

Propositions accompanying to the thesis:

Nutrition and disease in childhood: A window of opportunity?

1. The association between early introduction of complementary feeding and maternal educational level is only present in mothers of Western origin (This thesis).
2. The timing of introduction of allergenic foods is not associated with wheezing and eczema (This thesis).
3. Breastfeeding duration and the timing of gluten introduction is not associated with celiac disease (This thesis).
4. The effect of breastfeeding to reduce respiratory tract infections persist in early childhood (This thesis).
5. A Western diet is associated with respiratory symptoms in early childhood (This thesis).
6. Improving the quality of food parcels by Dutch food banks is likely to positively impact the dietary intake of a vulnerable population subgroup (J.E. Neter, Br J Nutr 2016;116(3):526-33).
7. Cartoon media character such as Dora or SpongeBob SquarePants can positively increase children's fruit or vegetable intake (V.I. Kraak, Obes Rev 2015;16(2):107-26).
8. Preventive medications for pediatric migraine is no more effective than placebo (S.W. Powers, N Engl J Med 2017;376(2):115-124).
9. Symptoms of depression in medical students can be difficult to distinguish from the effects of the stress inherent in student life (J.M. Rosenthal, N Engl J Med 2005;353:1085-1088).
10. Institutional tuition fees for second degree programmes discourages ambitious and talented students.
11. There is no magic to achievement. It's really about hard work, choices, and persistence (Michelle Obama).