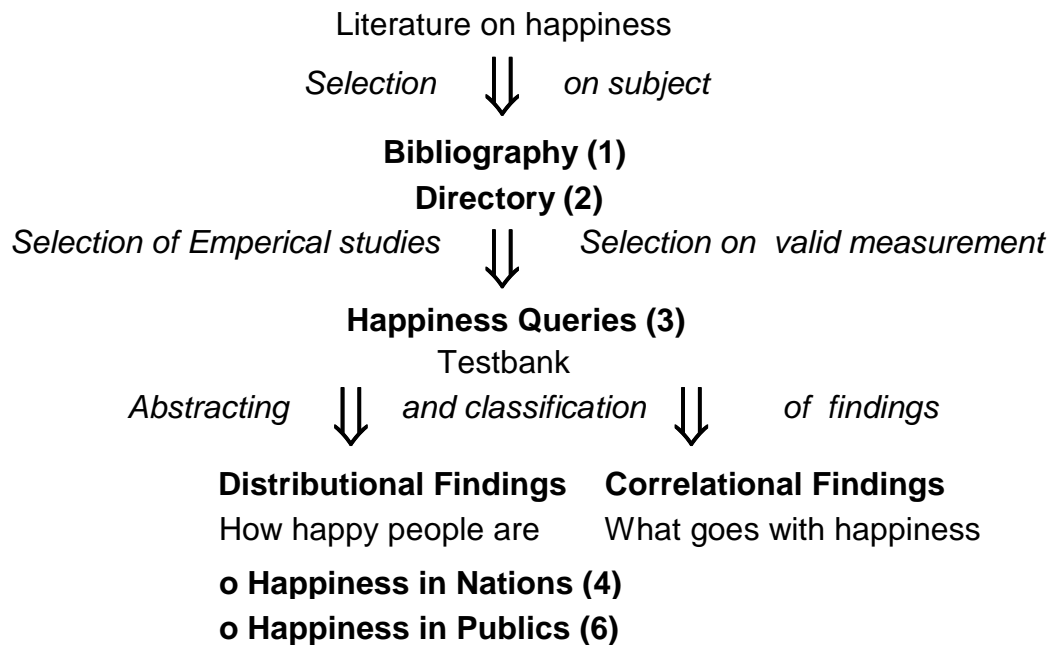
<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Explanation</i>
AoV	<p>ANALYSIS of VARIANCE (ANOVA)</p> <p>Type: statistical procedure</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlate(s): nominal, Happiness: metric.</p> <p>In an ANOVA, the total happiness variability, expressed as the sum of squares, is split into two or more parts, each of which is assigned to a source of variability. At least one of those sources is the variability of the correlate, in case there is only one, and always one other is the residual variability, which includes all unspecified influences on the happiness variable. Each sum of squares has its own number of degrees of freedom (df), which sum up to Ne -1 for the total variability. If a sum of squares (SS) is divided by its own number of df, a mean square (MS) is obtained. The ratio of two correctly selected mean squares has an F-distribution under the hypothesis that the corresponding association has a zero-value.</p> <p>NOTE: A significantly high F-value only indicates that, in case of a single correlate, the largest of the c mean values is systematically larger than the smallest one. Conclusions about the other pairs of means require the application of a Multiple Comparisons Procedure (see e.g. BONFERRONI's MULTIPLE COMPARISON TEST, DUNCAN's MULTIPLE RANGE TEST or STUDENT-NEWMAN-KEULS)</p>
Beta	<p>(β) STANDARDIZED REGRESSION COEFFICIENT</p> <p>Type: test statistic.</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness!: metric.</p> <p>Range: [-1 ; +1]</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>beta > 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating.</p> <p>beta < 0 « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.</p> <p>beta = 0 « no correlation.</p> <p>beta = + 1 or -1 « perfect correlation.</p>
DMt	<p>DIFFERENCE of MEANS AFTER TRANSFORMATION</p> <p>Type: descriptive statistic only.</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric</p> <p>Theoretical range: [-10; +10]</p> <p>Meaning: the difference of the mean happiness (happiness measured at a 0-10 rating scale) between the two correlate levels.</p>
G	<p>GOODMAN & Kruskal's GAMMA</p> <p>Type: test statistic</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness!: ordinal</p> <p>Range: [-1; +1]</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>G = 0 « no rank correlation</p> <p>G = +1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness ratings.</p> <p>G = -1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond</p>

r	<p>with low happiness ratings.</p> <p>PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION COEFFICIENT (Also "Pearson's correlation coefficient" or simply 'correlation coefficient')</p> <p>Type: test statistic.</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric</p> <p>Range: [-1; +1]</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>$r = 0$ « no correlation ,</p> <p>$r = 1$ « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness values, and</p> <p>$r = -1$ « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness values.</p>
V	<p>CRAMÉR's V</p> <p>Type: test statistic</p> <p>Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: ordinal</p> <p>Range: [0; 1]</p> <p>Meaning:</p> <p>$V = 0$ « no association</p> <p>$V = 1$ « strongest possible association</p>

On the web you will find a text explaining the statistics used in more detail. Go to: www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_cor/cor_fp.htm. This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Correlational Findings. An overview of all statistics is in chapter 4.

Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness

The World Database of Happiness is an ongoing register of scientific research on subjective appreciation of life. It brings together findings that are scattered throughout many studies and provides a basis for synthetic analysis. The research literature is processed as follows:



- 1 BIBLIOGRAPHY OF HAPPINESS Presents all contemporary scientific publications. Detailed subject-classification. Current contents: 3422 titles, mainly in English.
- 2 DIRECTORY OF INVESTIGATORS Names and addresses of most authors on the subject. Enumerates years of publication. Current contents: 5818 names and 3073 addresses. Part of Bibliography.
- 3 CATALOG OF HAPPINESS QUERIES (testbank) Presents all indicators that tap happiness as defined here. Current content: 522 measures, mostly single questions. Queries are classified by focus, time reference, mode of observation, rating and wording.
- 4 CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN NATIONS Presents distributitional research findings, in particular responses to questions on happiness in national survey studies. Allows comparison across time and nations. Current content: 1889 surveys in 112 nations, 1946-2000.
- 5 CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN PUBLICS Distributitional findings on happiness in special publics within nations, such as aged people. Current contents: 705 studies. Part of Catalog of Correlational Findings.
- 6 CATALOG OF CORRELATIONAL FINDINGS Presents abstracts of correlational research findings. Detailed subject-classification. Allows comparison through time and across nations. Current contents: 7476 findings from 705 studies in 140 nations, 1911-2000.

Appendix 4 Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness

<i>Main Category's</i>	<i>Category Name</i>	<i>Number of Studies in this Category</i>
A 1	ACTIVITY LEVEL (how much one does)	53
A 2	ACTIVITY PATTERN (what one does)	7
A 3	AFFECTIVE LIFE	31
A 4	AGE	279
A 5	AGGRESSION	11
A 6	ANOMY	30
A 7	APPEARANCE (good looks)	8
A 8	ATTITUDES	4
A 9	AUTHORITARIANISM	4
B 3	BODY	66
C 1	CHILDREN 1:	4
C 10	CREATIVENESS	6
C 11	CULTURE (Arts and Sciences)	6
C 2	CHILDREN: WANT FOR (Parental aspirations)	6
C 3	CHILDREN: HAVING (parental status)	145
C 4	CHILDREN's CHARACTERISTICS	19
C 5	CHILDREN: RELATION WITH	8
C 6	CHILDREN: REARING (parental behavior)	11
C 7	COMMUNAL LIVING	1
C 8	CONCERNS	15
C 9	COPING	27
D 1	DAILY JOYS & HASSLES	4
E 1	EDUCATION	243
E 2	EMPLOYMENT	180
E 3	ETHNICITY	63
E 4	EXPRESSIVE BEHAVIOR	10
F 1	FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)	195
F 2	FAMILY OF PROCREATION	42
F 3	FAMILY OF RELATIVES	145
F 4	FARMING	30
F 5	FREEDOM	24
F 6	FRIENDSHIP	123
G 1	GENDER	252
G 2	GRIEF	1
H 10	HOPE	3
H 11	HOUSEHOLD: COMPOSITION	90
H 12	HOUSEHOLD: WORK	10
H 13	HOUSING	75
H 2	HANDICAP	13

H 3	HAPPINESS: ATTITUDES	39
H 5	HAPPINESS CAREER	144
H 6	HAPPINESS: CURRENT LEVEL	260
H 8	HEALTH-BEHAVIOR	15
H 9	HELPING	4
I 1	INCOME	415
I 2	INSTITUTIONAL LIVING	28
I 3	INTELLIGENCE	63
I 4	INTERESTS	5
I 5	INTERVIEW	49
I 6	INTIMACY	70
L 1	LANGUAGE	1
L 10	LOCAL ENVIRONMENT	270
L 11	LOTTERY	7
L 12	LOVE-LIFE	26
L 2	LEADERSHIP	8
L 3	LEISURE	128
L 4	LIFE APPRAISALS: OTHER THAN HAPPINESS4	290
L 5	LIFE-CHANGE	26
L 6	LIFE-EVENTS	63
L 7	LIFE-GOALS	52
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End of Report