



**World Database of Happiness**

**Correlational Findings**

© on data collected: Ruut Veenhoven, Erasmus University Rotterdam

**Findings on Happiness & MARRIAGE:  
RELATIONSHIP**

**Correlate Code: M 3**

<b>Classification of Findings</b>		<b>Number of Studies on this Subject</b>
<b>Correlate Code</b>	<b>Correlate Name</b>	
M 3	MARRIAGE: RELATIONSHIP	0
M 3.1	Relationship career	0
M 3.1.1	Earlier marriage relationship(s)	2
M 3.1.1.1	. characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s)	6
M 3.1.1.2	. satisfaction with earlier marriage-relationship(s)	2
M 3.1.2	Change in marriage relationship	0
M 3.1.2.1	. change in characteristics of marriage	0
M 3.1.2.2	. change in satisfaction with marriage	6
M 3.1.3	History of current marriage	1
M 3.1.3.1	. earlier characteristics of current marriage-relationship	2
M 3.1.3.2	. earlier satisfaction with current marriage-relationship	0
M 3.1.4	Later marriage	0
M 3.1.4.1	. characteristics of later marriage-relationship(s)	0
M 3.1.4.2	. satisfaction with later marriage-relationship(s)	0
M 3.2	Current characteristics of marriage-relationship	0
M 3.2.1	Heterogeneity of marriage-partners	2
M 3.2.2	Intimacy with spouse	2
M 3.2.3	Monogamy of relationship	0
M 3.2.3.1	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous)	5
M 3.2.3.2	. conjugal fidelity	1
M 3.2.4	Mutual support	0
M 3.2.5	Shared activities	14
M 3.2.6	Tensions in relationship	4
M 3.3	Attitudes to current marriage-relationship	1
M 3.3.1	Concern about marriage relationship	3
M 3.3.2	Self-perceived adequacy in marriage	1
M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage	43
M 3.1.3.3	Length of current marriage	2
M 3.1.3.4	Age of marriage with current partner	2

- Appendix 1: Happiness queries used
- Appendix 2: Statistics used
- Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness
- Appendix 4: Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness
- Appendix 5: Related Topics

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World Database of Happiness. Internet: [www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness](http://www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness)  
Erasmus University Rotterdam, 2003, Netherlands

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<b>Study</b>	<b>HANSO 1983</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	29
<i>Reported in:</i>	Hanson, S.L. & Spanier, G.B. Family development and adjustment to marital separation. Sociology and Social Research, vol. 68, 1983, page 19 - 40.		
<i>Population:</i>	Recently separated, followed 2 years, County,Pennsylvania.,USA, 1977-79		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	T1: 39 % , T2: 48 %		
<i>N:</i>	210		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Earlier marriage relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Years
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	B= - ns	Unrelated to level of happiness at T1 and T2.
	B= - ns	Unrelated to change in happiness between T1 and T2.  b's controlled for: age, sexe, education, workstatus, income, occupational status, and family history.

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	308
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Earlier marriage relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: " How are your current relations with your previous partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither/nor 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:3022; %:1:13,8; 2:17,8; 3:35,3; 4:25,3; 5:7,7
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.08 p<.00	1: Mt=7.45 2: Mt=7.38 3: Mt=7.85 4: Mt=7.71 5: Mt=8.16
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.01 ns	1: Mt=6.96 2: Mt=6.83 3: Mt=7.11 4: Mt=6.88 5: Mt=7.10
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.05 p<.01	1: Mt=7.21 2: Mt=7.06 3: Mt=7.51 4: Mt=7.34 5: Mt=7.60

<b>Study</b>	<b>CHIRI 1980</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	381-385
<i>Reported in:</i>	Chiriboga, D.A. & Thurnher, M. Marital lifestyles and adjustment to separation Journal of Divorce, Vol 3, 1980, p.379-390		
<i>Population:</i>	Recently seperated, San Francisco and Alameda, USA, 1976		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	298		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1

*Measurement:* Aspects of former marriage:

- 1: authority (self/both/spouse)
  - a: who is boss in family
  - b: who decides on job man
  - c: who decides whether wife works
  - d: who decides where to live
- 2: division of labour (self/both/spouse)
  - a: who keeps family budget
  - b: who does grocery shopping
  - c: who does cooking
  - d: who does evening dishes
  - e: who gets husbands breakfast
  - f: who cleans the house
  - g: who service the car
- 3: independant leisure time
  - a: separate social activity(frequence)
  - b: separate friends (no/yes)
  - c: separate interests (no/yes)
- 4: reliance on spouse (5 point scales)
  - a: in area of compaignship
  - b: in area of finance
  - d: in practical matters
- 5: life of their own when married (direct question)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

Males		Females	
r	$\beta$	r	$\beta$
age<40	_40	<40	_40
<40	_40	<40	_40

1: authority  
a -.18 -.28  
b -.15 -.21 -.22 -.32 +.14 +.12  
c -.16 -.44 +.15 +.12  
d -.18 -.16 +.14 +.48

2: division of labour  
a -.12 -.20  
b -.03 -.22 +.13 +.14 +.30 +.18  
c +.09 -.19  
d +.10 +.38 +.38 +.19  
e -.01 -.14 +.01 +.58  
f +.37 +.43 -.09 -.13  
g .00 +.37

3: independent leisure time  
a +.20 +.33 +.28 +.59  
b -.05 -.29 -.11 -.69  
c +.17 +.02 +.26 +.28 +.32 +.73

4: reliance on spouse  
a -.12 -.16 -.21 -.46  
b +.34 +.19 +.02 +.32  
c -.18 -.14

5: life of their own when married  
a -.10 -.29 +.31 +.26

β's control all other correlates.

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks																				
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/h	R <sup>2</sup> =	.26(05) .53(05) .16(01) .72(01)																				
	Ra <sup>2</sup> =	.13 .33																				
		<table border="0"> <tr> <td></td> <td colspan="2">Males</td> <td colspan="2">Females</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>r</td> <td>β</td> <td>r</td> <td>β</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>age&lt;40</td> <td>_40</td> <td>&lt;40</td> <td>_40</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.12</td> <td>.54</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		Males		Females			r	β	r	β		age<40	_40	<40	_40			.12	.54	
	Males		Females																			
	r	β	r	β																		
	age<40	_40	<40	_40																		
		.12	.54																			
		<p>1: authority  a -.18 -.28  b -.15 -.21 -.22 -.32 +.14 +.12  c -.16 -.44 +.15 +.12  d -.18 -.16 +.14 +.48</p> <p>2: division of labour  a -.12 -.20  b -.03 -.22 +.13 +.14 +.30 +.18  c +.09 -.19  d +.10 +.38 +.38 +.19  e -.01 -.14 +.01 +.58</p>																				

f		+0.37	+0.43	-0.09	-0.13			
g						.00	+0.37	

3: independent leisure time

a	+0.20	+0.33				+0.28	+0.59	
b	-0.05	-0.29				-0.11	-0.69	
c	+0.17	+0.02			+0.26	+0.28	+0.32	+0.73

4: reliance on spouse

a	-0.12	-0.16				-0.21	-0.46	
b		+0.34	+0.19			+0.02	+0.32	
c					-0.18	-0.14		

5: life of their own when married

a		-0.10	-0.29			+0.31	+0.26	
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β's control all other correlates.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>HANSO 1983</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	29
<i>Reported in:</i>	Hanson, S.L. & Spanier, G.B. Family development and adjustment to marital separation. Sociology and Social Research, vol. 68, 1983, page 19 - 40.		
<i>Population:</i>	Recently separated, followed 2 years, County, Pennsylvania., USA, 1977-79		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	T1: 39 % , T2: 48 %		
<i>N:</i>	210		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Years
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	B= - ns	Unrelated to level of happiness at T1 and T2
	B= - ns	Unrelated to change in happiness between T1 and T2.  b's controlled for: age, sexe, education, work-status, income, occupational status, and family history.



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<b>Study</b>	<b>HANSO 1983</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	29
<i>Reported in:</i>	Hanson, S.L. & Spanier, G.B. Family development and adjustment to marital separation. Sociology and Social Research, vol. 68, 1983, page 19 - 40.		
<i>Population:</i>	Recently separated, followed 2 years, County,Pennsylvania.,USA, 1977-79		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	T1: 39 % , T2: 48 %		
<i>N:</i>	210		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1

*Measurement:* Years

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	B= - ns	Unrelated to level of happiness at T1 and T2
	B= - ns	Unrelated to change in happiness between T1 and T2
		b`s controlled for: age, sexe, education, work-status, income, occupational status, and family history.

<b>Study</b>	<b>SPANI 1982</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	<i>717</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Spanier, G.B.;Furstenberg, F.F. Remarriage after divorce: a longitudinal analysis of well-being Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1982, 709-720.		
<i>Population:</i>	Separated, followed 2 years, Pennsylvania, USA, 1977-79		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	T1: 39 %, T2: 48 %		
<i>N:</i>	T1: 210, T2: 180		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1

*Measurement:* 0 Not-initiators  
1 Initiators  
Those who decided on divorce mutually excluded (13 % of the sample)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	Chi <sup>2</sup> = ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 and T2
	SNR= ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 and T2
O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a	DM= ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 and T2
	SNR= ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 and T2
O-SLS/c/sq/v/5/a	DM= ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 Significant difference of happiness at T2
	SNR= ns	No difference in level of happiness at T1 Significant difference of happiness at T2

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1995</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	290
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet i Danmark.(Quality of Life in Denmark) Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190017		
<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How are your current relations with your previous partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither good nor bad 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: 1:53, 2:128, 3:200, 4:212, 5:72
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.07 ns	1: Mt=7.74 2: Mt=7.25 3: Mt=7.73 4: Mt=7.74 5: Mt=7.95 All Mt=7.66
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=-.01 ns	1: Mt=7.26 2: Mt=6.81 3: Mt=7.11 4: Mt=6.93 5: Mt=7.05 All Mt=7.00
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.09 p<.02	1: Mt=6.98 2: Mt=7.01 3: Mt=7.25 4: Mt=7.34 5: Mt=7.71 All Mt=7.26

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	308
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: " How are your current relations with your previous partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither/nor 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:3022; %:1:13,8; 2:17,8; 3:35,3; 4:25,3; 5:7,7
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.08 p<.00	1: Mt=7.45 2: Mt=7.38 3: Mt=7.85 4: Mt=7.71 5: Mt=8.16
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.01 ns	1: Mt=6.96 2: Mt=6.83 3: Mt=7.11 4: Mt=6.88 5: Mt=7.10
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.05 p<.01	1: Mt=7.21 2: Mt=7.06 3: Mt=7.51 4: Mt=7.34 5: Mt=7.60

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<b>Study</b>	<b>COSTA 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	142
<i>Reported in:</i>	Costa, P.T., Zonderman, A.B. & McCrae, R.R. Longitudinal course of social support among men in the Baltimore longitudinal study in: Sarason & Sarason eds.: 'Social support: Theory, Research and Applications', M. Nijhoff Publ., Dordr. Neth. 1985 p.137-154		
<i>Population:</i>	Married males, followed $\pm$ 12 years Baltimore, USA, 1958-1970		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	Attrition T1-T3: 82%		
<i>N:</i>	196		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . satisfaction with earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.2

*Measurement:* Obtained by factor analysis.  
Factor consisting of 10 items.  
Items with high loading:  
"I am perfectly satisfied with the way my family treats me".  
"If you had your life to live over, would you marry the same person?"  
"How do you rate the happiness of your (last) marriage?"  
Questions administered at T1.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
C-A/h/sq/v/3/a	r=+.26 p<.01	Happiness assessed at T1

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	308
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. satisfaction with earlier marriage-relationship(s) Code: M 3.1.1.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: " How are your current relations with your previous partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither/nor 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:3022; %:1:13,8; 2:17,8; 3:35,3; 4:25,3; 5:7,7
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.08 p<.00	1: Mt=7.45 2: Mt=7.38 3: Mt=7.85 4: Mt=7.71 5: Mt=8.16
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.01 ns	1: Mt=6.96 2: Mt=6.83 3: Mt=7.11 4: Mt=6.88 5: Mt=7.10
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.05 p<.01	1: Mt=7.21 2: Mt=7.06 3: Mt=7.51 4: Mt=7.34 5: Mt=7.60

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA	
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%	
<i>N:</i>	2787	

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2

*Measurement:* Single direct question: 'Taking all things together, how would you describe your marriage?'  
 - very happy (3)  
 - pretty happy (2)  
 - not too happy (1)

Assessed at:  
 T1: January 1963  
 T2: Oktober 1963

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	DMr=+	CHANGE in marriage satisfaction goes with CHANGE in positive and negative affect between T1-T3 (Relations with change in summed ABS not computed.  More strongly related to negative affect than to positive affect.  Stronger among males than females.  Change in happiness expressed in change ( ) in average rids (RT). Ridit analysis compares distribution in category with distribution total sample. RT above .50 means relative increase in happiness. RT below .50 relative decrease.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA	
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%	
<i>N:</i>	2787	

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2

*Measurement:* Single direct question: 'Taking all things together, how would you describe your marriage?'  
 - very happy (3)  
 - pretty happy (2)  
 - not too happy (1)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	DMr=+	CHANGE in marital status is paralleled by CHANGE in positive and negative affect between T1-T3. Relation with change in summed ABS not computed. More strongly related to negative affect. Stronger among females than males.



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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA	
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%	
<i>N:</i>	2787	

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2

*Measurement:* Single direct question: 'Taking all things together, how would you describe your marriage?'  
 - very happy (3)  
 - pretty happy (2)  
 - not too happy (1)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>		
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	G=+ p<.s	- high SES - middle SES - low SES	males G=+. 22 G=+. 25 G=+. 31	females G=+. 45 G=+. 35 G=+. 30

Study	HEADE 1982/2	Page in Report:	53
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey, B.; Holström, E.; Wearing, A.J. Australians' Priorities, Satisfaction and Well-being: Methodological Issues Monograph in Public Policy Studies, nr.8, University of Melbourne, 1982, Australia		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, general public, Melbourne, Australia, followed 25 months 1978-81		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	0		
<i>N:</i>	184		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2

*Measurement:* Index of 3 single questions on satisfaction with:  
a: Your wife/husband  
b: Your marriage  
c: Your sex life  
All scored on a 1-9 D-T rating scale, summation by average.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:* Both Happiness (ABS) and satisfaction with marriage were assessed at T1 and T2 (25 month interval)

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	Beta=+.2 p<.04	T1-T2 CHANGE in happiness by T1-T2 CHANGE in satisfaction with marriage. Both Happiness (ABS) and satisfaction with marriage were assessed at T1 and T2 (25 month interval)

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<b>Study</b>	<b>HEADE 1984</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	211
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey,B., Holmstroem,E. & Wearing,A. The impact of life events and changes in domain-satisfaction on well-being Social Indicators Research Vol.15 (1984), p.203-227		
<i>Population:</i>	18-65 aged, general public, followed 3 years, Melbourne, Australia, 1979-80		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	184		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question rated on a 9- point scale (delighted ... terrible) Assessed at T2.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	Beta=+.2 p<.05	Happiness T2 by satisfaction T2, controlling for happiness T1 and satisfaction T1.  β can be interpreted as regression between CHANGE OF HAPPINESS and CHANGE OF SATISFACTION in time.

Study	HEADE 1989	Page in Report:	114
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey,B & Veenhoven,R. Does happiness induce a rosy outlook? in:R.Veenhoven,ed.'How harmful is happiness?'. UniversitairePers Rotterdam, Rotterdam, the Netherlands, 1989, p.106-127		
<i>Population:</i>	18-65 aged, general public, followed 6 years, Melbourne, Australia, 1981-87		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	Attrition T1-T4: 31%		
<i>N:</i>	649		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . change in satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.1.2.2

*Measurement:* Index of two identical questions asked at the beginning and the end of the interview (20 minute interval) Rated on a 9-point scale ranging from terrible (1) to delightful (9). Assessed at T1 (1981), T2 (1983), T3 (1985) and T4 (1987).

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
O-DT/u/sqrt(v/10/a)	$\beta_L = +.18$ $p < .05$	Estimated same-time causal EFFECT ON HAPPINESS of marital satisfaction (bottom-up).
	$\beta_L = +.12$ $p < .05$	Estimated same-time causal EFFECT OF HAPPINESS on marital satisfaction (top-down).
		Effects assessed at T1, T2, T3 and T4. Effects assumed to be identical at all times. $\beta_L$ is the path-coefficient in a four wave LISREL model. T1 sex, age, SES, extraversion and neuroticism are controlled.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	312
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	History of current marriage Code: M 3.1.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How long have you been with your present partner?" (in years) 1: 0-1 2: 1-2 3: 2-3 4: 3-5 5: 5-10 6: 10-25
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:3858; %:1:8,9; 2:5,6; 3:6,2; 4:11,9; 5:30,5; 6:36,8
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.04 p<.02	1: Mt=7.80 2: Mt=7.66 3: Mt=8.04 4: Mt=7.79 5: Mt=7.84 6: Mt=8.03
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=-.01 ns	1: Mt=7.38 2: Mt=7.21 3: Mt=7.50 4: Mt=7.24 5: Mt=7.15 6: Mt=7.35

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O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.05	p<.00	1: Mt=7.46
			2: Mt=7.41
			3: Mt=7.80
			4: Mt=7.39
			5: Mt=7.55
			6: Mt=7.81

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>VEROF 1962</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	196
<i>Reported in:</i>	Veroff, J., Feld, S. & Gurin, G. Dimensions of subjective adjustment. Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology, 1962, vol. 64, p. 192 - 205.		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, married, with children, USA, 1957		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	797		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . earlier characteristics of current marriage-relationship Code: M 3.1.3.1

*Measurement:* Open-ended question on problem getting along with each other:  
never had problems vs mentions problems.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/a	tb= - p<. 01	Females : $\_b = -.24$ (01) Males : $\_b = -.14$ (01)

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>WHITE 1979</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	874
<i>Reported in:</i>	White, L.K. Sex differentials in the effects of remarriage on global happiness Journal of Marriage and the Family, vol 41, 1979, 869-876		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, married and divorced, Nebraska, USA, 1977		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	1085		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . earlier characteristics of current marriage-relationship Code: M 3.1.3.1

*Measurement:* Single closed question: "A lot of people have quarrels with their (husband/wife) and get so angry that they ask them to leave home or they threaten to leave home themselves. Has this ever happened in your marriage?"  
0 No  
1 Yes

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ad	r=	1: first marriage men    r = -.08 (05) 2: first marriage women    r = -.21 (05) 3: remarriage men    r = -.10 (ns) 4: remarriage women    r = -.33 (05)



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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRIM 1974</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	437
<i>Reported in:</i>	Brim, J.A. Social network correlates of avowed happiness. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 1974, vol. 158, p. 432-439.		
<i>Population:</i>	Females Feminists and controls. Seattle, USA, 197?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	153		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Heterogeneity of marriage-partners Code: M 3.2.1

*Measurement:* 3-item index of closed questions: 1. Generally share the same philosophy of life with him. 2. His ideals most nearly approach my ideals of 'the right way'. 3. Have a great many interests in common with him.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/n/9/a	r=+.42 p<.002	Computed for marrieds only.

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	16
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Heterogeneity of marriage-partners Code: M 3.2.1		
<i>Measurement:</i>	0: Same age or older 1: Younger		
<i>Measured Values:</i>			
<i>Error Estimates:</i>			
<i>Remarks:</i>			

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%= + p<. s	35 % of the relatively dissatisfied, 27 % of the satisfied and 17 % of the very satisfied were the same age as their husband or older (sign.) No relationship among men

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<b>Study</b>	<b>ORMEL 1980</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	350,257
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ormel,H. Moeite met leven of een moeilijk leven (Difficulty in living or a difficult life) Dissertation 1980, University of Groningen, the Netherlands, publisher: Konstapel, Groningen, the Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	15-60 aged, general public, followed 12 month, The Netherlands, 1967-77		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	18%		
<i>N:</i>	296		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Intimacy with spouse Code: M 3.2.2

*Measurement:* 3-item additive index each rated on a 3 point scale. Positive relation =3.  
1. Is there intimacy in the relation? 2. Are there any important, concrete problems in the relationship?  
3. Is there in the Ss' s judgment a satisfactory sexual relation?  
Assessed at T2(1976)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/c	r=+.39 p<.01	T2 happiness by T2 intimacy
	r=+.22 p<.01	T3 happiness by T2 intimacy
	$\beta$ L=+.41	T2 happiness by T2 intimacy. $\beta$ L path coefficient in a LISREL model, also involving neuroticism, self-esteem, internal control, adequacy of coping and self- and externally induced burdens.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>WHITE 1979</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	874
<i>Reported in:</i>	White, L.K. Sex differentials in the effects of remarriage on global happiness Journal of Marriage and the Family, vol 41, 1979, 869-876		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, married and divorced, Nebraska, USA, 1977		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	1085		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Intimacy with spouse Code: M 3.2.2

*Measurement:* Single closed question: "How do you feel about the way you can confide in your (husband/wife) and discuss anything that comes up? Do you feel that communication is very good, okay, or not so good?"

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ad	r=	1: first marriage men    r = +.22 (05) 2: first marriage women    r = +.37 (05) 3: remarriage men    r = +.47 (05) 4: remarriage women    r = +.36 (05)

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOLLE 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	33
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moller, V. and Welch, G.J. Polygamy and well-being among Zulu migrants University of Natal, Centre for Applied Social Sciences, Durban, South Africa, reportnr. CASS. 40/85, 1985.		
<i>Population:</i>	Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural Kwazulu, South Africa, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	253		

---

**Measured Correlate**

<i>Class:</i>	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous) Code: M 3.2.3.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	1 polygami st (N = 32) 0 other (N = 221)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Very and fairly happy: 1 81% 0 37%

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a	G=+.76 p<.01 tau=+.30 p<.01	Very and fairly happy: 1 81% 0 37%

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOLLE 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	33
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moller, V. and Welch, G.J. Polygamy and well-being among Zulu migrants University of Natal, Centre for Applied Social Sciences, Durban, South Africa, reportnr. CASS. 40/85, 1985.		
<i>Population:</i>	Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural Kwazulu, South Africa, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	253		

---

**Measured Correlate**

<i>Class:</i>	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous) Code: M 3.2.3.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	1 polygamist (N = 32) 0 other (N = 221)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Very and fairly satisfied with life: 1 53% 0 34%

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d	G=+.38 p<.01 tau=+.13 p<.01	Very and fairly satisfied with life: 1 53% 0 34%

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOLLE 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	33
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moller, V. and Welch, G.J. Polygamy and well-being among Zulu migrants University of Natal, Centre for Applied Social Sciences, Durban, South Africa, reportnr. CASS. 40/85, 1985.		
<i>Population:</i>	Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural Kwazulu, South Africa, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	253		

---

**Measured Correlate**

<i>Class:</i>	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous) Code: M 3.2.3.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	1 polygamist (N = 32) 0 other (N = 221)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Very and fairly happy: 181% 037%

---

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a	G=+.76 p<.01 tau=+.30 p<.01	Very and fairly happy: 181% 037%

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOLLE 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	33
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moller, V. and Welch, G.J. Polygamy and well-being among Zulu migrants University of Natal, Centre for Applied Social Sciences, Durban, South Africa, reportnr. CASS. 40/85, 1985.		
<i>Population:</i>	Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural Kwazulu, South Africa, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	253		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous) Code: M 3.2.3.1
<i>Measurement:</i>	1 polygamist (N = 32) 0 other (N = 221)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Very and fairly satisfied with life: 1 53% 0 34%

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d	G=+.38 p<.01 tau=+.34 p<.01	Very and fairly satisfied with life: 1 53% 0 34%



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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOLLE 1988</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	631
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moller, V. Quality of life in retirement: a case study of zulu return migrants Social Indicators Research, Vol. 20, 1988, pp. 621-658		
<i>Population:</i>	Ex-migrant workers, returned to rural KwaZulu, South Africa, 1983		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	253		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . polygamous marriage (vs monogamous) Code: M 3.2.3.1

*Measurement:* 0: married to one wife (70%)  
1: married to 2 or more wives (13%)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a	r=+.30 p<.01	
O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d	r=+.13 p<.05	Direction of correlation unclear in original report. Sign in table is negative, but text indicates positive relationship. Present version approved by author.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>SCHUL 1985B</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	71,T53-54
<i>Reported in:</i>	Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H. Lebensqualität in Österreich (Quality-of-life in Austria) Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, Austria 1985		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?		
<i>N:</i>	1776		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* . conjugal fidelity Code: M 3.2.3.2

*Measurement:* Four item index of direct questions on marital loyalty. Answer categories yes/no.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-AO/c/mq/*/0/a	Beta=-.0 p<.05	β controlled for: education, professional status, income, communication with family, and satisfaction with partner.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	166
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA		
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%		
<i>N:</i>	2787		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 5-item index of questions on shared activities in the past few weeks. Each rated yes/no.

1. spend one evening just chatting with each other.
2. had a good laugh together.
3. been affectionate to each other.
4. taken a drive or walk just for pleasure.
5. did something that the other particularly appreciated.

Assessed at:

T1: Januari 1963

T2: June 1963

T3: Oktober 1963

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:* Data T3.

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	G=+.17	Mal es.
	G=+.29	Femal es. Data T3.
		- Strongly related to positive affect. Hardly to negative affect.
		- Unaffected by SES as such. Stronger relation among women than men in high SES.

---

	DMr=+ p<	CHANGE in companionship is modestly related to CHANGE in positive affect between T2 and T3 (Relation to change in summed ABS not computed).  Change in affect expressed in change ( ) in average r d i t s (RT). R i d i t analysis compares distribution in category with distribution in total sample. RT above .50 means relative increase, RT below .50 relative decrease in happiness.
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.20	Mal es
	G=+.28	Femal es

<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	166
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA		
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%		
<i>N:</i>	2787		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5
<i>Measurement:</i>	4-item index of questions on shared activities in the past few weeks: Each rated yes/no. 1. visited friends together 2. gone out together 3. entertained friends in your home 4. eat out in a restaurant together
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Data T3.

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	G=+.12 G=+.16	Mal es. Femal es. Data T3.  - Slightly related to positive affect. Not to negative affect.  - Largely unaffected by SES. - Most pronounced among high SES women.
	DMr= ns	CHANGE in sociability is not paralleled by CHANGE in positive affect between T2 and T3. (Relation to change in summed ABS not computed).
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.14 G=+.18	Mal es Femal es

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MARIN 1976</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	446
<i>Reported in:</i>	Marini, M.M. Dimensions of marriage happiness: A research note Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1976, p.443-448		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, metropolitan areas, USA, 1963		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	3934		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5
<i>Measurement:</i>	Amount of time spent with spouse, measured by a single direct question
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.30	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MARIN 1976</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	446
<i>Reported in:</i>	Marini, M.M. Dimensions of marriage happiness: A research note Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1976, p.443-448		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, metropolitan areas, USA, 1963		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	3934		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* Number of pleasurable activities in which married couples participate jointly, assessed by means of a list of 12 activities. Respondents were asked which ones they had done together in the past few weeks

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.26	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1984A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Marriage Companionship and Marriage Well-being: A Comparison of Metropolitan Journal of Comparative Family Studies, 1984, Vol. 15, No. 1,p.43-57	
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-1980	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67%	
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)	

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 4 Item index on amount of time spent in parallel activities  
 -Visit friends with your wife or entertain friends at home  
 -Go out with your wife to the cinema, the pub, meetings or other entertainment  
 -Eat in a restaurant with your wife  
 -Take a drive or a walk with your wife for pleasure.  
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from (1) daily to (5) a few times a year or less.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.05 ns	London
	r=+.24 p<.001	Los Angeles
	r=+.14 p<.04	Sydney



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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1984A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Marriage Companionship and Marriage Well-being: A Comparison of Metropolitan Journal of Comparative Family Studies, 1984, Vol. 15, No. 1,p.43-57	
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-1980	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67%	
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)	

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 4 Item index on amount of time spent in parallel activities  
 -Visit friends with your wife or entertain friends at home  
 -Go out with your wife to the cinema, the pub, meetings or other entertainment  
 -Eat in a restaurant with your wife  
 -Take a drive or a walk with your wife for pleasure.  
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from (1) daily to (5) a few times a year or less.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.05 ns	London
	r=+.24 p<.001	Los Angeles
	r=+.14 p<.04	Sydney

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1984A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	49
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Marriage Companionship and Marriage Well-being: A Comparison of Metropolitan Journal of Comparative Family Studies, 1984, Vol. 15, No. 1,p.43-57		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67%		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 4 item index of closed questions on amount of time spent on joint activities.  
 -Share a good laugh or joke with your wife  
 -Share affection with your wife  
 -Spend an evening just chatting with your wife  
 -Do something your wife particularly appreciate.  
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from (1) daily to (5) a few times a year or less.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.24 p<.001	London
	r=+.28 p<.001	Los Angeles
	r=+.34 p<.001	Sydney

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1984A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	49
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Marriage Companionship and Marriage Well-being: A Comparison of Metropolitan Journal of Comparative Family Studies, 1984, Vol. 15, No. 1,p.43-57		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67%		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 4 item index of closed questions on amount of time spent on joint activities.  
 -Share a good laugh or joke with your wife  
 -Share affection with your wife  
 -Spend an evening just chatting with your wife  
 -Do something your wife particularly appreciate.  
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from (1) daily to (5) a few times a year or less.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.24 p<.001	London
	r=+.28 p<.001	Los Angeles
	r=+.34 p<.001	Sydney

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1984A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	54
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Marriage Companionship and Marriage Well-being: A Comparison of Metropolitan Journal of Comparative Family Studies, 1984, Vol. 15, No. 1,p.43-57		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67%		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* 8 Item index of closed questions on amount of time spent on activities.  
 Joint activities:  
 -Share a good laugh or joke with your wife  
 -Share affection with your wife  
 -Spend an evening just chatting with your wife  
 -Do something your wife particularly appreciate.  
 Parallel activities:  
 -Visit friends with your wife or entertain friends in your home  
 -Go out with your wife to the cinema the pub, meetings, sporting events, other entertainment  
 -Eat in a restaurant with your wife  
 -Take a drive or walk with your wife for pleasure.  
 Rated on a 5-point scale ranging from (1) daily to (5) a few times a year or less.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.24 p<.001	London
	rpc=+.10 ns	
	r=+.28 p<.001	Los Angeles

$rpc=+.16$   $p<.01$

$r=+.34$   $p<.001$  Sydney

$rpc=+.14$   $p<.05$

$rpc$  controlled for satisfaction with marriage

<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	25
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Interaction with Kin, Social status, and Well-Being. Cross-Cultural Evidence from International Journal of Comparative Sociology, 1985, 26, p.14-34		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-80		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67 %		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* Summed scores of four closed questions on how frequently respondent and spouse have engaged in intimate joined activities, rated from 'daily' to 'never'.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	r=+.34 p<.001	London: rpc = +. 37 (001)
	r=+.26 p<.001	Los Angel es: rpc = +. 32 (001)
	r=+.31 p<.001	Sydney: rpc = +. 30 (001)
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.24 p<.001	London: rpc = +. 30 (001)
	r=+.28 p<.001	Los Angel es: rpc = +. 24 (001)
	r=+.34 p<.001	Sydney: rpc = +. 39 (001)

<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	25
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B.J. Interaction with Kin, Social status, and Well-Being. Cross-Cultural Evidence from International Journal of Comparative Sociology, 1985, 26, p.14-34		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas: London, Los Angeles and Sydney, 1977-80		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67 %		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5
<i>Measurement:</i>	Summed scores of two closed questions on how frequently respondent and spouse have engaged in parallel activities (visiting friends and attending an event together) rated from 'daily' to 'never'.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	r=+.19 p<.01	London: rpc = +.21 (01)
	r=+.21 p<.001	Los Angeles: rpc = +.21 (01)
	r=+.22 p<.001	Sydney: rpc = +.21 (01)
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	r=+.05 ns	London: rpc = +.10 (ns)
	r=+.24 p<.001	Los Angeles: rpc = +.26 (001)
	r=+.14 p<.05	Sydney: rpc = +.12 (ns)

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	17
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5
<i>Measurement:</i>	0: 2 or less evenings a month 1: more
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%= + p<. 05	33 % of the very satisfied and satisfied, and 40% of the relatively dissatisfied women go out 2 or fewer evenings a month with their husband Among the men 29 % of the very satisfied, 37 % of the satisfied and 39 % of the relatively dissatisfied report going out 2 or fewer evenings a month with their wives



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<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	17
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5
<i>Measurement:</i>	0: 2 or less evenings a month 1: more
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%+=+ p<.05	33 % of the very satisfied and satisfied, and 40% of the relatively dissatisfied women go out 2 or fewer evenings a month with their husband Among the men 29 % of the very satisfied, 37 % of the satisfied and 39 % of the relatively dissatisfied report going out 2 or fewer evenings a month with their wives

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<b>Study</b>	<b>SCHUL 1985B</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	70,T29
<i>Reported in:</i>	Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H. Lebensqualität in Österreich (Quality-of-life in Austria) Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, Austria 1985		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?		
<i>N:</i>	1776		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Shared activities Code: M 3.2.5

*Measurement:* Single direct question on frequency of contact with partner. Rated on a 4-point scale ranging from 'seldom' to 'living together with partner'.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-AO/c/mq/*/0/a	Beta=+.1 p<.05	β controlled for: professional status, intensity of sex life, and satisfaction with partner.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1965/1</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	37
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. & Caplovitz D. Reports on happiness Aldine Publishing Company, 1965, Chicago USA		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, 4 towns, varying in economic prosperity, Illinois, USA, 1962		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	2006		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Tensions in relationship Code: M 3.2.6

*Measurement:* 13-item index of closed questions on marital problems concerning time spent with friends, how the house looks, household expenses, being tired, being away from home too much, disciplining children, in-laws, not showing love, work, how to spend leisure time, work around the house, religion, irritating personal habits, other.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/e	G= - p<.	Index of Positive Affects: G' = +.04 (ns) Index of Negative Affects: G' = +.43 (01)
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=-.22 p<.01	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	164
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA		
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%		
<i>N:</i>	2787		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Tensions in relationship Code: M 3.2.6

*Measurement:* 11-item index of questions on differences in opinion or problems concerning: Each rated yes/no

1. time spend with friends
2. household expenses
3. being tired
4. being away from home too much
5. disciplining children
6. in-laws
7. not showing love
8. spouses job
9. how to spend leisure time
- 10 religion
- 11 irritating personal habits

Assessed at:

T1: Januari 1963

T3: Oktober 1963

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:* Data T1. Results T3 similar.

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	G=-.16	Mal es
	G=-.32	Femal es
		Data T1. Results T3 similar.
		- Strong relation with negative affect. Hardly any with positive affect.
		- Unaffected by SES.

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	DMr=+ p<	CHANGE in marital tension is paralleled by CHANGE in negative affect (Relation with change in full ABS not computed).
		This relation is stronger among females than males.
		Change in negative affect expressed in change ( ) in average riduals (RT). Ridual analysis compares distribution in category with distribution in total sample. RT above .50 means relative increase, RT below .50 relative decrease in happiness.
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=-.25	Males
	G=-.37	Females

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MARIN 1976</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	446
<i>Reported in:</i>	Marini, M.M. Dimensions of marriage happiness: A research note Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1976, p.443-448		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, metropolitan areas, USA, 1963		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	3934		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Tensions in relationship Code: M 3.2.6

*Measurement:* Number of tensions, assessed by means of a 11 item index

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=-.10	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>SPANI 1982</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	718
<i>Reported in:</i>	Spanier, G.B.;Furstenberg, F.F. Remarriage after divorce: a longitudinal analysis of well-being Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1982, 709-720.		
<i>Population:</i>	Separated, followed 2 years, Pennsylvania, USA, 1977-79		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	T1: 39 %, T2: 48 %		
<i>N:</i>	T1: 210, T2: 180		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Tensions in relationship Code: M 3.2.6

*Measurement:* Dyadic Adjustment Scale ( Spanier 1976)

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	r=+.40 p<. 01	Remarried persons only (n = 62)
	r=+.40 p<. 01	Remarried persons only (n = 62)
O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a	r=+.42 p<. 01	Remarried persons only (N = 62)
	r=+.42 p<. 01	Remarried persons only (N = 62)
O-SLS/c/sq/v/5/a	r=+.55 p<. 001	Remarried persons only (N = 62)
	r=+.55 p<. 001	Remarried persons only (N = 62)

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>BRAEN 1991</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	103
<i>Reported in:</i>	Braenholm,I-B., Eklund,M., Fugl-Meyer, K.S. & Fugl-Meyer, A.R. On Work and Life Satisfaction M.Eklund: On vocational rehabilitation in Northern Sweden, Diss. 1991 Univ. of Umea, pp 95-107		
<i>Population:</i>	25-55 aged, vocationally actives, Umea, Northern Sweden, 1986/87		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability stratified sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	163		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Attitudes to current marriage-relationship Code: M 3.3

*Measurement:* How satisfactory is this aspect of your life?.....  
Partnership relation.  
1 very dissatisfying  
2 dissatisfying  
3 rather dissatisfying  
4 rather satisfying  
5 satisfying  
6 very satisfying

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/v/6/a	rs=+.43 p<.001	



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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1965/1</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	54
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. & Caplovitz D. Reports on happiness Aldine Publishing Company, 1965, Chicago USA		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, 4 towns, varying in economic prosperity, Illinois, USA, 1962		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	2006		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Concern about marriage relationship Code: M 3.3.1

*Measurement:* Closed question: not at all / sometimes / often, during last week

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G= - p<.	hi gh S. E. S. : G' = -.07 (ns) low S. E. S. : G' = -.03 (ns)

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRIM 1974</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	437
<i>Reported in:</i>	Brim, J.A. Social network correlates of avowed happiness. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 1974, vol. 158, p. 432-439.		
<i>Population:</i>	Females Feminists and controls. Seattle, USA, 197?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	153		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Concern about marriage relationship Code: M 3.3.1

*Measurement:* 3-item index of closed questions:  
1. Would enjoy seeing him every day. 2. Would spend most of my  
free time with him if possible. 3. Would like to see  
him more often.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/n/9/a	r=+.29 p<.004	Computed for marrieds only.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRIM 1974</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	437
<i>Reported in:</i>	Brim, J.A. Social network correlates of avowed happiness. Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease, 1974, vol. 158, p. 432-439.		
<i>Population:</i>	Females Feminists and controls. Seattle, USA, 197?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	153		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Concern about marriage relationship Code: M 3.3.1

*Measurement:* Closed question: Try to always remember his birthday.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/n/9/a	r=+.07 ns	Computed for marrieds only.

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>VEROF 1962</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	196
<i>Reported in:</i>	Veroff, J., Feld, S. & Gurin, G. Dimensions of subjective adjustment. Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology, 1962, vol. 64, p. 192 - 205.		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, married, with children, USA, 1957		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	797		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Self-perceived adequacy in marriage Code: M 3.3.2

*Measurement:* Closed question of frequency of feeling not as good a husband/wife as one would like to be never / once in a while / a lot of times.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/a	tb= -	Males : $\_b = -.15$ (01) Females : $\_b = +.01$ (ns)

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BAKKE 1974</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	27
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bakker, P. & Berg, N. van de Determinants and correlates of happiness. Unpublished thesis, 1974, Erasmus University Rotterdam, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	20-65 aged, general public, The Netherlands, 1968		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	34% refusal and unattainable.		
<i>N:</i>	1552		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Closed question rated on an open graphic scale ranging from 'very dissatisfied' to 'very satisfied'.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HP/g/sq/ol/7/a	G=+.73 p<.05	Computed for married Ss only. Stronger among age 25-35 Lower among high S. E. S. Stronger among medium educational level. Unaffected by sex.

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>BALAT 1993</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	235
<i>Reported in:</i>	Balatsky, G. & Diener, E. Subjective well-being among Russian students. Social Indicators Research 1993, Vol 28, pp 225-243.		
<i>Population:</i>	Students, Moscow and Glazov (Ural), Russia, 1990		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability chunk sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	not reported		
<i>N:</i>	116		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How do you feel about your living partner right now?". Rated on 7-point scale from: 1. Terrible . . . . . to . . 7. Delighted.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	M= 5.23; SD= 2.27
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-DT/c/sq/v/7/b	r=+.09 ns	
O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a	r=+.06 ns	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BERKM 1971</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	41
<i>Reported in:</i>	Berkman, P.L. Life stress and psychological well-being: a replication of Langner's analysis in the Journal of Health and Social Behavior, 1971, vol.12, p.35-45		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult,, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, Alameda County, USA, 1965		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	6928		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	6-item index involving: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- happiness in marriage</li> <li>- regrets about marriage</li> <li>- frequency of problems</li> <li>- divorce considered</li> <li>- understanding</li> <li>- affection</li> </ul>
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a	DMr=+	Married subjects only (N=2534) The average residuals (AR) were calculated with the distribution of the total sample as reference (N=6928).

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRADB 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bradburn, N.M. The structure of psychological well-being Aldine Publishing Company, 1969, Chicago, USA	
<i>Population:</i>	21-60 aged, general public, urban areas, USA, 1963 - 64	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	± 20%, Attrition ± 30%	
<i>N:</i>	2787	

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single direct question: 'Taking all things together, how would you describe your marriage?' - very happy (3) - pretty happy (2) - not too happy (1)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Data T1. Results T3 similar.

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>												
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	G=+ p<.s	<table> <tr> <td></td> <td>males</td> <td>females</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- high SES</td> <td>G=+. 25</td> <td>G=+. 45</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- middle SES</td> <td>G=+. 31</td> <td>G=+. 35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>- low SES</td> <td>G=+. 30</td> <td>G=+. 30</td> </tr> </table> <p>Data T1. Results T3 similar.</p>		males	females	- high SES	G=+. 25	G=+. 45	- middle SES	G=+. 31	G=+. 35	- low SES	G=+. 30	G=+. 30
	males	females												
- high SES	G=+. 25	G=+. 45												
- middle SES	G=+. 31	G=+. 35												
- low SES	G=+. 30	G=+. 30												
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	DMr=+	CHANGE in marital status is paralleled by CHANGE in positive and negative affect between T1-T3. Relation with change in summed ABS not computed. More strongly related to negative affect. Stronger among females than males.												



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<b>Study</b>	<b>BRAY 1983</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	302
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bray, D.W. & Howard, A. The AT&T Longitudinal Studies of Managers Longitudinal Studies of Adult Psychological Development, The Guilford Press, New York, 1983, pp 266-313. Also: Howard, A. & Bray, D.W.: Managerial Lives in Transition, same editor 1988.		
<i>Population:</i>	40+ aged male managers, Bell Telephone Company, 1978		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive-quota sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	Panel loss at T5 37%		
<i>N:</i>	422 * *)		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Rating by 4 experts on the basis of multi-method assessments during stays in assessment-center.

Rater instruction "To what extent does this person have positive feelings about his or her present marriage?".

Assessed at T5.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-PL/c/rc/v/5/a	r=	T5 feelings about marriage by T5 happiness.  Analysis showed a significantly positive correlation (value indicated as in the 50.).

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<b>Study</b>	<b>BULAT 1973</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	232
<i>Reported in:</i>	Bulatao, R.A. Measures of happiness among Manila residents Philippine Sociological Review, 1973, vol. 2. p. 229-238		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, general public, Metro Manila, Philippines, 1972		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	941		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/b	G= +	Index of Positive Affects: Males : G = +.33 Females : G = +.32  Index of Negative Affects: Males : G = -.27 Females : G = -.09
O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a	G= +	Married respondents only:  Males : G = +.21 Females : G = +.27
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f	G= +	Married respondents only:  Males : G = +.41 Females : G = +.47

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<b>Study</b>	<b>CAMPB 1981</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	83
<i>Reported in:</i>	Campbell, A. The Sense of Well-Being in America McCraw-Hill Book Company, Quinn, T.H. & Hennelly, M., U.S.A.1981		
<i>Population:</i>	18+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized USA, 1978		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	about 20 %		
<i>N:</i>	3692		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Single closed question on amount of satisfaction with marriage, rated on a 7-point scale ranging from completely dissatisfied to completely satisfied.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a	r=+.42	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>GLENN 1975B</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	597
<i>Reported in:</i>	Glenn, N.D. The contribution of marriage to the psychological well-being of males and females. Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1975, vol.37, p. 594-601		
<i>Population:</i>	18+ aged whites, non-institutionalized, USA, 1972-74		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	3853		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question: not too happy / pretty happy / very happy.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/c	G=+.81 p<.01	G' computed on the basis of proportion 'very happy'.  Computed for married Ss only (1973 and 1974 data)  Males : G' =+.78 (01) -age 18-39 : G' =+.86 -age 60+ : G' =+.70  Females: : G' =+.85 (01) -Unaffected by age

<b>Study</b>	<b>GLENN 1981C</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	164
<i>Reported in:</i>	Glenn, N.D.; Weaver, C.N. The contribution of marital happiness to global happiness Journal of Marriage and the Family, Vol 43, 1981, 161-168		
<i>Population:</i>	Marrieds, non-institutionalized, USA, 1973-78		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	9000 (1500 each year)		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Direct question: "Taken all things together, how would you describe your marriage? Would you say that your marriage is very happy, pretty happy or not too happy?"
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	r=+	Married persons working full-time - white men: r=+.37 $\beta$ =+.29 - black men: r=+.22 $\beta$ =+.13 - white women: r=+.53 $\beta$ =+.41 - black women: r=+.18 $\beta$ =+.18  All married women - white: r=+.43 $\beta$ =+.30 - black: r=+.44 $\beta$ =+.39
	r=+	Married persons working full-time: - white men: r=+.37 $\beta$ =+.29 - black men: r=+.22 $\beta$ =+.13 - white women: r=+.53 $\beta$ =+.41 - black women: r=+.18 $\beta$ =+.18  All married women: - white: r=+.43 $\beta$ =+.30 - black: r=+.44 $\beta$ =+.39
	Beta=+	$\beta$ controlled for satisfaction with: work, financial situation, community, nonworking activities, family life, friendships and health



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<b>Study</b>	<b>GURIN 1960</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	60
<i>Reported in:</i>	Gurin, G., Veroff, J. & Feld, S. Americans view their mental health. A nation wide interview survey. Basic Books Inc. 1960, New York, USA		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA,1957		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	13%; 5% not at home, 8% refusals		
<i>N:</i>	2460		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Closed question: not too happy / just about average / a little happier than average / very happy.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.68 p<. 01	Married Ss only

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<b>Study</b>	<b>HAAVI 1971</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	590
<i>Reported in:</i>	Haavio-Mannila, E. Satisfaction with family, work, leisure and life among men and women. Human Relations, 1971, vol.24, p.585-601		
<i>Population:</i>	15-64 aged, general public, Finland, 1966		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	948		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question rated on a 4-point scale ranging from 'very unsatisfied' to 'very satisfied'.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/?/sq/v/3/b	r=+      p<.05	Computed for married Ss only.  married employed males      : r = +.27 (05) married employed females      : r = +.29 (05) married non-employed females: r = +.50 (05)



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<b>Study</b>	<b>HALL 1973</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	100
<i>Reported in:</i>	Hall, J. Measuring the quality of life using sample surveys. Stöber, J. et al.: 'Technology assessment and the quality of life', Elsevier, 1973. Amsterdam, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, general public, Britain, 1971		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	593		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Question rated on a 7-point self-anchoring scale, based on Cantril (1965)
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/c/sq/l7/a	r=+.23	

Study	HEADE 1981	Page in Report:	166
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey, B. The Quality of Life in Australia Social Indicators Research, 1981, Vol. 9, 155-181		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, general public, Australia 1978		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	not reported		
<i>N:</i>	679		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Index of 3 single questions on satisfaction with: a: Your wife/husband b: Your marriage c: Your sex life All scored on a 1-9 D-T rating scale, summation by average.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	M = 7.5 SD = 1.3
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	All items scored on the same rating scale as the question on happiness.

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
O-DT/u/sqrt(v/9/a)	r=+.42 p<.001 Beta=+.1	<p>All items scored on the same rating scale as the question on happiness.</p> <p>Beta's controlled for satisfaction with</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- self-fulfillment</li> <li>- sex life</li> <li>- problem handling</li> <li>- family activities</li> <li>- work around the house</li> <li>- mother</li> <li>- health</li> <li>- house</li> <li>- standard of living</li> <li>- assertiveness</li> <li>- friends</li> <li>- fun and enjoyment</li> </ul>

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**Study**                      **HEADE 1985**                      *Page in Report:*

*Reported in:*      Headey, B.  
                          Victorian Panel Data 1985  
                          Unpublished report, University of Melbourne

*Population:*      18+ aged, general public, Melbourne, Australia, 1985

*Sample:*

*Non-Response:*    55%

*N:*                    550

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**Measured Correlate**

*Class:*              Satisfaction with marriage    Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:*    Single direct question rated on a 9-point delighted-terrible scale.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-DT/c/sq/v/7/b	Beta=+.3 p<.05	β controlled for satisfaction with: friendships and leisure, job, standard of living, and health

Study	HEADE 1991A	Page in Report:	94
<i>Reported in:</i>	Headey, B.; Veenhoven, R.; Wearing, A. Top-down versus Bottom-up Theories of Subjective Well-being. Social Indicators Research, 1991, Vol. 24, 81-100		
<i>Population:</i>	18-65 aged, general public, Victoria, Australia, followed from 1981 to 1987 in two 24 months periods		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability stratified sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	942		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Index of 3 single questions on satisfaction with:  
a: Your wife/husband  
b: Your marriage  
c: Your sex life  
All scored on a 1-9 D-T rating scale, summation by average.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
O-DT/u/sqt/v/9/a	Beta=+.1 p<.05	Contemporaneous Bottom-up Effect: "being happily married increases one's life satisfaction" Beta's controlled for satisfaction with - health - standard of living - friends - leisure - job
	Beta=+.1 p<.05	Contemporaneous Top-down Effect: "happy people maintain happy marriages" Beta's controlled for satisfaction with - health - standard of living - friends - leisure - job

- 
- Beta=+.0 p<.05 Lagged Bottom-up Effect: "being happily married increases one's life satisfaction"  
Beta's controlled for satisfaction with
- health
  - standard of living
  - friends
  - leisure
  - job
- Beta=+.0 p<.05 Lagged Top-down Effect: "happy people maintain happy marriages"  
Beta's controlled for satisfaction with
- health
  - standard of living
  - friends
  - leisure
  - job

<b>Study</b>	<b>HERZO 1982/2</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	68- 72
<i>Reported in:</i>	Herzog, A.R., Rodgers, W.L. and Woodworth, J. Subjective well-being among different age groups. Research report series, Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan, USA. 1982		
<i>Population:</i>	25-97 aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA,1971-78		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	1955/1822/3141		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* DATASET 1  
"Your marriage?"; rated on a 7-point scale with high scores indicating high satisfaction.  
DATASET 6 and 7  
"All things considered, how satisfied are you with your marriage?"; rated on a 7-point scale with high scores indicating high satisfaction.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:* DATASETS:  
1: 1972, N=1955, SI Study, See ANDRE 1976  
6: 1971, N=1822, QOL Survey, See CAMPB 1975  
7: 1978, N=3141, QOL Survey, See CAMPB 1981

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	Beta=+.1 p<.05	DATASET 1: $\beta$ higher among 25-44 than among 45-64 and 65-97 aged (p<.05). $\beta$ controlled for Economic, Residence, Job, Health and Interpersonal /Leisure satisfaction. DATASETS: 1: 1972, N=1955, SI Study, See ANDRE 1976 6: 1971, N=1822, QOL Survey, See CAMPB 1975
	Beta=+.0 ns	DATASET 6: $\beta$ higher among 25-44 than among 45-64 and 65-97 aged (p<.05). $\beta$ controlled for Economic, Residence, Job, Health and Interpersonal /Leisure satisfaction. DATASETS: 7: 1978, N=3141, QOL Survey, See CAMPB 1981
	Beta=-.0 ns	DATASET 7: $\beta$ higher among 25-44 and among 45-64 aged than among 65-97 aged (p<.05). $\beta$ controlled for Economic, Residence, Job, Health and Interpersonal /Leisure satisfaction.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>HOLLA 1985</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	978-981
<i>Reported in:</i>	Holland-Benin, M. & Cable-Nienstedt, B. Happiness in single- and dual-earner families: the effect of marital happiness, job Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1985, Vol. 47, p.975-984		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, non-institutionalized, USA, 1978-83		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?		
<i>N:</i>	3050		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Single direct question: "Taking all things together, how would you describe your marriage?"

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/h	OR=+ p<.s	More strongly linked to 'happy' responses than to 'unhappy' ones.  Largely unaffected by job satisfaction. Yet interaction with job satisfaction in relation to 'happy' responses among working wives and their husbands, and in relation to 'unhappy' responses among housewives.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>JONG 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	193
<i>Reported in:</i>	Jong-Gierveld, J. de The unmarried. (In Dutch: De ongehuwden). Samson Publ. 1969, Alphen a/d Rijn, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	30-55 aged, general public, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, 1965		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	31%;		
<i>N:</i>	600		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Question on degree to which marriage meets expectations:  
not up to / in accordance with / surpassed.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/a	r=+ p<.	Computed for married persons only.  Males : r = +.21 (ns) Females: r = +.49 (.005)



<b>Study</b>	<b>KAMMA 1979/1</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	9
<i>Reported in:</i>	Kamman, R. Sourcebook for Affectometer 1 Why Not? Foundation, Dunedin, New Zealand		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, Dunedin, New Zealand, 1977		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?		
<i>N:</i>	92		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:*

- 1 Overall satisfaction
- 2 Overall dissatisfaction
  - a role ambiguity
  - b role conflict
  - c compliance pressure
  - d partners injustice
  - e partners dominance
  - f partners non-communication

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BK/cm/mq/v/5/c	mr=+.32	1 males r=+.28 (01) females r=+.38 (01)
	mr=-.38	2 males r=-.29 (05) females r=-.53 (01)
	mr=-.18	2a males r=-.18 (ns) females r=-.19 (ns)
	mr=-.31	2b males r=-.36 (01) females r=-.22 (ns)
	mr=-.45	2c males r=-.58 (01) females r=-.22 (ns)
	mr=-.44	2d males r=-.39 (01) females r=-.52 (01)
	mr=-.35	2e males r=-.44 (01) females r=-.18 (ns)
	mr=-.38	2f males r=-.33 (01) females r=-.46 (01)
		Mal es N=58 Femal es N=33

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<b>Study</b>	<b>LEE 1978</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	134
<i>Reported in:</i>	Lee, G.R. Marriage and morale in later life Journal of marriage and the family 1978 vol. 40 page 131-139		
<i>Population:</i>	60+ aged marrieds, Washington State USA, 1975		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability systematic sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	62%		
<i>N:</i>	439		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* A scale consisting of five items:  
a. If you had it to do over again, would you marry the same person?  
b. How satisfied are you with the love and affection you receive from your spouse?  
c. How satisfied are you with the amount of understanding of your problems and feelings that you get from your spouse?  
d. How satisfied are you with the amount of companionship you have doing things with your spouse?  
e. All things considered, how satisfied are you with your marriage overall?  
Each item was scored according to a five-point response set; responses were summed to create the scale. A high score indicates high marital satisfaction.

*Measured Values:* mean: males 21,7 females 21,0  
sd: males 3,3 females 4,2

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-ACO/u/mq/n/4/a	r=+.38 p<.01	males
	Beta=+.2	males beta controlled for -age -length of marriage -education -retired or not -self perceived health -satisfaction with standard of living
	r=+.52 p<.01	females

Beta=+.4      females  
beta controlled for  
-age  
-length of marriage  
-education  
-employment status  
-self perceived health  
-satisfaction with standard of living

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<b>Study</b>	<b>LEVIT 1986</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	314
<i>Reported in:</i>	Levitt, M.J.;Weber, R.A. and Clark, M. Social Network Relationships as Sources of Maternal Support and Well-being Developmental Psychology, Vol.22 no.3, 1986, p.310-316		
<i>Population:</i>	Mothers of 13-months infants, Florida, U.S.A., 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	20%		
<i>N:</i>	43		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Single direct question on quality of relationship with her husband ranging on a 5-point scale from (5)"very close and warm" to (1)"very cool and distant"

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a	r=+.43 p<. 01	
O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a	r=+.52 p<.01	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MAKAR 1962</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	108
<i>Reported in:</i>	Makarczyk, W. Factors affecting life satisfaction among people in Poland. Polish Sociological Bulletin, 1962, vol. 1, p. 105-116.		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, general public, students and peasants excluded, Poland, 1960		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	5%		
<i>N:</i>	2387		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Single question: do you regard your marriage as happy or unhappy ?  
very unhappy / unhappy / average / happy / very happy.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/a	T=.22 p<.001	Computed for marrieds only.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MARIN 1976</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	444
<i>Reported in:</i>	Marini, M.M. Dimensions of marriage happiness: A research note Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1976, p.443-448		
<i>Population:</i>	Married persons, metropolitan areas, USA, 1963		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	3934		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Direct question: "Taken all together, would you say that your marriage was very happy, pretty happy or not too happy?"
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa	G=+.75	

Study	MICHA 1982	Page in Report:	24
<i>Reported in:</i>	Michalos, A.C. The satisfaction and happiness of some senior citizens in rural Ontario Social Indicators Research, Vol 11, 1982, p.1-30		
<i>Population:</i>	60+ aged, rural townships, Southern Huron County, Ontario, Canada, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	37%		
<i>N:</i>	392		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question on relationship with husband or wife, rated on a 7-point scale
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
O-DT/c/sq/v/7/aa	Beta=+.0	All $\beta$ 's controlled for satisfaction with family life, friendships, financial security, self-esteem, health, transportation, recreation, housing, religion, area you live in, government services; and for sex, age, formal education. Males: N: 149 $\beta$ : +.12 Females: N: 121 $\beta$ : -.01 Farmer: N: 130 $\beta$ : -.01 Non-farmer: N: 141 $\beta$ : +.10 Aged 60-74: N: 170 $\beta$ : +.11 Aged 75-up: N: 102 $\beta$ : -.02
O-HL/u/sq/v/7/a	Beta=+.3	All $\beta$ 's are controlled for satisfaction with family life, friendships, financial security, self-esteem, health, transportation, recreation, housing, religion, area you live in, government services; and for sex, age and education. Males: N: 149 $\beta$ : +.23 Females: N: 121 $\beta$ : +.35 Farmers: N: 130 $\beta$ : +.23 Non-farmers: N: 141 $\beta$ : +.39 Age 60-74: N: 170 $\beta$ : +.36 Age 75-up: N: 102 $\beta$ : +.18

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<b>Study</b>	<b>MICHA 1986</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	360
<i>Reported in:</i>	Michalos, A. C. An application of Multiple Discrepancies Theory to seniors Social Indicators Research, vol. 18 (1986), p. 349-373		
<i>Population:</i>	60+ aged, rural districts, Canada, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	47%		
<i>N:</i>	457		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Closed question on satisfaction with relationship with spouse, rated on a 7-point scale. 1: terrible.. 7: delightful.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-DT/c/sq/v/7/aa	Beta=+.2 p<.01	$\beta$ controlled for self-esteem and satisfaction with: health, financial security, friendships, housing.
	Beta=+.2 p<.01	Males
	Beta=+.2 p<.01	Females
O-HL/u/sq/v/7/a	Beta=+.3 p<.01	$\beta$ controlled for self-esteem and satisfaction with: health, financial security, friendships, housing.
	Beta=+.3 p<.01	Males
	Beta=+.3 p<.01	Feemales



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<b>Study</b>	<b>MOSER 1969</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	18
<i>Reported in:</i>	Moser - Peters, C.M.J. Backgrounds of happiness feelings. (In Dutch: Achtergronden van geluksgevoel). Nederlands Instituut voor Preventieve Geneeskunde (NIPG/TNO)1969, Leiden, The Netherlands.		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, Utrecht, city, The Netherlands, 1967		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	14% unattainable etc.		
<i>N:</i>	300		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Question rated on a 5-point scale ranging from 'dissatisfied' to 'very satisfied'.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/c	$r=+.47$ $p<.s$	Computed for married Ss only. Unaffected by sex.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>NIPO 1949</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	3
<i>Reported in:</i>	N.I.P.O. The things that make people happy. (In Dutch: Wat de mensen gelukkig maakt.) De publieke opinie, 1949, vol. 3, p. 3-4.		
<i>Population:</i>	Adult, general public, The Netherlands, 1948		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	7%		
<i>N:</i>			

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HP/u/sq/v/3/a	G=+.39 p<.01	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PALIS 1983</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	535
<i>Reported in:</i>	Palisi, B. J. & Canning, C. Urbanism and Social Psychological Well-being: A Cross-Cultural Test of Three The Sociological Quarterly, 1983, Vol 24, p.527-543		
<i>Population:</i>	Males, metropolitan areas England, USA, Australia, 1977-1980		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	67 %		
<i>N:</i>	752 (London 226, L.A. 292, Sydney 234)		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* For-item index of closed questions on feelings about marriage and spouse. Items include: Being happy with the marriage, feeling that marriage is a series of disappointments, feeling that one would marry the same person again, and thinking one would be happier if married to another person.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-BB/cw/mq/v/2/a	r=+.27	London
	r=+.26	Los Angeles
	r=+.63	Sydney

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<b>Study</b>	<b>PHILI 1966</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	66
<i>Reported in:</i>	Philips Nederland, N.V. The Dutch housewife. (In Dutch: De Nederlandse huisvrouw). Eindhoven, 1966, Philips Nederland.		
<i>Population:</i>	Housewives, The Netherlands, 1964		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	450		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage	Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Closed question.	
<i>Measured Values:</i>		
<i>Error Estimates:</i>		
<i>Remarks:</i>		

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/5/a	r=+.44	

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<b>Study</b>	<b>RENNE 1970</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	63
<i>Reported in:</i>	Renne, K.S. Correlates of dissatisfaction in marriage. Journal of Marriage and the family, 1970, vol. 32, p. 54-67		
<i>Population:</i>	Marrieds, Alameda County, California, USA, 1965		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	26%		
<i>N:</i>	5163		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* 6-item index of closed questions on happiness in marriage, regrets about marriage, frequency of problems, seriously considered a divorce, understanding and affection.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/e	D%= +	Stronger among whites than among blacks. Among whites stronger in females than in males.

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<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	16
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Wish to have been a little older or younger when got married

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%= - p<. 05	48 % of the dissatisfied women and only 14 % of the satisfied women wish to have got married younger or older (sign.) Among males 15 % of the dissatisfied and 9 % of the satisfied wish they had been a little older when they got married (sign.) No difference in the proportion of males saying they wish they had married at a younger age

<b>Study</b>	<b>SCHUL 1985B</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	27,49,T53
<i>Reported in:</i>	Schulz, W.; Költringer, R.; Norden, G.; Tüchler, H. Lebensqualität in Österreich (Quality-of-life in Austria) Research paper nr 10/1, Institut für Soziologie, University of Vienna, Austria 1985		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, non-institutionalized, Austria, 1984		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?		
<i>N:</i>	1776		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Nine item index of direct questions on satisfaction with partner during the last 14 days. The summed scores were divided into 3 strata, i.e. low, medium, and high
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Ss with partner only.

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-AO/c/mq/*/0/a	r=+.30 p<.05 Beta=+.1 p<.05	Ss with partner only. β controlled for: Satisfaction with physical health, material satisfaction, satisfaction with selfrealisation, satisfaction with social involvement, satisfaction with work (positive), satisfaction with work (negative), and satisfaction with leisure time.
O-QL?/c/mq/v/5/a	Beta=+.1 p<.05	- All
	Beta=+.1	- with partner, with work
	Beta=+.2	- with partner, without work
	Beta=+.3	- Age < 25
	Beta=*	- Age 26-40
	Beta=*	- Age 41-59
	Beta= ns	- Age > 60
	Beta=+.2	- <6.000 income Austrian shill./month

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Beta=+.2	- 6.000-10.000
Beta=*	- 10.000-16.000
Beta=*	> 16.000

Beta=+.1	- monotonous work
Beta=+.1	- some selfcontrol
Beta=-.2	- much selfcontrol

$\beta$ 's controlled for satisfaction in six other domains of life (physical health, social involvement, income, selfrealization, work, leisure). \*=N too small.

Beta=+.2	Retired 60+ aged only. For the subgroup of retired $\beta$ was controlled for psychosomatic symptoms, satisfaction with health, and material satisfaction.
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Beta=+.2	Housewives, without work, aged <60 only. For the subgroup of housewives $\beta$ was controlled for contacts with relatives, professional status of husband, and two domain satisfactions (health and income).
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<b>Study</b>	<b>SEARS 1977A</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	40-62/4
<i>Reported in:</i>	Sears, P.S. & Barbee, A.H. Career and Life satisfactions among Terman's gifted women. Chapter 3 in: 'The Stanley, J.C., George, W.C. & Solano, C.H. (eds.) The Johns Hopkins Univ.Press Publ.1977, Baltimore and London, p.28-72		
<i>Population:</i>	"Gifted women" (IQ >135), followed 50 years, California, USA, 1921-72		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	Attrition in 1972: 25%		
<i>N:</i>	1928 N=671: 1972 N=430		

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**Measured Correlate**

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Marriage mentioned on an open question on satisfying aspects of life. a. in 1950 b. in 1960
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	Earlier satisfaction with marriage (1960) by present happiness (1972).

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**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a	AoV=+ p<.00	a.  Earlier satisfaction with marriage (1960) by present happiness (1972).

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<b>Study</b>	<b>SHICH 1984</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	234
<i>Reported in:</i>	Shichman, S.; Cooper, E. Life Satisfaction and Sex-Role Concept Sex Roles, Vol 11, 1984, p.227-240		
<i>Population:</i>	Adults, students and churchmembers, USA, 198?		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	5,9 %		
<i>N:</i>	217		

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**Measured Correlate**

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Single direct questions on both satisfaction and dissatisfaction with marriage.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

**Observed Relation with Happiness**

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/u/sq/v/4/a	r=+.27 p<.00	sati sfacti on
	r=-.29 p<.00	di ssati sfacti on

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1995</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	292
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet i Danmark.(Quality of Life in Denmark) Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190017		
<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: " How satisfied are you with your present relationship situation?" 1: very dissatisfied 2: dissatisfied 3: neither/nor 4: satisfied 5: very satisfied
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: 1:61, 2:127, 3:216, 4:476, 5:528
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.38 p<.00	1: Mt=5.25 2: Mt=6.71 3: Mt=7.26 4: Mt=7.83 5: Mt=8.53 All Mt=7.79
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.56 p<.00	1: Mt=4.35 2: Mt=5.49 3: Mt=5.98 4: Mt=6.80 5: Mt=8.19 All Mt=6.98
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.48 p<.00	1: Mt=4.39 2: Mt=6.09 3: Mt=6.69 4: Mt=7.54 5: Mt=8.39 All Mt=7.46

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1995</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	288
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet i Danmark.(Quality of Life in Denmark) Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190017		
<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How are your current relations with your present partner?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither good nor bad 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: 1:9, 2:26, 3:112, 4:335, 5:643
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.37 p<.00	1: Mt=4.16 2: Mt=5.75 3: Mt=6.83 4: Mt=7.61 5: Mt=8.43 All Mt=7.93
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.50 p<.00	1: Mt=3.61 2: Mt=4.90 3: Mt=5.56 4: Mt=6.66 5: Mt=7.93 All Mt=7.20
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.45 p<.00	1: Mt=3.89 2: Mt=4.53 3: Mt=6.31 4: Mt=7.26 5: Mt=8.24 All Mt=7.64

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	310
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: "How satisfied are you with your present relationship situation?" 1: very dissatisfied 2: dissatisfied 3: neither/nor 4: satisfied 5: very satisfied
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N: All:4559; %:1:5,6; 2:9,8; 3:13,4; 4:32,4; 5:38,8
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+.46 p<.00	1: Mt=5.50 2: Mt=6.31 3: Mt=6.83 4: Mt=7.74 5: Mt=8.76
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.61 p<.00	1: Mt=4.36 2: Mt=5.26 3: Mt=5.81 4: Mt=6.89 5: Mt=8.40
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.53 p<.00	1: Mt=4.71 2: Mt=5.70 3: Mt=6.45 4: Mt=7.41 5: Mt=8.61

<b>Study</b>	<b>VENTE 1996</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	306
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet hos 4500 31-33 årige (The Quality Of Life of 4500 31-33-year-olds) Forskningscenter for Livskvalitet, Forskningscentrets Forlag, København 1996, ISBN 8790190068		
<i>Population:</i>	Persons born at the University Hospital in Copenhagen 1959-1961		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	4500		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single question: How are your current relations with your present partner ?" 1: very bad 2: bad 3: neither/nor 4: good 5: very good
<i>Measured Values:</i>	N All:3848; %:1:1,2; 2:4,5; 3:8,9; 4:32,3; 5:53,1
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=+,44 p<.00	1: Mt=4.94 2: Mt=5.66 3: Mt=6.58 4: Mt=7.54 5: Mt=8.63
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=+.54 p<.00	1: Mt=4.09 2: Mt=4.93 3: Mt=5.54 4: Mt=6.73 5: Mt=8.20
O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.50 p<.00	1: Mt=4.04 2: Mt=5.04 3: Mt=6.00 4: Mt=7.25 5: Mt=8.45

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<b>Study</b>	<b>VEROF 1962</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	196
<i>Reported in:</i>	Veroff, J., Feld, S. & Gurin, G. Dimensions of subjective adjustment. Journal of Abnormal and Social Psychology, 1962, vol. 64, p. 192 - 205.		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, married, with children, USA, 1957		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	797		

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### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3

*Measurement:* Question: never / sometimes / all the time.

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/a	tb= + p<. 01	Mal es : $\_b = +.38$ (01) Femal es : $\_b = +.44$ (01)

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<b>Study</b>	<b>WESSM 1956</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	192
<i>Reported in:</i>	Wessman, A.E. A psychological inquiry into satisfaction and happiness Unpublished doctoral dissertation, 1956, Princeton University, U.S.A.		
<i>Population:</i>	21+ aged, general public, non-institutionalized, USA, 1946		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	-		
<i>N:</i>	2377		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Question whether one was happier when single: 0 No 1 Yes
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-HL/g/sq/v/3/c	G=+.39 p<.01	Computed for marrieds only



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<b>Study</b>	<b>YODER 1980</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	417
<i>Reported in:</i>	Yoder, J.D., Nichols, R.C. A life perspective comparison of married and divorced persons. Journal of Marriage and the Family, 1980, vol. 42, 413-419		
<i>Population:</i>	18+ aged, general public, widows excluded, Continental USA., 1976		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	1321		

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### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single direct question
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

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### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-H??/sq/?/0/a	r=+.48 p<.001	First married: Woman r=+. 53 Man    r=+. 40 Difference significant (05) Remarried     : Woman r=+. 54 Man    r=+. 45 Differences  Unmarrieds excluded.

<b>Study</b>	<b>ZEHNE 1977</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	112
<i>Reported in:</i>	Zehner, R.B. Indicators of the quality of life in new communities. Indicators of the quality of life in new communities. Ballinger Publishers, 1977, Cambridge, USA.		
<i>Population:</i>	Residents communities,planned and unplanned, USA, 1973		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>			
<i>N:</i>	planned;2596, unplanned;1298, total;3894		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Single closed direct question rated on a 7-point scale.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a	r=+.36 Beta=+.1	<p><math>\beta</math> controlled for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Socio-demographic variables: age, sex, education, marital status, family income, dwelling unit value, tenure, length of residence, number of children in the household.</li> <li>- Satisfaction with: standard of living, family life, use of leisure time, job, health, dwelling unit, housework, neighborhood, community.</li> </ul> <p>Unplanned communities are left out.</p>

Study	ZUMA 1989	Page in Report:
<i>Reported in:</i>	Zentrum fur Umfrageforschung MAnnheim (ZUMA) Wohlfahrtsurveys 1978,1980,1984,1988. Unpublished data-set. Especially prepared for the World Database of Happiness.	
<i>Population:</i>	18+ aged, general public, West-Germany, 1978-88	
<i>Sample:</i>		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	?	
<i>N:</i>	varies from about 2000 - 2300	

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Satisfaction with marriage Code: M 3.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Question : ' How satisfied are you with your marriage-partnership ?' 0 completely unsatisfied 10 completely satisfied.
<i>Measured Values:</i>	
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/b	SNR=	eta G r $\beta$
		1978 +. 33 +. 59 +. 30 +. 37 1980 1984 +. 45 +. 64 +. 43 +. 44 1988 +. 42 +. 68 +. 37 +. 42
		$\beta$ 's controlled for age, gender, perceived class and marital status.
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/b	SNR=	eta G r $\beta$
		1978 +. 41 +. 50 +. 40 +. 41 1980 1984 +. 45 +. 48 +. 44 +. 46 1988 +. 42 +. 48 +. 41 +. 41
		$\beta$ 's controlled for age, gender, perceived class and marital status.

<b>Study</b>	<b>LEE 1978</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	134
<i>Reported in:</i>	Lee, G.R. Marriage and morale in later life Journal of marriage and the family 1978 vol. 40 page 131-139		
<i>Population:</i>	60+ aged marrieds, Washington State USA, 1975		
<i>Sample:</i>	Probability systematic sample		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	62%		
<i>N:</i>	439		

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Length of current marriage Code: M 3.1.3.3
<i>Measurement:</i>	Length in years
<i>Measured Values:</i>	mean: males 37.3 females 37.6 sd: males 10.6 females 12.8
<i>Error Estimates:</i>	
<i>Remarks:</i>	

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
M-ACO/u/mq/n/4/a	r=.06 ns	males
	Beta=+.1	males beta controlled for -age -satisfaction with marriage -education -retired or not -self perceived health -satisfaction with standard of living
	r=+.00 ns	females
	Beta=-.0 p<	females beta controlled for -age -education -self perceived health -satisfaction with standard of living -marital satisfaction

Study	VENTE 1995	Page in Report:	294
<i>Reported in:</i>	Ventegodt, S. Livskvalitet i Danmark.(Quality of Life in Denmark) Forskningscentrets Forlag (The Quality of Life Research Center), København, Denmark, ISBN 8790190017		
<i>Population:</i>	18-88 aged, general public, Denmark, 1993		
<i>Sample:</i>	Non-probability purposive sample (unspecified)		
<i>Non-Response:</i>	39%		
<i>N:</i>	1494		

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Length of current marriage Code: M 3.1.3.3

*Measurement:* Single question:  
"How long have you been with your partner?"  
1: 0-1 years  
2: 1-2  
3: 2-3  
4: 3-5  
5: 5-10  
6: 10-25  
7: > 25

*Measured Values:* N: All: 3858; %:1:9,1, 2:5,9, 3:5,3, 4:9,1, 5:13,6, 6:28,0, 7:29,0

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

### Observed Relation with Happiness

Happiness Query	Statistics	Remarks
A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a	r=-.04 ns	1: Mt=8.38 2: Mt=7.76 3: Mt=7.74 4: Mt=7.66 5: Mt=7.94 6: Mt=8.08 7: Mt=7.74 All Mt=7.91
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	r=-.10 p<.00	1: Mt=7.64 2: Mt=7.73 3: Mt=7.38 4: Mt=7.00 5: Mt=7.08 6: Mt=7.23 7: Mt=6.98 All Mt=7.19

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O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e	r=+.01	ns	1: Mt=7.81
			2: Mt=7.58
			3: Mt=7.54
			4: Mt=7.26
			5: Mt=7.60
			6: Mt=7.71
			7: Mt=7.70
			All Mt=7.64

---

<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	16
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

---

### Measured Correlate

<i>Class:</i>	Age of marriage with current partner Code: M 3.1.3.4		
<i>Measurement:</i>	0: Under the age of 30 1: Later		
<i>Measured Values:</i>			
<i>Error Estimates:</i>			
<i>Remarks:</i>			

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%= - p<. 05	12 % of the dissatisfied and 7 % of the satisfied women married at 30 years of age or later (ns) No relationship among men

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<b>Study</b>	<b>ROSE 1955</b>	<i>Page in Report:</i>	16
<i>Reported in:</i>	Rose, A.M. Factors associated with the life satisfaction of middle class, middle aged persons. Marriage and Family Living, 1955, vol 17, p. 15-19.		
<i>Population:</i>	Married couples, middle aged, middle-class, USA, 1952		
<i>Sample:</i>			
<i>Non-Response:</i>	50 %		
<i>N:</i>	416		

---

### Measured Correlate

*Class:* Age of marriage with current partner Code: M 3.1.3.4

*Measurement:* 0: Under the age of 20  
1: Later

*Measured Values:*

*Error Estimates:*

*Remarks:*

---

### Observed Relation with Happiness

<i>Happiness Query</i>	<i>Statistics</i>	<i>Remarks</i>
O-SLu/g/sq/v/5/a	D%= + p<. 05	20 % of the relatively dissatisfied women and 6 % of the satisfied women married under the age of 20 (sign.) No relationship among men



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## **Appendix 1**      **Queries on Happiness used in reported Studies**

*Happiness Query Code*    *Full Text*

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A-AOL/m/sq/v/5/a

Single direct question:  
'How are you feeling now....?'

- 5 very good
- 4 good
- 3 neither good nor poor
- 2 poor
- 1 very poor

Original text in Danish:  
'Hvordan har du det for tiden?'

- 5 meget godt
- 4 godt
- 3 hverken godt eller dårligt
- 2 dårligt
- 1 meget dårligt

A-BB/cm/mq/v/2/a

Selfreport on 10 questions:

"During the past few weeks, did you ever feel ....?" (yes/no)

- A Particularly exited or interested in something?
- B So restless that you couldn't sit long in a chair?
- C Proud because someone complimented you on something you had done?
- D Very lonely or remote from other people?
- E Pleased about having accomplished something?
- F Bored?
- G On top of the world?
- H Depressed or very unhappy?
- I That things were going your way?
- J Upset because someone criticized you?

Answer options and scoring:

yes = 1

no = 0

Summation:

-Positive Affect Score (PAS): A+C+E+G+I

-Negative Affect Score (NAS): B+D+F+H+J

-Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range: -5 to +5

Name: Bradburn's 'Affect Balance Scale' (standard version)

A-BB/cw/mq/v/2/a

Selfreport on 10 questions:

"During the past week, did you ever feel.....?"

- A So restless that you could not sit long in a chair
- B Proud, because someone had complimented you
- C Very lonely or remote from people?

- D Pleased about having accomplished something
- E Bored
- F On top of the world?
- G Depressed
- H That things were going your way?
- I Upset because someone criticized you?
- J Could not do anything, simply because you could not start?

Answer options and scoring:

- yes = 1
- no = 0

Summation:

Positive Affect Score (PAS): summed scores on B,D F,H  
 Negative Affect Score (NAS): summed scores on A,C,E,G,I,J  
 Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range -6 to +4

Name: Bradburn's `Affect Balance Scale' (adapted version)

A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/b

Selfreport on 8 questions:

"During the past week, did you ever feel.....?"

- A Particularly interested in or excited about something
- B Pleased about having accomplished something
- C On top of the world
- D Pity for some people you know
- E Helpless, with no control over situations
- F Bored
- G Vaguely uneasy about something without knowing why
- H Angry about something that usually wouldn't bother you

Rating options:

- 0 never
- 1 once
- 2 several times
- 3 often

Summation: Factorially derived clusters:

A+B+C+D (Enhancement)

E+F+G+H (Discomfort)

Affect Balance Score: Enhancement minus Discomfort.

Possible range: + 16 to - 16

Name: Bradburn's `Affect Balance scale' (modified version)

A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/c

Selfreport on 8 questions:

" In the past few weeks did you ever feel.....?"

- A Pleased about having accomplished something
- B Upset because someone criticized you
- C Proud because someone complimented you on something you had done
- D That things are going your way
- E So restless you couldn't sit long in a chair
- F Unhappy or depressed
- G Particularly interested in something
- H Lonely and remote from other people

Response options:

- 0 not at all
- 1 sometimes
- 2 often
- 3 very often

Scoring: a = 0.....d = 3

Summation:

Positive Affect Score (PAS): summed scores on A, C, D, G

Negative Affect Score (NAS): summed scores on B, E, F, H

Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Name: Bradburn's Affect Balance Scale (variant)

A-BB/cw/mq/v/4/e

Selfreport on 9 questions:

"We are interested in the way people are feeling these days. The following list describes some of the ways people feel at different times. Please indicate how often you felt each way during the last week.

"How often last week did you feel ....?"

- A On the top of the world
- B Very lonely or remote from other people
- C Particularly excited or interested in something
- D Depressed or very unhappy
- E Pleased about having accomplished something
- F Bored
- G Proud because someone complimented you on something you had done
- H So restless you couldn't sit long in a chair
- I Vaguely uneasy about something without knowing why

Answer options:

- 0 not at all
- 1 once
- 2 several times
- 3 often

Summation:

Positive Affect Score (PAS): summed scores on A, C, E, G

Negative Affect Score (NAS): summed scores on B, D, F, H, I

Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range: -15 tot +12

A-BB/u/mq/v/3/a

Name: Bradburn's `Affect Balance Scale' (modified version)

Selfreport on 8 questions:

"Here is a list that describes some of the ways people feel at different times. How often do you feel each of these ways?"

- A Very lonely or remote from other people
- B Depressed or very unhappy
- C Bored
- D So restless you couldn't sit long in a chair
- E Vaguely uneasy about something without knowing why
- F On top of the world
- G Particularly excited or interested in something
- H Pleased about having accomplished something

Answer options:

- 0 never
- 1 sometimes
- 2 often

Summation:

Positive Affect Score (PAS): summed scores on F, G, H

Negative Affect Score (NAS): summed scores on A, B, C, D, E

Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range -10 to +6 (transformed to ridits (0 - 1))

A-BK/cm/mq/v/5/c

Name: Bradburn's `Affect Balance Scale' (modified version)

Selfreport on 96 questions:

#### SENTENCES

Each of the sentences below describe a FEELING. Mark HOW OFTEN you had that feeling during the past few weeks;

- A Nothing goes right with me
- B I feel close to people around me
- C I feel as though the best years of my life are over
- D I feel my life is on the right track
- E I feel loved and trusted
- F My work gives me a lot of pleasure
- G I don't like myself
- H I feel very tense
- I I feel life isn't worth living
- J I am content with myself
- K My past life is filled with failure
- L Everything I do seems worthwhile
- M I can't be bothered doing anything
- N I feel I can do whatever I want to

- 
- O I have lost interest in other people and don't care about them
  - P Everything is going right for me
  - Q I can express my feelings and emotions towards other people
  - R I'm easy going
  - S I seem to be left alone when I don't want to be
  - T I wish I could change some parts of my life
  - U I seem to have no real drive to do anything
  - V The future looks good
  - W I become very lonely
  - X I can concentrate well on what I'm doing
  - Y I feel out of place
  - Z I think clearly and creatively
  - AA I feel alone
  - AB I feel free and easy
  - AC I smile and laugh a lot
  - AD I feel things are going my way
  - AE The world seems a cold and impersonal place
  - AF I feel I've made a mess of things again
  - AG I feel like hiding away
  - AH I feel confident about decisions I make
  - AI I feel depressed for no apparent reason
  - AJ I feel other people like me
  - AK I feel like a failure
  - AL I feel I'm a complete person
  - AM I'm not sure I'm done the right thing
  - AN My future looks good
  - AO I'm making the most out of my life
  - AP Everything is going right for me
  - AQ I feel unimportant
  - AR I feel as though there must be something wrong with me
  - AS I don't feel like making the effort to do anything
  - AT I feel confident in my dealings with the opposite sex
  - AU I want to hurt those who have hurt me
  - AV The results I have obtained make my efforts worthwhile

#### ADJECTIVES

Each of the objectives below describe a FEELING. Mark HOW OFTEN you had that feeling during the past few weeks;

- A Confident
- B Hopeless
- C Pleasant
- D Insignificant
- E Discontented
- F Healthy
- G Dejected
- H Annoyed
- I Down
- J Glad
- K Glowing

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L Relaxed  
M Comfortable  
N Moody  
O Understood  
P Blue  
Q Miserable  
R Joyful  
S Tense  
T Insecure  
U Shaky  
V Satisfied  
W Safe  
X Successful  
Y Free  
Z Sad  
AA Good-natured  
AB Impatient  
AC Rejected  
AD Lively  
AE Frustrated  
AF Fearful  
AG Lonely  
AH Warm  
AI Contented  
AJ Good  
AK Secure  
AL Disappointed  
AM Understanding  
AN Depressed  
AO Low  
AP Calm  
AQ Unhappy  
AR Upset  
AS Empty  
AT Enthusiastic  
AU Happy  
AV Vibrant

Answer options:

- 0 not at all
- 1 occasionally
- 2 some of the time
- 3 often
- 4 all of the time

Summation:

- Positive Affect Score (PAS): mean positive items
- Negative Affect Score (NAS): mean negative items
- Affect Balance Score (ABS): PAS minus NAS

Possible range - 4 to +4

Selfreport on single question:

C-A/h/sq/v/3/a

C-ASG/h/mq/v/5/a

"How do you feel about what you have accomplished in life...?"  
 3 well satisfied  
 2 reasonable satisfied  
 1 dissatisfied:  
 Selfreport on 2 questions:

A. "How important was each of the following goals in life in the plans you made for yourself in early adulthood?"  
 - occupational success  
 - family life  
 - friendships  
 - richness of cultural life  
 - total service to society.  
 1 less important to me than to most people  
 2  
 3  
 4  
 5 of prime importance to me

B. "How successful have you been in the pursuit of these goals?"  
 1 little satisfaction in this area  
 2  
 3  
 4  
 5 had excellent fortune in this respect

Computation: General Satisfaction 5 is the quotient obtained by multiplying the planned goal (early adulthood) by the reported success in attaining that goal, adding the five of these multiplied areas and dividing them by the sum of the planned goals for each of the areas.

$$Pa.Sa + Pb.Sb + Pc.Sc + Pd.Sd + Pe.Se$$

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$$Pa + Pb + Pc + Pd + Pe$$

Pa = planned goal a (1-5)

Sa = success goal a (1-5)

M-ACO/u/mq/n/4/a

Selfreport on 6 questions:

- A On the whole, life gives me a lot of pleasure
- B On the whole, I am very satisfied with my life today
- C Things are getting just worse for me as I get older
- D All in all, I find a great deal of happiness today
- E I have a lot to be sad about
- F Nothing ever turn out for me the way I want it

Scoring

4 strongly agree

3

2

1 strongly disagree

---

M-AO/c/mq/*/0/a	<p>Computation: simple addition. Possible range 6-24</p> <p>Selfreport on 4 questions:</p> <p>A "For the past five years, how much have you accomplished of what you planned in your life?"</p> <p>B "How much are you satisfied with your life as a whole these days?"</p> <p>C "How much do you enjoy your life these days?"</p> <p>D "How happy have you been for the past five years?"</p>
M-FH/cm/sq/v/4/a	<p>Summation: simple average</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>".....happiness during past few weeks....."</p> <p>(Full lead not reported)</p> <p>4 very happy</p> <p>3</p> <p>2</p> <p>1 not too happy</p>
M-PL/c/rc/v/5/a	<p>Clinical rating by 4 experts on the basis of multi-method assessments during periodical stays in assesment center.</p> <p>Rater instruction:</p> <p>"To what extend does this person find pleasure in life at the present time.....?"</p> <p>1 low</p> <p>2</p> <p>3 average</p> <p>4</p> <p>5 high</p>
O-BW/c/sq/l/11/a	<p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"Here is a picture of a ladder. Suppose we say that the top of the ladder resrepresents the best possible life for you and the bottom represents the worst possible life for you. Where on the ladder do you feel you personally stand at the present time?"</p> <p>[ 10 ] best possible life</p> <p>[ 9 ]</p> <p>[ 8 ]</p> <p>[ 7 ]</p> <p>[ 6 ]</p> <p>[ 5 ]</p> <p>[ 4 ]</p> <p>[ 3 ]</p> <p>[ 2 ]</p> <p>[ 1 ]</p> <p>[ 0 ] worst possible life</p> <p>Preceded by 1) open questions about what the respondent imagines as the best possible life and the worst possible life. 2) ratings on the ladder of one's life five years ago and where on the ladder one expects to stand five years from now.</p>

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O-DT/c/sq/v/7/aa	<p>Name: Cantril's selfanchoring ladder rating of life (original) Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"How do you feel about your life as a whole right now.....?"</p> <p>7 delightfull 6 very satisfying 5 satisfying 4 mixed 3 dissatisfying 2 very dissatisfying 1 terrible No opinion</p>
O-DT/c/sq/v/7/b	<p>Name: Andrews &amp; Withey's `Delighted-Terrible Scale' ( modified version) Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"How do you feel about your life as a whole right now.....?"</p> <p>1 terrible 2 unhappy 3 mostly dissatisfied 4 mixed (about equally satisfied and dissatisfied) 5 mostly satisfied 6 pleased 7 delighted - neutral (neither satisfied nor dissatisfied) - I never thought about it - does not apply to me</p>
O-DT/u/sq/v/7/a	<p>Name: Andrews &amp; Withey's `Delighted-Terrible Scale' (modified version by Michalos) Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"How do you feel about your life as a whole.....?"</p> <p>7 delighted 6 pleased 5 mostly satisfied 4 mixed 3 mostly dissatisfied 2 unhappy 1 terrible</p>
O-DT/u/sq/v/10/a	<p>Name: Andrews &amp; Withey's `Delighted-Terrible Scale' (original version) Selfreport on single question asked twice in interview,</p> <p>"How do you feel about your life as a whole.....?"</p> <p>10 delightfull 9 8</p>

---

7  
6  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1 terrible

Summation: mean

Name: Andrews & Withey's `Delightful-Terrible Scale' (modified version)

O-DT/u/sqt/v/9/a

Selfreport on single question asked twice

'How do you feel about your life as a whole?'

1 terrible  
2 very unhappy  
3 unhappy  
4 mostly dissatisfied  
5 mixed feelings  
6 mostly satisfied  
7 pleased  
8 very pleased  
9 delighted

O-H?/?/sq/?/0/a

Selfreport on single question:

".....happiness....."  
(Full text not reported)

O-HL/c/sq/n/9/a

Selfreport on single question:

"Taken all things together, how would you say things are these days? Please put a circle around the appropriate number to indicate how happy you are these days.....?"

9 very happy  
8  
7  
6  
5 pretty happy  
4  
3  
2  
1 not too happy

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/aa

(originally rated on a horizontal scale)

Selfreport on single question:

'Taken all together, how would you say things are these days? Would you say that you are....?'

3 very happy  
2 pretty happy  
1 not too happy

O-HL/c/sq/v/3/ad

Selfreport on single question:

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O-HL/c/sq/v/3/e	<p>"Taking all things together, how would you say you are these days? Would you say you are.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/f	<p>"All in all, how happy are you these days.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/3/h	<p>"Considering everything that has happened to you recently, how would you say things are with you - would you say you are.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/4/b	<p>"How happy are you currently.....?"</p> <p>1 very happy 2 pretty happy 3 not too happy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/a	<p>" Is your life at this moment ....?"</p> <p>4 very happy 3 fairly happy 2 fairly unhappy 1 very unhappy</p> <p>In German: "Ist Ihr Leben im Augenblick....?"</p> <p>d sehr glücklich c ziemlich glücklich b ziemlich unglücklich a sehr unglücklich</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/c	<p>"Taking all things together in your life, how would you say things are these days? Would you say you are ....?"</p> <p>5 very happy 4 happy 3 neither happy nor unhappy 2 unhappy 1 very unhappy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>

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	<p>"Taking all things together, how would you say you are these days.....?"</p> <p>5 extremely happy 4 very happy 3 happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy</p>
	<p>In Dutch: "Hoe gelukkig voelt u zich alles bij elkaar genomen op het ogenblik?"</p> <p>e buitengewoon gelukkig d zeer gelukkig c gelukkig b tamelijk gelukkig a niet zo gelukkig</p>
O-HL/c/sq/v/5/h	Selfreport on single question
	<p>'How happy are you now?'</p> <p>5 very happy 4 happy 3 neither happy nor unhappy 2 unhappy 1 very unhappy</p>
	<p>Original text in Danish: 'Hvor lykkelig er du for tiden?'</p> <p>5 meget lykkelig 4 lykkelig 3 hverken eller 2 ullykkelig 1 meget ullykkelig</p>
O-HL/g/sq/v/3/c	Selfreport on single question:
	<p>"In general, how happy would you say you are.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 fairly happy 1 not too happy</p>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/a	Selfreport on single question:
	<p>"Taking all together: how happy would you say you are? Would you say you are.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not too happy</p>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/c	Selfreport on single question:
	<p>"Would you say:.....?"</p> <p>1 You are unhappy? 2 You are reasonably happy? 3 You are happy ?</p>
O-HL/u/sq/v/3/h	Selfreport on single question:

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O-HL/u/sq/v/5/a	<p>"Taken all together, how happy would you say you are? Are you.....?"</p> <p>3 very happy 2 pretty happy 1 not so happy</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HL/u/sq/v/7/a	<p>"How happy or unhappy do you think you are.....?"</p> <p>5 very happy 4 happy 3 moderately happy 2 fairly unhappy 1 very unhappy</p> <p>In Dutch: "Hoe gelukkig of ongelukkig vindt u zichzelf?"</p> <p>e heel gelukkig d gelukkig c matig gelukkig b tamelijk ongelukkig a erg ongelukkig</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p>
O-HP/g/sq/ol/7/a	<p>"Considering your life as a whole, would you describe it as.....?"</p> <p>1 very happy 2   unhappy 3 4 an even mixture of unhappiness and happiness 5   happy 6 7 very happy no opinion</p> <p>Selfreport on single question:</p> <p>"Generally speaking are you a happy person.....?"</p> <p>Responses were made on an open line scale, and were later coded in 7 categories:</p> <p>1 very unhappy 2 3 4 5 6 7 very happy.</p> <p>Original text in Dutch: "Bent u over het algemeen een gelukkig mens?"</p> <p>a zeer ongelukkig b</p>

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	c
	d
	e
	f
	g zeer gelukkig
O-HP/u/sq/v/3/a	Selfreport on single question:
	"Do you think of yourself as.....?"
	3 happy
	2 pretty happy
	1 unhappy?
	In Dutch:
	"Vindt u zichzelf ....."?
	c gelukkig
	b tamelijk gelukkig
	a ongelukkig
O-QL?/c/mq/v/5/a	Selfreport on 3 questions:
	A " When you consider your present life as-a-whole, would you say you are....?"
	5 very happy
	4 fairly happy
	3 rather happy than unhappy
	2 rather unhappy than happy
	1 very unhappy
	- DK/NA
	B " When you consider your present life as-a-whole, would you say you are.....?"
	5 very satisfied
	4 fairly satisfied
	3 rather satisfied than dissatisfied
	2 rather dissatisfied than satisfied
	1 fairly dissatisfied
	- DK/NA
	C " How do you feel right now? Is your well-being.....?"
	5 very high
	4 high
	3 moderate
	2 rather low
	1 very low
	- DK/NA
	Summation: The summed scores were divided in three strata: low, medium and high quality of life
	In German:
	A "Wenn Sie ihr Leben jetzt alles in allem betrachten, sind Sie.....?"
	e sehr glücklich

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- d ziemlich glücklich
- c eher glücklich
- b eher unglücklich
- a ziemlich unglücklich
- keine Angabe

- B "Wenn Sie ihr Leben jetzt in allem betrachten, sind Sie.....?"
- e sehr zufrieden
  - d ziemlich zufrieden
  - c eher zufrieden
  - b eher unzufrieden
  - a ziemlich unzufrieden
  - keine Angabe

- C "Wie wohl fühlen Sie sich derzeit? Ist Ihr Wohlbefinden.....?"
- e sehr gross
  - d gross
  - c mässig
  - b eher gering
  - a sehr gering
  - keine Angabe

O-SL?/?/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question:

- "..... satisfaction with life ....."  
 (full question not reported)
- 5 very satisfied
  - 4 satisfied
  - 3 don't know/satisfied
  - 2 don't know/not satisfied
  - 1 disappointed in life

O-SLS/c/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question:

- "Taking all things together ( the work you do, where you live, your way of life, the things you do for enjoyment, your health ) how would you say things are these days ...?"
- 1 very good
  - 2 pretty good
  - 3 so-so
  - 4 not too good
  - 5 not good at all

O-SLu/c/sq/v/5/e

Selfreport on single question:

- 'How satisfied are you with your life now?'
- 5 very satisfied
  - 2 satisfied
  - 3 neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
  - 2 dissatisfied
  - 1 very dissatisfied

Original text in Danish:  
 'Hvor tilfreds er du med dit liv for tiden?'

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	5 meget tilfreds 4 tilfreds 3 hverken tilfreds eller utilfreds 2 utilfreds 1 meget utilfreds
O-SLu/q/sq/v/5/a	Selfreport on single question:  "In general, how satisfied are you with your life.....?" 5 very satisfied 4 satisfied 3 average 2 somewhat dissatisfied 1 very dissatisfied
O-SLu/u/sq/v/4/a	Selfreport on single question:  "Overall, how satisfied are you with your life.....?" 4 very satisfied 3 satisfied 2 dissatisfied 1 very dissatisfied.
O-SLW/?/sq/v/3/b	Selfreport on single question:  ".....satisfaction with overall life....." (Full questions not reported) 3 very satisfied 2 fairly satisfied 1 not satisfied - NA
O-SLW/c/sq/l/7/a	Selfreport on single question:  "How satisfied are you with your life-as-a-whole these days.....?" 7 completely satisfied 6 5 4 3 2 1 completely dissatisfied
O-SLW/c/sq/n/11/b	Selfreport on single question;  "What do you think, how satisfied are you at this moment- all in all - with your life ?' 'If for instance you are totally satisfied with your life, please mark a '10'.If you are totally unsatisfied with your life, mark a '0'.If you are not completely unsatisfied nor totally satisfied range yourself somewhere between '1' and '9"  10 completely satisfied 9 8 7 6 5

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4  
3  
2  
1  
0 completely dissatisfied

Original text in German:

"Was meinen Sie, wie zufrieden sind Sie gegenwärtig - alles in allem - heute mit Ihrem Leben ? Wenn Sie zum Beispiel mit Ihrem Leben heute ganz und gar zufrieden sind, geben Sie bitte die '10' an. Wenn Sie mit Ihrem Leben heute ganz und gar unzufrieden sind, geben Sie '0' an. Wenn Sie weder ganz und gar zufrieden noch ganz und gar unzufrieden sind, dann ordnen Sie sich irgendwo zwischen '1' und '9' ein."

O-SLW/c/sq/n/7/a

Selfreport on single question:

"We have talked about various parts of your life, now I want to ask you about your life as a whole. How satisfied are you with your life as a whole these days.....?"

7 completely satisfied  
6  
5  
4 neutral  
3  
2  
1 completely dissatisfied

O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/a

Selfreport on single question:

"On the whole, are you satisfied with your life.....?"

5 definitely yes  
4 rather yes  
3 don't know  
2 rather no  
1 definitely no  
- no reply

O-SLW/u/sq/v/5/d

Selfreport on single question:

"Taking your life as a whole, are you ....."?

5 very satisfied  
4 quite satisfied  
3 more satisfied than discontented  
2 more discontented than satisfied  
1 quite dissatisfied

In German:

"Wenn Sie Ihr Leben jetzt alles in allem betrachten, sind Sie.....?"

5 sehr zufrieden  
4 ziemlich zufrieden  
3 eher zufrieden  
2 eher unzufrieden  
1 ziemlich unzufrieden

O-SLW/u/sq/v/6/a

Selfreport on single question:

"How satisfying are these different aspects of your life? Indicate the number which best suits your situation. Life as a whole is....."

- 1 very dissatisfying
- 2 dissatisfying
- 3 rather dissatisfying
- 4 rather satisfying
- 5 satisfying
- 6 very satisfying

This item was followed by eight questions on life domain satisfactions.

On the web you will find an overview of valid queries on happiness and an explanation of the classification used. Go to: [www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap\\_quer/hqi\\_fp.htm](http://www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_quer/hqi_fp.htm). This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Happiness Queries.

## Appendix 2 *Statistics used in reported studies*

<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Explanation</i>
AoV	<p>ANALYSIS of VARIANCE (ANOVA)            Type: statistical procedure            Measurement level: Correlate(s): nominal, Happiness: metric.            In an ANOVA, the total happiness variability, expressed as the sum of squares, is split into two or more parts, each of which is assigned to a source of variability. At least one of those sources is the variability of the correlate, in case there is only one, and always one other is the residual variability, which includes all unspecified influences on the happiness variable. Each sum of squares has its own number of degrees of freedom (df), which sum up to <math>N_e - 1</math> for the total variability. If a sum of squares (SS) is divided by its own number of df, a mean square (MS) is obtained. The ratio of two correctly selected mean squares has an F-distribution under the hypothesis that the corresponding association has a zero-value.</p> <p>NOTE: A significantly high F-value only indicates that, in case of a single correlate, the largest of the c mean values is systematically larger than the smallest one. Conclusions about the other pairs of means require the application of a Multiple Comparisons Procedure (see e.g. BONFERRONI's MULTIPLE COMPARISON TEST, DUNCAN's MULTIPLE RANGE TEST or STUDENT-NEWMAN-KEULS)</p>
B	<p>REGRESSION COEFFICIENT (non-standardized)            Type: test statistic            Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric            Theoretical range: unlimited</p> <p>Meaning:  <math>B &gt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating.  <math>B &lt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.  <math>B = 0</math> « not any correlation with the relevant correlate.</p>
Beta	<p>(<math>\beta</math>) STANDARDIZED REGRESSION COEFFICIENT            Type: test statistic.            Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness!: metric.            Range: [-1 ; +1]</p> <p>Meaning:  <math>\beta &gt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, higher happiness rating.  <math>\beta &lt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with, on an average, lower happiness rating.  <math>\beta = 0</math> « no correlation.  <math>\beta = + 1</math> or <math>-1</math> « perfect correlation.</p>
Chi <sup>2</sup>	<p>CHI-SQUARE            Type: test statistic            Range: [0; <math>N_e * (\min(c,r) - 1)</math>], where c and r are the number of columns and rows respectively in a cross tabulation of <math>N_e</math> sample elements.</p> <p>Meaning:</p>

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D%	<p>Chi<sup>2</sup> &lt;= (c-1) * (r-1) means: no association          Chi<sup>2</sup> &gt;&gt; (c-1) * (r-1) means: strong association  <b>DIFFERENCE in PERCENTAGES</b>          Type: descriptive statistic only.          Measurement level: Correlate level: dichotomous, but nominal or ordinal theoretically possible as well. Happiness level: dichotomous          Range: [-100; +100]</p>
DM	<p>Meaning: the difference of the percentages happy people at two correlate levels.  <b>DIFFERENCE of MEANS</b>          Type: descriptive statistic only.          Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness: metric          Range: depending on the happiness rating scale of the author; range symmetric about zero.</p>
DMr	<p>Meaning: the difference of the mean happiness, as measured on the author's rating scale, between the two correlate levels.  <b>DIFFERENCE IN MEAN RIDITS</b>          Type: test statistic          Measurement level: Happiness ordinal          Range: [0; +1]</p>
G	<p>Meaning:          Mr &lt; .50: average happiness in this subgroup lower than in the larger population          Mr = .50: average happiness in this subgroup the same as in the larger population          Mr &gt; .50: average happiness in this subgroup higher than in the larger population</p> <p>'Ridit analysis' compares the distribution of happiness scores in subgroups to its distribution in the entire sample ("Relative to an Identified Distribution")</p> <p>Testing for significance can be performed through a "BROSS Confidence Interval" (BCI). If all values the BCI for a subgroup are above/below 0.500, the subgroup is significantly more/less happy than the larger population.  <b>GOODMAN &amp; Kruskal's GAMMA</b>          Type: test statistic          Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness!: ordinal          Range: [-1; +1]</p>
mr	<p>Meaning:          G = 0 « no rank correlation          G = +1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness ratings.          G = -1 « strongest possible rank correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness ratings.</p> <p>Mean correlation coefficient (r).          For r, see PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION</p>
OR	<p><b>ODDS RATIO</b>          Type: descriptive statistic only.          Measurement level: Correlate: dichotomous, Happiness level: dichotomous          Range: nonnegative unlimited</p>

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r	<p>Meaning:  <math>r = 1</math> « no association at all;  <math>r = 0</math> or infinite « at least one level of the correlate allows an error-free prediction of the happiness.</p> <p>PRODUCT-MOMENT CORRELATION COEFFICIENT (Also 'Pearson's correlation coefficient' or simply 'correlation coefficient')</p> <p>Type: test statistic.  Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric  Range: [-1; +1]</p>
R <sup>2</sup>	<p>Meaning:  <math>r = 0</math> « no correlation ,  <math>r = 1</math> « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with high happiness values, and  <math>r = -1</math> « perfect correlation, where high correlate values correspond with low happiness values.</p> <p>COEFFICIENT of DETERMINATION</p> <p>Type: test statistic  Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness: metric  Range: [0; 1]</p>
Ra <sup>2</sup>	<p>Meaning:  <math>R^2 = 0</math> « no influence of any correlate in this study has been established.  <math>R^2 = 1</math> « the correlates determine the happiness completely.</p> <p>ADJUSTED COEFFICIENT OF MULTIPLE CORRELATION</p> <p>Type: descriptive statistic only  Measurement level: Correlates: all metric, Happiness: metric  Range: [0 ; 1]</p>
rpc	<p>Meaning:  <math>R_a = 0</math> « not any association  <math>R_a = 1</math> « strongest possible association</p> <p>PARTIAL CORRELATION COEFFICIENT</p> <p>Type: test statistic  Measurement level: Correlate: metric, Happiness: metric  Range: [-1; +1]</p>
rs	<p>Meaning: a partial correlation between happiness and one of the correlates is that correlation, which remains after accounting for the contribution of the other influences, or some of them, to the total variability in the happiness scores.  Under that conditions  <math>rpc &gt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with a higher happiness rating,  <math>rpc &lt; 0</math> « a higher correlate level corresponds with a lower happiness rating,</p> <p>SPEARMAN'S RANK CORRELATION COEFFICIENT</p> <p>Type: test statistic  Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness: ordinal.  Range: [-1; +1]</p>
	<p>Meaning:  <math>rs = 0</math> « no rank correlation</p>

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	rs = 1 « perfect rank correlation, where high correlate values are associated with high happiness ratings rs = -1 « perfect rank correlation, where high correlate values are associated with low happiness ratings
SNR	Statistic Not Reported
βL	PATH COEFFICIENT OBTAINED IN A LISREL MODEL. Range: unlimited, but seldom exceeds [-1, +1].
	In the Catalogue of Correlational Findings, this statistic or statistical procedure occurs very rarely only. The reader is referred to the excerpted publication for detailed information or for further reference.
T	TSCHUPROW'S T Type: test statistic. Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: ordinal Range: $[0 ; \sqrt{(\min(r,c)-1)/(\max(r,c)-1)}]$ , c and r being the numbers of columns resp. rows in a cross tabulation.  Meaning: T = 0 « no association T → 1 « strongest possible association.
tau	NOTE: sometimes the square value is reported instead ! GOODMAN & KRUSKAL'S TAU Type: descriptive statistic only. Measurement level: Correlate: nominal, Happiness: ordinal Range: [0; +1]  Meaning: tau = 0 « knowledge of the correlate value does not improve the prediction quality of the happiness rating. tau = 1 « knowledge of the correlate value enables a perfect (error-free) prediction of the happiness rating.
tb	KENDALL'S RANK CORRELATION COEFFICIENT TAU-B Type: test statistic Measurement level: Correlate: ordinal, Happiness: ordinal Range: [-1; +1]  Meaning: tb = 0 « no rank correlation tb = 1 « perfect rank correlation, where high values of the correlate correspond with high happiness ratings. tb = -1 « perfect rank correlation, where high values of the correlate correspond with low happiness ratings.

On the web you will find a text explaining the statistics used in more detail. Go to: [www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap\\_cor/cor\\_fp.htm](http://www.eur.nl/fsw/research/happiness/hap_cor/cor_fp.htm). This is the introductory text to the Catalog of Correlational Findings. An overview of all statistics is in chapter 4.

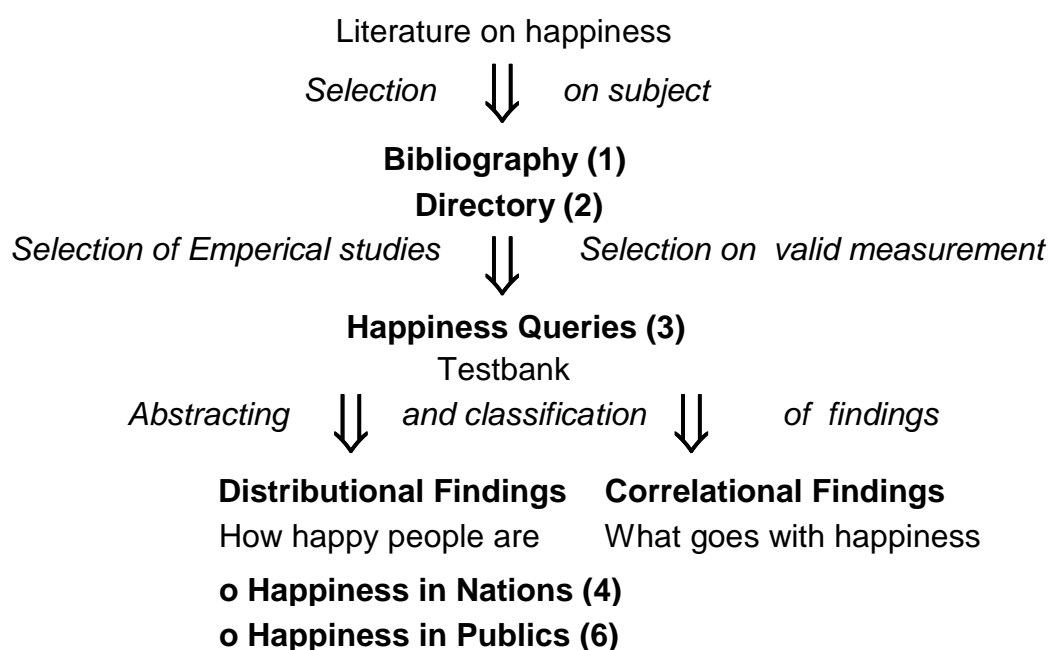
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## **Appendix 3: About the World Database of Happiness**

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The World Database of Happiness is an ongoing register of scientific research on subjective appreciation of life. It brings together findings that are scattered throughout many studies and provides a basis for synthetic analysis. The research literature is processed as follows:

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- 1    **BIBLIOGRAPHY OF HAPPINESS** Presents all contemporary scientific publications. Detailed subject-classification. Current contents: 3422 titles, mainly in English.
  - 2    **DIRECTORY OF INVESTIGATORS** Names and addresses of most authors on the subject. Enumerates years of publication. Current contents: 5818 names and 3073 addresses. Part of Bibliography.
  - 3    **CATALOG OF HAPPINESS QUERIES (testbank)** Presents all indicators that tap happiness as defined here. Current content: 522 measures, mostly single questions. Queries are classified by focus, time reference, mode of observation, rating and wording.
  - 4    **CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN NATIONS** Presents distributional research findings, in particular responses to questions on happiness in national survey studies. Allows comparison across time and nations. Current content: 1889 surveys in 112 nations, 1946-2000.
  - 5    **CATALOG OF HAPPINESS IN PUBLICS** Distributional findings on happiness in special publics within nations, such as aged people. Current contents: 705 studies. Part of Catalog of Correlational Findings.
  - 6    **CATALOG OF CORRELATIONAL FINDINGS** Presents abstracts of correlational research findings. Detailed subject-classification. Allows comparison through time and across nations. Current contents: 7476 findings from 705 studies in 140 nations, 1911-2000.
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## **Appendix 4 Further Findings in the World Database of Happiness**

<i>Main Category's</i>	<i>Category Name</i>	<i>Number of Studies in this Category</i>
A 1	ACTIVITY LEVEL (how much one does)	53
A 2	ACTIVITY PATTERN (what one does)	7
A 3	AFFECTIVE LIFE	31
A 4	AGE	279
A 5	AGGRESSION	11
A 6	ANOMY	30
A 7	APPEARANCE (good looks)	8
A 8	ATTITUDES	4
A 9	AUTHORITARIANISM	4
B 3	BODY	66
C 1	CHILDREN 1:	4
C 10	CREATIVENESS	6
C 11	CULTURE (Arts and Sciences)	6
C 2	CHILDREN: WANT FOR (Parental aspirations)	6
C 3	CHILDREN: HAVING (parental status)	145
C 4	CHILDREN's CHARACTERISTICS	19
C 5	CHILDREN: RELATION WITH	8
C 6	CHILDREN: REARING (parental behavior)	11
C 7	COMMUNAL LIVING	1
C 8	CONCERNS	15
C 9	COPING	27
D 1	DAILY JOYS & HASSLES	4
E 1	EDUCATION	243
E 2	EMPLOYMENT	180
E 3	ETHNICITY	63
E 4	EXPRESSIVE BEHAVIOR	10
F 1	FAMILY OF ORIGIN (earlier family for adults, current for young)	195
F 2	FAMILY OF PROCREATION	42
F 3	FAMILY OF RELATIVES	145
F 4	FARMING	30
F 5	FREEDOM	24
F 6	FRIENDSHIP	123
G 1	GENDER	252
G 2	GRIEF	1
H 10	HOPE	3
H 11	HOUSEHOLD: COMPOSITION	90
H 12	HOUSEHOLD: WORK	10
H 13	HOUSING	75
H 2	HANDICAP	13



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H 3	HAPPINESS: ATTITUDES	39
H 5	HAPPINESS CAREER	144
H 6	HAPPINESS: CURRENT LEVEL	260
H 8	HEALTH-BEHAVIOR	15
H 9	HELPING	4
I 1	INCOME	415
I 2	INSTITUTIONAL LIVING	28
I 3	INTELLIGENCE	63
I 4	INTERESTS	5
I 5	INTERVIEW	49
I 6	INTIMACY	70
L 1	LANGUAGE	1
L 10	LOCAL ENVIRONMENT	270
L 11	LOTTERY	7
L 12	LOVE-LIFE	26
L 2	LEADERSHIP	8
L 3	LEISURE	128
L 4	LIFE APPRAISALS: OTHER THAN HAPPINESS4	290
L 5	LIFE-CHANGE	26
L 6	LIFE-EVENTS	63
L 7	LIFE-GOALS	52
L 8	LIFE HISTORY	1
L 9	LIFE STYLE	4
M 1	MARRIAGE: MARITAL STATUS CAREER	32
M 10	MIGRATION: MIGRANT WORK	3
M 11	MILITARY LIFE	5
M 12	MODERNITY	5
M 13	MOOD	181
M 2	MARRIAGE: CURRENT MARITAL STATUS	315
M 3	MARRIAGE: RELATIONSHIP	99
M 4	MARRIAGE: PARTNER	34
M 5	MEANING	18
M 6	MEDICAL TREATMENT	49
M 7	MENTAL HEALTH	99
M 8	MIGRATION: OTHER COUNTRY	9
M 9	MIGRATION: MOVING WITHIN COUNTRY (residential mobility)	17
N 1	NATIONALITY	5
N 2	NATION: TIME & PLACE	20
N 3	NATIONAL CHARACTER (modal personality)	2
N 4	NATION'S CONDITION	52
N 6	ATTITUDES TO THE NATION	111
N 7	LIVABILITY OF THE NATION	5
N 8	NUTRITION	18
O 1	OCCUPATION	133

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O 2	ORGAN TRANSPLANTATION	11
P 1	PERSONALITY: HISTORY	44
P 10	POSSESSIONS	26
P 12	PROBLEMS	20
P 13	PSYCHO-SOMATIC COMPLAINTS	53
P 2	PERSONALITY: CHANGE	7
P 3	PERSONALITY: CURRENT ORGANIZATION	7
P 4	PERSONALITY: CURRENT TRAITS	392
P 5	PERSONALITY: LATER	23
P 6	PHYSICAL HEALTH	286
P 7	PLANNING	7
P 8	POLITICS	197
P 9	POPULARITY	22
R 1	RELIGION	198
R 2	RESOURCES	8
R 3	RETIREMENT	46
R 4	ROLES	13
S 1	SCHOOL	92
S 10	SOCIAL SUPPORT: RECEIVED	26
S 11	SOCIAL SUPPORT: Provided	3
S 12	SPORTS	32
S 13	STIMULANTS	33
S 14	SUICIDE	4
S 15	SUMMED EFFECTS ON HAPPINESS	71
S 2	SELF-IMAGE	193
S 3	SEX-LIFE	54
S 4	SLEEP	10
S 5	SOCIAL MOBILITY	16
S 6	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: PERSONAL CONTACTS	50
S 7	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: VOLUNTARY ASSOCIATIONS	111
S 8	SOCIAL PARTICIPATION: TOTAL (personal + associations)	25
S 9	SOCIAL STATUS (Socio-Economic Status)	140
T 1	TIME	27
T 2	THERAPY	9
T 3	TOLERANCE	37
V 1	VALUE CAREER	8
V 2	VALUES: CURRENT PREFERENCES (own)	49
V 3	VALUES: CLIMATE (current values in environment)	4
V 4	VALUES: SIMILARITY (current fit with others)	5
V 5	VICTIM	11
W 1	WAR	5
W 2	WORK CAREER	1
W 3	WORK CONDITIONS	34
W 4	WORK-ATTITUDES	313

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W 5	WORK-PERFORMANCE (current)	6
W 6	WORRIES	27
X	UNCLASSIFIED	22

## Appendix 5 Related Topics

### *This Topic*

*Classification Page 1*

### *Related Topics*

*In Subject List on Appendix 4*

M 3	MARRIAGE: RELATIONSHIP	I 6	INTIMACY
		L 11	LOTTERY
		S 3	SEX-LIFE
M 3.1	Relationship career	M 1	MARRIAGE: MARITAL STATUS CAREER
M 3.1.1	Earlier marriage relationship(s)	M 1.1.2.3	. ever remarried
M 3.1.1.1	. characteristics of earlier marriage-relationship(s)		
M 3.1.1.2	. satisfaction with earlier marriage-relationship(s)	M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage
M 3.1.2	Change in marriage relationship	T 2.2.3	Effects of family-marriage therapy
M 3.1.2.1	. change in characteristics of marriage		
M 3.1.2.2	. change in satisfaction with marriage	M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage
M 3.1.3	History of current marriage		
M 3.1.3.1	. earlier characteristics of current marriage-relationship		
M 3.1.3.2	. earlier satisfaction with current marriage-relationship	M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage
M 3.1.3.3	Length of current marriage		
M 3.1.3.4	Age of marriage with current partner		
M 3.1.4	Later marriage		
M 3.1.4.1	. characteristics of later marriage-relationship(s)		
M 3.1.4.2	. satisfaction with later marriage-relationship(s)	M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage
M 3.2	Current characteristics of marriage-relationship		
M 3.2.1	Heterogeneity of marriage-partners		SOCIAL HOMOGENEITY
M 3.2.2	Intimacy with spouse	I 6	INTIMACY
M 3.2.3	Monogamy of relationship		
M 3.2.3.1	. polygamous marriage (vs monogamous)		
M 3.2.3.2	. conjugal fidelity	S 3.2.3	Sexual monogamy
M 3.2.4	Mutual support	M 4.3.1	Support by spouse
		S 10	SOCIAL SUPPORT: RECEIVED

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		S 11	SOCIAL SUPPORT: Provided
M 3.2.5	Shared activities	L 3.3.2	Specific leisure activities
M 3.2.6	Tensions in relationship	M 3.1.3.1	. earlier characteristics of current marriage-relationship
M 3.3	Attitudes to current marriage-relationship		
M 3.3.1	Concern about marriage relationship	P 12.2.2.2	. problems with family\marriage
		W 6.2.2	Specific worries
M 3.3.2	Self-perceived adequacy in marriage	S 2.2.1	Self-perceived ability
M 3.3.3	Satisfaction with marriage	M 3.1.1.2	. satisfaction with earlier marriage-relationship(s)
		M 3.1.4.2	. satisfaction with later marriage-relationship(s)

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**End of Report**