Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift

Growth Hormone Treatment in Children with Prader-Willi Syndrome From infancy to adulthood

- 1. HCG treatment results in an anatomically lower testis position in most boys with Prader-Willi syndrome (PWS). (this thesis)
- 2. Growth hormone (GH) treatment is a potent force for counteracting the clinical course of obesity in children with PWS. (this thesis)
- 3. Bone mineral density remains stable in prepubertal children with PWS, but decreases during adolescence due to incomplete pubertal development. (this thesis)
- 4. The disrupted correlation between immunoreactive IGF-I levels and IGF-bioactivity makes immunoreactive IGF-I levels an inappropriate indicator of GH dosing in children with PWS. (this thesis)
- 5. Children with PWS consider themselves quite happy. (this thesis)
- 6. Ceasing GH treatment leads to a significant increase in body fat and a marked exacerbation of behavioral problems in children with PWS. (B. Böhm et al., Acta Paediatr. 2015)
- 7. Satiety is greater and ad libitum test meal intake lower after consuming oatmeal than after corn flakes, especially in the overweight subjects. (A. Geliebter et al., Ann Nutr Metab. 2015)
- 8. De Nederlandse burger krijgt de beste zorg van heel Europa. (A. Björnberg, Euro Health Consumer Index Report. 2014)
- 9. The repetition of knitting can trigger a relaxation response that contributes to a decrease in heart rate, blood pressure, and muscle tension. (L.R. Dittrich, Acad Med. 2001)
- 10. If you see something good, give a compliment. If you see something wrong, offer your help.(N. Mandela)
- 11. Difficilia quae pulchra. (D. Erasmus, Adagia 1012)